1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION	
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA	
3	2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)	
4 5	HOUSE BILL 3073 By: Talley, Randleman, Bush, Miller, and Echols of the	
_	House	
6	and	
7	Rader of the Senate	
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10	AS INTRODUCED	
11	An Act relating to public health and safety; amending 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-101, which relates to	
12	definitions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act; defining palliative care; amending 63	
13	O.S. 2021, Section 2-309I, which relates to the Anti- Drug Diversion Act; adding an exception; providing	
14	statutory reference; and declaring an emergency.	
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:	
18	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-101, is	
19	amended to read as follows:	
20	Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous	
21	Substances Act:	
22	1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled	
23	dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or	
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1 any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research
2 subject by:

a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the
practitioner, by the authorized agent of the
practitioner), or

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b. the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner;

"Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on 2. 8 9 behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and 10 Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes, 11 12 dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes 13 controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or 14 contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person 15 required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 16 Substances Act;

17 3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the18 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

19 4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
 20 Dangerous Drugs Control;

5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; 6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the
 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

3 7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a
4 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled
5 Dangerous Substances Act;

8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or
immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform
Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or
immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a
federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and
federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a
substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which,
or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears
the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint,
number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,
distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact
manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

19 10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or 20 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled 21 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is 22 an agency relationship;

23 11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous
24 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or

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pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution. "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

6 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering7 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

8 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the 9 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous 10 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the 11 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State 12 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

13 14. "Drug" means articles:

- a. recognized in the official United States Pharmacopeia,
 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
 States, or official National Formulary, or any
 supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other
 animals,
- c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or
 any function of the body of man or other animals, and
 d. intended for use as a component of any article
 specified in this paragraph;

1 provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their
2 components, parts or accessories;

"Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a 3 15. 4 controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or 5 physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug 6 7 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous 8 9 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the 10 discomfort of its absence;

11 16. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship, 12 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which 13 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or 14 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place 15 of residence;

16 17. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care 17 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee; 18 18. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or for-19 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides 20 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill 21 patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a 22 centrally administered, nonprofit or for-profit, medically directed, 23 nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to 24 the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act.

1 A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the 2 special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness 3 4 and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twenty-5 four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice 6 7 refers to Medicare-certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all 8 other providers of hospice services;

9 19. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit 10 11 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, 12 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a 13 controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the 14 dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the 15 substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or 16 authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other 17 factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" 18 in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled 19 substance":

- 20a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in21control of the substance concerning the nature of the22substance, or its use or effect,
- b. statements made to the recipient that the substance
 may be resold for inordinate profit,

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- c. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally
 used for illicit controlled substances,
- d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or
 person in control of the substance to avoid detection
 by law enforcement authorities,
- e. prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other
 person in control of the object, under state or
 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud,
 and
- 10 f. the proximity of the substances to controlled
 11 dangerous substances;

"Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director 12 20. 13 has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal 14 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is 15 an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in 16 the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of 17 which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture; 18 21. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as 19 proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous 20 substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for 21 scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction; 22 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, 22. 23 propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous 24 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from

substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

7 23. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa
8 L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted
9 from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt,
10 derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or
11 resin, but shall not include:

- 12 a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from13 such stalks,
- b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,
 including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the
 marijuana plant,
- c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol
 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
- d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable
 of germination,

e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe

forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this title, a drug or substance approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for use by those participants,

5 f. for any person or the parents, legal quardians or caretakers of the person who have received a written 6 7 certification from a physician licensed in this state that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as 8 9 having Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome, also 10 known as severe myoclonic epilepsy of infancy, or any 11 other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately 12 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity 13 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia, 14 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation 15 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance 16 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in 17 the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation 18 thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration 19 of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)20 and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a 21 liquid,

> g. any federal Food-and-Drug-Administration-approved drug or substance, or

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h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and
any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a
delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more
than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry
weight basis which shall only be grown pursuant to the
Oklahoma Industrial Hemp Program and may be shipped
intrastate and interstate;

8 24. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a 9 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for 10 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in 11 violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of 12 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

13 25. "Mid-level practitioner" means an Advanced Practice 14 Registered Nurse as defined and within parameters specified in 15 Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified 16 animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by 18 the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control 19 under subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the 20 parameters of such officer's duties under Sections 501 through 508 21 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

22 26. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether
23 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of

1	vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis,	
2	or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:	
3	a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,	
4	b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or	
5	preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,	
6	c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and	
7	salts of isomers,	
8	d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and	
9	salts of isomers, and	
10	e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,	
11	derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically	
12	identical with any of the substances referred to in	
13	subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except	
14	that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-	
15	101 et seq. of this title shall not include	
16	decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves,	
17	which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;	
18	27. "Opiate" or "opioid" means any Schedule II, III, IV or V	
19	substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining	
20	liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a	
21	drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining	
22	liability. The terms do not include, unless specifically designated	
23	as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act,	
24	the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its	

1	salts (dextromethorphan). The terms do include the racemic and	
2	levorotatory forms;	
3	28. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver	
4	somniferum L., except the seeds thereof;	
5	29. "Palliative care" means patient-centered and family-focused	
6	medical care that optimizes quality of life by anticipating,	
7	preventing, and treating suffering caused by a medical illness or a	
8	physical injury or condition that substantially affects the quality	
9	of life of a patient. Palliative care includes, but is not limited	
10	to:	
11	a. addressing physical, emotional, social, and spiritual	
12	needs,	
13	b. facilitating patient autonomy and choice of care,	
14	<u>c.</u> providing access to information,	
15	d. discussing the goals of treatment for the patient and	
16	treatment options including, when appropriate, hospice	
17	care, and	
18	e. managing pain and symptoms comprehensively.	
19	Palliative care does not always include a requirement for	
20	hospice care or attention to spiritual needs;	
21	30. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy	
22	sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the	
23	Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or	
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1 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state 2 or of the United States; 30. 31. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government 3 4 or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, 5 trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity; 6 "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the 31. 32. 7 opium poppy, after mowing; 32. 33. "Practitioner" means: 8 9 a. (1)a medical doctor or osteopathic physician, 10 (2) a dentist, 11 (3) a podiatrist, 12 (4) an optometrist, 13 (5) a veterinarian, 14 a physician assistant or Advanced Practice (6) 15 Registered Nurse under the supervision of a 16 licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician, 17 (7)a scientific investigator, or 18 any other person, (8) 19 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to 20 prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with 21 respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer 22 a controlled dangerous substance in the course of 23 professional practice or research in this state, or 24

1 b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution 2 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect 3 to, use for scientific purposes or administer a 4 5 controlled dangerous substance in the course of 6 professional practice or research in this state; 7 33. 34. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous 8 9 substance;

10 <u>34.</u> <u>35.</u> "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state 11 of the United States;

12 35. 36. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a 13 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the 14 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to 15 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's 16 household;

17 36. <u>37.</u> "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and 18 materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned 19 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 20 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 21 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, 22 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or 23 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous

substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

- kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically 3 a. 4 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing 5 or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance or from which a 6 7 controlled dangerous substance can be derived, b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically 8 9 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, 10 producing, processing or preparing controlled 11 dangerous substances, 12 isomerization devices used, intended for use, or с. 13 fashioned specifically for use in increasing the 14 potency of any species of plant which is a controlled 15 dangerous substance, 16 d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned 17 specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing 18 the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled 19 dangerous substances, 20 scales and balances used, intended for use, or e. 21 fashioned specifically for use in weighing or
- f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine
 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and

measuring controlled dangerous substances,

- lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous
 substances,
- g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or
 fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and
 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining,
 marijuana,
- h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices
 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
 use in compounding controlled dangerous substances,
- i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers
 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
 use in packaging small quantities of controlled
 dangerous substances,
- j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,
 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally
 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the
 human body,
- k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used,
 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in
 parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances
 into the human body,
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1	otherwise	introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or
2	hashish oi	l into the human body, such as:
3	(1) metal	, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or
4	ceran	ic pipes with or without screens, permanent
5	scree	ens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
6	(2) water	pipes,
7	(3) carbu	retion tubes and devices,
8	(4) smoki	ng and carburetion masks,
9	(5) roach	clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
10	mater	ial, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
11	becon	he too small or too short to be held in the
12	hand,	
13	(6) minia	ture cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
14	(7) chamb	per pipes,
15	(8) carbu	retor pipes,
16	(9) elect	ric pipes,
17	(10) air-c	lriven pipes,
18	(11) chill	ums,
19	(12) bongs	, or
20	(13) ice p	pipes or chillers,
21	m. all hidder	or novelty pipes, and
22	n. any pipe t	hat has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
23	than one-h	alf $(1/2)$ inch in diameter in which there is
24	any detect	able residue of any controlled dangerous

2substances not legal for possession or use;3provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include4separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps5used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for6ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance7is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco,8traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony,9or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older;1037.1138. a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance:12(1) the chemical structure of which is substantially13similar to the chemical structure of a controlled14dangerous substance in Schedule I or II,15(2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or16hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous17system that is substantially similar to or18greater than the stimulant, depressant or19hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous20system of a controlled dangerous substance in21Schedule I or II, or22(3) with respect to a particular person, which such23person represents or intends to have a stimulant,24depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the	1	substance as defined in this section or any other		
4 separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps 5 used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for 6 ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance 7 is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco, 8 traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony, 9 or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older; 10 37. 11 <u>38.</u> a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance: 12 (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially 13 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled 14 dangerous substance in Schedule I or II, 15 (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or 16 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 17 system that is substantially similar to or 18 greater than the stimulant, depressant or 19 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 20 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 21 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 22 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 23 person represents or intends to have a stim	2	substances not legal for possession or use;		
 sued for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco, traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony, or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older; 37. 38. a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance: (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled dangerous substance in Schedule I or II, (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled dangerous substance in Schedule I or II, or (3) with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, 	З	provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include		
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<pre>17 system that is substantially similar to or 18 greater than the stimulant, depressant or 19 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 20 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 21 Schedule I or II, or 22 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 23 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,</pre>	15	(2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or		
18greater than the stimulant, depressant or19hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous20system of a controlled dangerous substance in21Schedule I or II, or22(3)with respect to a particular person, which such23person represents or intends to have a stimulant,	16	hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous		
19 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 20 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 21 Schedule I or II, or 22 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 23 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,	17	system that is substantially similar to or		
20 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 21 Schedule I or II, or 22 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 23 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,	18	greater than the stimulant, depressant or		
21 Schedule I or II, or 22 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such 23 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,	19	hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous		
 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, 	20	system of a controlled dangerous substance in		
23 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,	21	Schedule I or II, or		
	22	(3) with respect to a particular person, which such		
24 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the	23	person represents or intends to have a stimulant,		
	24	depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the		

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1	central nervous system that is substantially
2	similar to or greater than the stimulant,
3	depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
4	central nervous system of a controlled dangerous
5	substance in Schedule I or II.
6	b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other
7	chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of
8	this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to
9	subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is
10	a synthetic controlled substance.
11	c. "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include:
12	(1) a controlled dangerous substance,
13	(2) any substance for which there is an approved new
14	drug application,
15	(3) with respect to a particular person any
16	substance, if an exemption is in effect for
17	investigational use, for that person under the
18	provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food,
19	Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United
20	States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct
21	with respect to such substance is pursuant to
22	such exemption, or
23	

(4) any substance to the extent not intended for
 human consumption before such an exemption takes
 effect with respect to that substance.

4 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing
5 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or
6 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a
7 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a
8 synthetic controlled substance;

9 38. 39. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have 10 been chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of 11 marijuana;

12 39. <u>40.</u> "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in 13 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4 14 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in 15 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means 16 the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4 17 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer" 18 means the optical or geometric isomer;

19 <u>40. 41.</u> "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, 20 liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant 21 life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or 22 federal guidelines;

41. <u>42.</u> "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits
 cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;

1 42. 43. "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from
2 disease, accidental or intentional trauma or other cause, that the
3 practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time.
4 "Acute pain" does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as
5 part of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain
6 being treated as part of palliative care;

7 43. 44. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the 8 usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. "Chronic 9 pain" may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic 10 pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over 11 months or years;

12 <u>44.</u> <u>45.</u> "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a 13 patient who:

14 a. has never previously been issued a prescription for
 15 the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the past
 16 year, or

b. requires a prescription for the drug or its
pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure
or new acute event and has previously had a
prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical
equivalent within the past year.

22 When determining whether a patient was previously issued a 23 prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the

practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical
 record and prescription monitoring information of the patient;

3 45. 46. "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract 4 or agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient, 5 prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using an 6 opioid drug as a means to:

- a. explain the possible risk of development of physical
 or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent
 the possible development of addiction,
- b. document the understanding of both the practitioner
 and the patient regarding the patient-provider
 agreement of the patient,
- 13 с. establish the rights of the patient in association 14 with treatment and the obligations of the patient in 15 relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of 16 use, and storage of opioid drugs, including any 17 restrictions on the refill of prescriptions or the 18 acceptance of opioid prescriptions from practitioners, 19 d. identify the specific medications and other modes of 20 treatment, including physical therapy or exercise, 21 relaxation or psychological counseling, that are 22 included as a part of the patient-provider agreement, 23 specify the measures the practitioner may employ to e. 24 monitor the compliance of the patient including, but

not limited to, random specimen screens and pill counts, and

f. delineate the process for terminating the agreement, 3 including the consequences if the practitioner has 4 5 reason to believe that the patient is not complying 6 with the terms of the agreement. Compliance with the 7 "consent items" shall constitute a valid, informed consent for opioid therapy. The practitioner shall be 8 9 held harmless from civil litigation for failure to 10 treat pain if the event occurs because of nonadherence 11 by the patient with any of the provisions of the 12 patient-provider agreement;

13 46. 47. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical 14 injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for 15 more than a short period of time. "Serious illness" includes, but 16 is not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung 17 disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver failure or 18 chronic, unremitting or intractable pain such as neuropathic pain; 19 and

20 47. <u>48.</u> "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is
21 performed for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by
22 incision or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of
23 medicine. This term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic
24 treatment of conditions or disease processes by use of instruments

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such as lasers, ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes or needles that cause localized alteration or transportation of live human tissue by cutting, burning, vaporizing, freezing, suturing, probing or manipulating by closed reduction for major dislocations or fractures, or otherwise altering by any mechanical, thermal, light-based, electromagnetic or chemical means.

7 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-309I, is
8 amended to read as follows:

9 Section 2-309I. A. A practitioner shall not issue an initial 10 prescription for an opioid drug in a quantity exceeding a seven-day 11 supply for treatment of acute pain. Any opioid prescription for 12 acute pain shall be for the lowest effective dose of an immediate-13 release drug.

B. Prior to issuing an initial prescription for an opioid drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic pain, a practitioner shall:

Take and document the results of a thorough medical history,
 including the experience of the patient with nonopioid medication
 and nonpharmacological pain-management approaches and substance
 abuse history;

21 2. Conduct, as appropriate, and document the results of a 22 physical examination;

23 3. Develop a treatment plan with particular attention focused
24 on determining the cause of pain of the patient;

Access relevant prescription monitoring information from the
 central repository pursuant to Section 2-309D of this title;

5. Limit the supply of any opioid drug prescribed for acute 3 4 pain to a duration of no more than seven (7) days as determined by 5 the directed dosage and frequency of dosage; provided, however, upon issuing an initial prescription for acute pain pursuant to this 6 7 section, the practitioner may issue one (1) subsequent prescription for an opioid drug in a quantity not to exceed seven (7) days if: 8 9 a. the subsequent prescription is due to a major surgical 10 procedure or "confined to home" status as defined in

11 42 U.S.C., Section 1395n(a),

b. the practitioner provides the subsequent prescriptionon the same day as the initial prescription,

14 c. the practitioner provides written instructions on the 15 subsequent prescription indicating the earliest date 16 on which the prescription may be filled, otherwise 17 known as a "do not fill until" date, and

18 d. the subsequent prescription is dispensed no more than
19 five (5) days after the "do not fill until" date
20 indicated on the prescription;

6. In the case of a patient under the age of eighteen (18) years, enter into a patient-provider agreement with a parent or guardian of the patient; and

7. In the case of a patient who is a pregnant woman, enter into
 2 a patient-provider agreement with the patient.

C. No less than seven (7) days after issuing the initial prescription pursuant to subsection A of this section, the practitioner, after consultation with the patient, may issue a subsequent prescription for the drug to the patient in a quantity not to exceed seven (7) days, provided that:

8 1. The subsequent prescription would not be deemed an initial9 prescription under this section;

The practitioner determines the prescription is necessary
 and appropriate to the treatment needs of the patient and documents
 the rationale for the issuance of the subsequent prescription; and

13 3. The practitioner determines that issuance of the subsequent 14 prescription does not present an undue risk of abuse, addiction or 15 diversion and documents that determination.

D. Prior to issuing the initial prescription of an opioid drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic pain and again prior to issuing the third prescription of the course of treatment, a practitioner shall discuss with the patient or the parent or guardian of the patient if the patient is under eighteen (18) years of age and is not an emancipated minor, the risks associated with the drugs being prescribed, including but not limited to:

- 23
- 24

The risks of addiction and overdose associated with opioid
 drugs and the dangers of taking opioid drugs with alcohol,
 benzodiazepines and other central nervous system depressants;

The reasons why the prescription is necessary;

Alternative treatments that may be available; and

4. Risks associated with the use of the drugs being prescribed,
specifically that opioids are highly addictive, even when taken as
prescribed, that there is a risk of developing a physical or
psychological dependence on the controlled dangerous substance, and
that the risks of taking more opioids than prescribed or mixing
sedatives, benzodiazepines or alcohol with opioids can result in
fatal respiratory depression.

13 The practitioner shall include a note in the medical record of 14 the patient that the patient or the parent or guardian of the 15 patient, as applicable, has discussed with the practitioner the 16 risks of developing a physical or psychological dependence on the 17 controlled dangerous substance and alternative treatments that may 18 be available. The applicable state licensing board of the 19 practitioner shall develop and make available to practitioners 20 quidelines for the discussion required pursuant to this subsection.

E. At the time of the issuance of the third prescription for an opioid drug, the practitioner shall enter into a patient-provider agreement with the patient.

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F. When an opioid drug is continuously prescribed for three (3)
 months or more for chronic pain, the practitioner shall:

3 1. Review, at a minimum of every three (3) months, the course 4 of treatment, any new information about the etiology of the pain, 5 and the progress of the patient toward treatment objectives and 6 document the results of that review;

7 2. In the first year of the patient-provider agreement, assess 8 the patient prior to every renewal to determine whether the patient 9 is experiencing problems associated with an opioid use disorder as 10 defined by the American Psychiatric Association and document the 11 results of that assessment. Following one (1) year of compliance 12 with the patient-provider agreement, the practitioner shall assess 13 the patient at a minimum of every six (6) months;

14 Periodically make reasonable efforts, unless clinically 3. 15 contraindicated, to either stop the use of the controlled substance, 16 decrease the dosage, try other drugs or treatment modalities in an 17 effort to reduce the potential for abuse or the development of an 18 opioid use disorder as defined by the American Psychiatric 19 Association and document with specificity the efforts undertaken; 20 4. Review the central repository information in accordance with 21 Section 2-309D of this title; and

22 5. Monitor compliance with the patient-provider agreement and23 any recommendations that the patient seek a referral.

G. 1. Any prescription for acute pain pursuant to this section
 shall have the words "acute pain" notated on the face of the
 prescription by the practitioner.

Any prescription for chronic pain pursuant to this section
shall have the words "chronic pain" notated on the face of the
prescription by the practitioner.

7 H. This section shall not apply to a prescription for a patient 8 who:

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1. Who has sickle cell disease;

10 <u>2. Who</u> is in treatment for cancer or receiving aftercare cancer
11 treatment, receiving;

12 <u>3. Who is receiving hospice care from a licensed hospice, or;</u> 13 <u>4. Who is receiving palliative care, as such term is defined in</u> 14 <u>Section 2-101 of this title, in conjunction with a serious illness</u>, 15 or;

16 <u>5. Who</u> is a resident of a long-term care facility, or to; or
 17 <u>6. For</u> any medications that are being prescribed for use in the
 18 treatment of substance abuse or opioid dependence.

19 I. Every policy, contract or plan delivered, issued, executed 20 or renewed in this state, or approved for issuance or renewal in 21 this state by the Insurance Commissioner, and every contract 22 purchased by the Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of 23 Management and Enterprise Services, on or after November 1, 2018, 24 that provides coverage for prescription drugs subject to a copayment, coinsurance or deductible shall charge a copayment,
 coinsurance or deductible for an initial prescription of an opioid
 drug prescribed pursuant to this section that is either:

Proportional between the cost sharing for a thirty-day
 supply and the amount of drugs the patient was prescribed; or

Equivalent to the cost sharing for a full thirty-day supply
of the drug, provided that no additional cost sharing may be charged
for any additional prescriptions for the remainder of the thirty-day
supply.

J. Any practitioner authorized to prescribe an opioid drug shall adopt and maintain a written policy or policies that include execution of a written agreement to engage in an informed consent process between the prescribing practitioner and qualifying opioid therapy patient. For the purposes of this section, "qualifying opioid therapy patient" means:

A patient requiring opioid treatment for more than three (3)
 months;

A patient who is prescribed benzodiazepines and opioids
 together for more than one twenty-four-hour period; or

3. A patient who is prescribed a dose of opioids that exceeds
one hundred (100) morphine equivalent doses.

K. Nothing in the Anti-Drug Diversion Act shall be construed to require a practitioner to limit or forcibly taper a patient on opioid therapy. The standard of care requires effective and

1	individualized treatment for each patient as deemed appropriate by
2	the prescribing practitioner without an administrative or codified
3	limit on dose or quantity that is more restrictive than approved by
4	the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
5	SECTION 3. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
6	of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby
7	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
8	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
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10	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, dated 03/02/2022 - DO PASS, As Coauthored.
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