

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)

3 SENATE BILL 888

By: Seifried

4
5
6 AS INTRODUCED

7 An Act relating to digital assets; amending Section
8 2, Chapter 296, O.S.L. 2024 (75A O.S. Supp. 2024,
9 Section 100), which relates to definitions; updating
10 statutory reference; defining terms; and providing an
11 effective date.

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

13 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY Section 2, Chapter 296, O.S.L.
14 2024 (75A O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 100), is amended to read as
15 follows:

16 Section 100. As used in this ~~act~~ section:

17 1. "Blockchain" means data that is shared across a network to
18 create a ledger of verified transactions or information among
19 network participants linked using cryptography to maintain the
20 integrity of the ledger and to execute other functions and
21 distributed among network participants in an automated fashion to
22 concurrently update network participants on the state of the ledger
23 and any other functions;

1 2. "Blockchain protocol" means any executable software deployed
2 to a blockchain composed of source code that is publicly available
3 and accessible, including a smart contract or any network of smart
4 contracts;

5 3. "Digital asset" means virtual currency, cryptocurrencies,
6 natively electronic assets, including stablecoins and non-fungible
7 tokens, and other digital-only assets that confer economic,
8 proprietary, or access rights or powers;

9 4. "Digital asset mining" means using electricity to power a
10 computer or node for the purpose of securing a blockchain network;

11 5. "Digital asset mining business" means a group of computers
12 working that consume more than one (1) megawatt of energy for the
13 purpose of securing a blockchain protocol;

14 6. "Discriminatory rates" means electricity rates substantially
15 higher from other industrial uses of electricity in similar
16 geographic areas;

17 7. "Exchange-traded product" means any financial instrument
18 that is approved by the United States Securities and Exchange
19 Commission, the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
20 or the Oklahoma Department of Securities and is traded on a U.S.-
21 regulated exchange and derives its value from an underlying pool of
22 assets, including stocks, bonds, commodities, or indexes;

23 8. "Home digital asset mining" means using digital asset mining
24 in an area zoned for residential use;

1 ~~8.~~ 9. "Node" means a computational device which contains and
2 updates a copy of a blockchain;

3 ~~9.~~ 10. "Precious metal" means the following, whether in coin,
4 bullion, or other form:

5 a. silver,

6 b. gold, or

7 c. platinum;

8 11. "Private key" means a unique element of cryptographic data
9 used for signing transactions on a blockchain and known to the owner
10 of the unique element;

11 12. "Secure custody solution" means a technological product or
12 blended product and service which has the following characteristics:

13 a. the cryptographic private keys that secure digital
14 assets are exclusively known by and accessible to a
15 government entity,

16 b. the cryptographic private keys that secure digital
17 assets are exclusively contained within an encrypted
18 environment and accessible only via end-to-end
19 encrypted channels,

20 c. the cryptographic private keys that secure digital
21 assets are not contained by, accessible by, or
22 controllable through the use of a smartphone,

23 d. any hardware that contains the cryptographic private
24 keys that secure digital assets is maintained in at

1 least two geographically diversified and specially
2 designated secure data centers,

3 e. the enforcement of a multi-party governance structure
4 for authorizing transactions, enforcing user access
5 controls, and logging all user-initiated actions,

6 f. the provider of the secure custody solution has
7 implemented a disaster recovery protocol to ensure
8 customer access to assets in the event the provider is
9 unavailable, and

10 g. the performance of regular code audits and penetration
11 testing from audit firms, and prompt remediation of
12 identified vulnerabilities;

13 13. "Self-hosted wallet" means a digital interface used to
14 secure and transfer digital assets and under which the owner of the
15 digital asset retains independent control over the digital assets
16 that are secured by such digital interface;

17 14. "Stablecoin" means a digital asset that is issued by a
18 corporation and is backed by United States dollars or high-quality
19 liquid assets and is redeemable on demand by the holder at par for a
20 fixed monetary value in equivalent United States dollars;

21 ~~10.~~ 15. "Hardware wallet" means a physical device that is not
22 continuously connected to the Internet and allows an individual to
23 secure and transfer digital assets and under which the owner of the
24 digital assets retains independent control over the digital assets;

1 ~~11.~~ 16. "Staking" means the act of committing digital assets
2 for a period of time to validate and secure a specific blockchain
3 protocol; ~~and~~

4 ~~12.~~ 17. "Staking as a service" means the provision of technical
5 staking services, including the operation of nodes and the
6 associated infrastructure, necessary to facilitate participation in
7 blockchain protocols' consensus mechanisms; and

8 18. "Qualified custodian" means any federal or state-chartered
9 bank, trust company, or special purpose depository institution or a
10 company regulated by the state which provides storage for digital
11 assets for an approved exchange-traded product.

12 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

13
14 60-1-983 CN 1/19/2025 5:45:18 AM
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25