HB2004 FA3 FetgatterSc-GRS 3/5/2021 4:40:19 pm

FLOOR AMENDMENT

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend <u>HB2004</u> Page <u>127</u> Section <u>29</u> Lines <u>6</u> Of the Engrossed Bill

By inserting a new "SECTION 29." and "SECTION 30." to the bill to read as follows:

(see attached)

and by renumbering the subsequent section of the bill.

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Amendment submitted by: Scott Fetgatter

Adopted: _____

Reading Clerk

1 "SECTION 29. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 255.2 of Title 68, unless there
3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 The State Department of Health and the Oklahoma Tax Commission 5 shall enter into a contract whereby the Tax Commission shall have authority to assess, collect and enforce the seven percent (7%) tax 6 on retail medical marijuana sales and any penalties and interest 7 thereon. Such assessment, collection and enforcement authority 8 9 shall apply to any tax and any penalty or interest liability on 10 retail medical marijuana sales existing at the time of contracting. 11 The contract shall provide for the assessment, collection and 12 enforcement of the tax on retail medical marijuana sales in the same 13 manner as the administration, collection and enforcement of any tax 14 payable by any taxpayer subject to taxation under any state tax law. 15 For providing such collection assistance, the Tax Commission shall 16 charge the State Department of Health a fee of one and five-tenths 17 percent (1.5%) of the gross collection proceeds. All funds retained 18 by the Tax Commission for the collection services shall be deposited 19 in the Tax Commission Reimbursement Fund in the State Treasury. 20 SECTION 30. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, as

22 2020, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

23 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
24 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to

last amended by Section 5, Chapter 201, O.S.L. 2019 (68 O.S. Supp.

arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
 as required by this section.

A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
income.

11 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that 12 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the 13 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws 14 of Oklahoma.

15 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
16 be adjusted as follows:

17a.For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years18beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any19net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for20federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an21amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss22from sources within this state, as determined pursuant23to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for

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the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of the total loss for such year;

3 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any 4 5 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the 6 7 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 8 9 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of 10 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 11 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 12 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 13 regard to the existence of a federal net operating 14 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 15 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 16 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 17 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 18 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 19 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 20 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 21 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 22 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 23 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such 24 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)

1 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried 3 back shall be determined solely by reference to 4 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 5 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced 6 7 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". 8

9 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
10 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
11 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
12 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
13 on the same basis as those items:

14 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
15 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
16 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
17 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
18 property;

b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
of the taxpayer, except that:

1 (1)where such property has acquired a nonunitary 2 business or commercial situs apart from the 3 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be allocated in accordance with such business or 4 5 commercial situs; interest income from 6 investments held to generate working capital for 7 a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or 8 9 resident estate shall be treated as having a 10 separate commercial or business situs insofar as 11 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not 12 be treated as having a separate commercial or 13 business situs insofar as distributed income is 14 concerned, 15 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,

(2) For takable years beginning after becember 51, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent

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1 (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets 2 consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 3 4 ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the 5 6 sales factor of the partnership for its first 7 full tax period immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the 8 9 partnership was sold; the provisions of this 10 division shall only apply if the capital or 11 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 12 ownership interest in a partnership do not 13 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital 14 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of 15 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, 16 (3) income from such property which is required to be 17 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 18 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein 19 provided; 20 с. Net income or loss from a business activity which is 21 not a part of business carried on within or without

the state of a unitary character shall be separately allocated to the state in which such activity is conducted;

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- d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
 solely of marketing its products by:
 - (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped directly to a point from without the state to a purchaser within the state, commonly known as interstate sales,
 - (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
- 13 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
 14 within the state where the shipment to such
 15 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
 16 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
 17 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
 18 within or without the state,

19the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the20taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of21the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived22from the manufacture and/or processing and sales23everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales24defined in this section made to the purchaser within

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1 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 2 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means 3 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of 4 which is warehousing merchandise for the public; 5 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 6 7 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 8 9 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: 10 (1)except as otherwise provided by division (2) of 11 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance 12 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 13 to this state by multiplying such income by a 14 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct 15 premiums written for insurance on property or 16 risks in this state, and the denominator of which 17 is the direct premiums written for insurance on 18 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of 19 this subsection, the term "direct premiums 20 written" means the total amount of direct 21 premiums written, assessments and annuity 22 considerations as reported for the taxable year 23 on the annual statement filed by the company with 24 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved

by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

4 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an 5 insurance company consists of premiums for 6 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of 7 such company shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the 8 9 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct 10 premiums written for insurance on property or 11 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written 12 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property 13 or risks in this state, and the denominator of 14 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written 15 for insurance on property or risks everywhere, 16 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance 17 accepted in respect of property or risks 18 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, 19 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in 20 respect of property or risks in this state, 21 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the 22 election of the company be determined on the 23 basis of the proportion which premiums written 24 for insurance accepted from companies

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commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to premiums written for reinsurance accepted from all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year.

10 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is 11 12 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors 13 14 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue 15 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net 16 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from 17 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on 18 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, 19 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 20 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any 21 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in 22 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on 23 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property 24 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an

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1 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 2 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 3 4 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost 5 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 6 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 7 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 8 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five 9 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 10 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment 11 factors shall be computed as follows:

12a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of13which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and14tangible personal property owned or rented and used in15this state during the tax period and the denominator16of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's17real and tangible personal property everywhere owned18or rented and used during the tax period.

19 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
20 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
21 shall not be included in determining this
22 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
23 include a portion of the investment in
24 transportation and other equipment having no

1 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks 2 and trailers, including machinery and equipment 3 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' 4 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the 5 proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by 6 such equipment bears to total miles traveled, 7 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer 8 9 is valued at eight times the net annual rental 10 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual 11 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual 12 rental rate received by the taxpayer from 13 subrentals, 14 The average value of property shall be determined (3) 15 by averaging the values at the beginning and 16 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax 17 Commission may require the averaging of monthly 18 values during the tax period if reasonably 19 required to reflect properly the average value of 20 the taxpayer's property; 21 The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of b. 22 which is the total compensation for services rendered 23 in the state during the tax period, and the

denominator of which is the total compensation for

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services rendered everywhere during the tax period. "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

- (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditure in connection with employees operating equipment over a fixed route, such as railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such employees,
- 15 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
 16 include a portion of such expenditures in
 17 connection with itinerant employees, such as
 18 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
 19 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
 20 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
 21 of the enterprise by such employees;
- c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
 this state during the tax period, and the denominator

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of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", as used in this subsection does not include sales or gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.

- 6 Sales of tangible personal property have a situs (1) 7 in this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United 8 9 States government, within this state regardless 10 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; 11 or the property is shipped from an office, store, 12 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in 13 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United 14 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not 15 doing business in the state of the destination of 16 the shipment.
 - (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall not be less than the allocation of revenues to this state as shown in its annual report to the Corporation Commission.
- (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the

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numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of revenue from interstate transportation in the proportion that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage traveled.

- In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline (4) enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall be either the total of traffic units of the enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator of which shall be the total of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. А "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be. (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other communication enterprise, the numerator of the
 - fraction shall include that portion of the interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the

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1 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 2 in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission 3 4 to keep its books and records in accordance with 5 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 6 7 determined separately in the manner provided by such uniform system of accounts and only the 8 9 interstate income shall be subject to allocation 10 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. 11 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors 12 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the 13 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal 14 Communications Commission.

15 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors 16 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net 17 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the 18 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because 19 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not 20 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; 21 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a 22 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of 23 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a 24 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been

1 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, 2 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or 3 4 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors. 5 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income 6 7 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income 8 9 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable 10 portion thereof.

11 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 12 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 13 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 14 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 15 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 16 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 17 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 18 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded 19 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 20 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated 21 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars 22 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 23 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible 24 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph

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1 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 2 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 3 4 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One 5 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 6 7 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 8 9 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 10 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 11 the investment was originally made.

12 For purposes of this paragraph:

13 "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means a. 14 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used 15 or operated primarily for the processing or production 16 of marketable products from agricultural commodities. 17 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 18 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two 19 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 20 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 21 include a facility that provides only, and nothing 22 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation 23 of agricultural commodities, and

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- b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
 used in a process primarily for:
- 3 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
 4 including receiving or storing agricultural
 5 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
 6 operation,
- 7 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
 8 product before, during or after the processing,
 9 or
- 10 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for 11 sale or shipment.

12 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this 13 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in 14 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss 15 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance 16 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 17 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss 18 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

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a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

- b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
 the income from all other sources other than reflected
 on Schedule F.
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1 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all 2 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. 3 4 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 5 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 6 7 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A. 8

9 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
10 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
11 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
12 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
13 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
14 utilized.

15 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, 16 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 17 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 18 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 19 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment 20 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 21 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 22 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) 23 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American 24 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

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1 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 2 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to 3 4 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 5 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 6 7 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 8 9 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item 10 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the 11 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 12 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma 13 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 14 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 15 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in 16 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", 17 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by 18 Section 2 2355.1P-2 of this act title. Notwithstanding the 19 application of this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any 20 ownership interest in a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 21 2351 et seq. of this title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis 22 for federal income tax purposes.

B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those

1 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 2 3 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the 4 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 5 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 6 7 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 8 9 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 10 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 11 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 12 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 13 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 14 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 15 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 16 such assets.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year

beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

6 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
7 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
8 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy9 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
10 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
11 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

12 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 13 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to 14 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 15 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor 16 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an 17 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 18 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 19 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 20 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such 21 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years 22 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from 23 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of

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technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
 1988.

3	2. For	purposes of this subsection:
4	a.	"Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
5		organized as a corporation, partnership, or
6		proprietorship, organized for profit with its
7		principal place of business located within this state
8		and which meets the following criteria:
9		(1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
10		Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
11		(2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
12		employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the
13		time of the transfer, and
14		(3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
15		corporation;
16	b.	"Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
17		pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
18		technical information which is not in the public
19		domain;
20	C.	"Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
21		the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
22		at the time the transfer is made; and
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d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

4 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the D. 1. 5 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such 6 7 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 8 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving 9 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 10 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 11 corporation, estate or trust.

- 12 2. As 1
- 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
or trust that result from:

18 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
19 property located within Oklahoma that has been
20 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
21 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
22 five (5) years prior to the date of the
23 transaction from which such net capital gains
24 arise,

1 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership 2 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited 3 liability company, or partnership where such 4 stock or ownership interest has been directly or 5 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or 6 trust for a holding period of at least three (3) 7 years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or 8 9 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 10 property or intangible personal property located 11 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 12 13 company, limited liability company, or 14 partnership where such property has been directly 15 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 16 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 17 from such entity for a period of at least three 18 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 19 from which the net capital gains arise, 20 "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of b. 21 time. The holding period shall include any additional 22 period when the property was held by another

individual or entity, if such additional period is

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1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 3 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 4 5 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 6 7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, 8

- 9 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, 10 and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 15 With respect to sales of real property or (1) 16 tangible personal property located within 17 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 18 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-19 through entity that makes the sale has held the 20 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 21 years prior to the date of the transaction that 22 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 23 entity included in the chain of ownership has 24 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the

1pass-through entity in the tier immediately below2it for an uninterrupted period of not less than3five (5) years.

(2) 4 With respect to sales of stock or ownership 5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 6 7 liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply 8 9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 11 the assets for not less than three (3) 12 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 13 transaction that created the capital gain, and 14 each pass-through entity included in the chain of 15 ownership has been a member, partner or 16 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 17 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 18 period of not less than three (3) years.

E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:

22 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
 23 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
 24 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars

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(\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- 3 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One 4 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 5 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For 6 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind 7 only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 8 9 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 10 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied 11 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle 12 13 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
- 14 There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One с. 15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 16 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at 17 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status 18 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. 19 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim 20 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income 21 does not exceed:
 - (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if married and filing jointly;
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 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)

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 if married and filing separately;
 - (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; and
 - (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household.

7 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of 8 9 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the 10 conversion of a traditional individual retirement 11 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall 12 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for 13 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this 14 subparagraph.

15 2. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, a. 16 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard 17 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall 18 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the 19 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in 20 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal 21 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of 22 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross 23 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to 24 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that

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in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

- 7 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 8 9 individuals who use the standard deduction in 10 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 11 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 12 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 13 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 14 amount equal to:
 - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or

(2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard

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1		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
3		(1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
4		if the filing status is married filing joint or
5		qualifying widow; or
6		(2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
7		(\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
8		(3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
9		(\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
10		married filing separate.
11	d.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
12		ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
13		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
18		(1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
19		the filing status is married filing joint or
20		qualifying widow, or
21		(2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
22		(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
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- (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 4 For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and e. 5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 6 7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 8 9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: 11
 - (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in

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determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

- g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
 Revenue Code, as follows:
 - (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
 separately,
- 18 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
 19 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
 20 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
- (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.
 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources

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both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.

15 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 16 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable 17 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the 18 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall 19 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). 20 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable 21 contributions and medical expenses deductible for 22 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the 23 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as 24 specified by this subparagraph.

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1 4. A resident individual with a physical disability 2 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from 3 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor 4 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 5 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 6 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 7 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to 8 9 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a 10 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 11 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission 12 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

13 5. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five a. 14 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 15 from the United States as salary or compensation in 16 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 17 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 18 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 19 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) 20 of the income received by any person from the United 21 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 22 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 23 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be 24 deducted from taxable income.

- 1 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a 2 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is 3 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by 4 reason of:
 - (1) absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia;
 - (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on active duty; or
 - (3) confinement in a hospital within the United States for treatment of wounds, injuries or disease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

- 17(a) Such individual shall return to the United18States if the extension is granted pursuant19to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return20to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is21granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this22paragraph or be discharged from such23hospital if the extension is granted
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- pursuant to subparagraph c of this paragraph; or
 - (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

6 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 7 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 8 9 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 10 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 11 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, 12 13 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

14 Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of 6. 15 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 16 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be 17 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 18 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is 19 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 20 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 21 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

22 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
 23 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal

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1 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
2 year.

- 3 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this 4 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 5 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation 6 7 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 8 Act. 9 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 10 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 11 gross income.
- 12 с. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income 13 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 14 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though 15 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining 16 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 17 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 18 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 19 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 20 refund of the credit received during the tax year 21 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 22 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-23 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 24 be subject to taxation.

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d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 4 8. 5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 6 7 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 8 9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 10 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law 11 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement 13 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant 14 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 15 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma 16 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 17 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee 18 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-19 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 20 from taxable income.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the

federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

3 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-4 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 6 7 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 8 9 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 10 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account 11 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 12 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage 13 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 14 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 15 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 16 the Internal Revenue Code.

17 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
18 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
19 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
20 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 23 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 24 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs

1 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be 2 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is 3 4 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of 5 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation 6 7 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the 8 individual. 9 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002, 10 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident 11 individual taxpayer in connection with: 12 (1)the adoption of a minor, or 13 a proposed adoption of a minor which did not (2) 14 result in a decreed adoption, 15 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross 16 income. 17 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions 18 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty 19 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year. 20 The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement с. 21 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a 22 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which 23 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax

Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

"Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, 3 d. 4 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and 5 expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not 6 7 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, transportation 8 9 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 10 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the 11 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 12 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" 13 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the 14 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and 15 after the point of the initiation of the contest, 16 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation 17 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or 18 property, except for a special needs child as 19 authorized by the court.

14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five

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1 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing 2 status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 3 4 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 5 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 6 7 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 8 9 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is 10 less than the qualifying amount specified in this 11 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. 12 For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount b. 13 shall be as follows: 14 in taxable years beginning after December 31, (1)15 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 16 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 17 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the 18 filing status is single, head of household, or 19 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand 20 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 21 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 22 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, (2) 23 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 24 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status

1		is single, head of household, or married filing
2		separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
3		(\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
4		married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
5	(3)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
6		the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
7		Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
8		filing status is single, head of household, or
9		married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
10		five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
11		the filing status is married filing jointly or
12		qualifying widow,
13	(4)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
14		the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
15		Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
16		filing status is single, head of household, or
17		married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
18		Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
19		status is married filing jointly or qualifying
20		widow, and
21	(5)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
22		and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
23		limitation upon the qualifying amount.
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- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
 following:
 - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
 - (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 10 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
 11 trust or simplified employee pension that
 12 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
 13 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 14 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
 15 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
 16 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- 20 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
 21 which satisfies the requirements of Section
 22 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
 23 Section 402(e).
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1 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph 2 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 4 5 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 6 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 7 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 8 9 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 10 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount 11 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 12 13 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 14 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax 15 year and all subsequent tax years.

16 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an 15. 17 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 18 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 19 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 20 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 21 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 22 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 23 production of agricultural products.

1 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 2 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 3 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 4 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 5 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

6 17. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a. 7 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 8 9 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings 10 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of 11 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 12 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand 13 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for 14 each account.

15 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, b. 16 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for 17 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the 18 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 19 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 20 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 21 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 22 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 23 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten 24 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual

taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for 1 2 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 3 4 the year for which the contribution is made may be 5 carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 6 7 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 8 9 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding 10 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 11 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 12 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may 13 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. 14 с. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 15 deductions for contributions made pursuant to 16 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 17 follows:

(1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year carryforward election and who takes a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal, and 1 (2)for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or 2 nongualified withdrawal within the same tax year 3 in which a contribution was made to the 4 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise 5 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this 6 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the 7 contribution which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal. 8

9 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a 10 contribution for which a deduction has been taken 11 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within 12 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount 13 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted 14 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of 15 the rollover.

16 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of 17 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant 18 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified 19 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included 20 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the 21 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal. 22

f. As used in this paragraph:

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1 (1)"non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal 2 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account other than one of the following: 3 4 a qualified withdrawal, (a) a withdrawal made as a result of the death 5 (b) 6 or disability of the designated beneficiary 7 of an account, (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 8 9 a scholarship or the allowance or payment 10 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 11 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by 12 the designated beneficiary to the extent the 13 amount of the refund does not exceed the 14 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 15 payment, or 16 a rollover or change of designated (d) 17 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 18 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 19 Statutes, and 20 "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the (2) 21 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan 22 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. 23 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,

24 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of

1 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the 2 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten 3 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income 4 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by 5 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

13 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty a. 14 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 15 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty 16 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 17 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty с. 18 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 19 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty 20 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and 21 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and e. 22 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) 23 of such benefits shall be exempt.

1 20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a 2 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 3 4 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 5 individual, while living, donates one or more human organs of the individual to another human being for 6 7 human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 8 9 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. Α 10 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be 11 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ 12 transplantation occurs.

- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
 related to the organ donation of the individual.
- 17 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
 18 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
 19 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
 20 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
 21 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
 22 verification.

23 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there24 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the

beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

4 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
5 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
6 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
7 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there 8 9 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less 10 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award for participation in a competitive livestock show event. 11 For 12 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a 13 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the 14 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 15 scholarship in its books and records.

16 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, 17 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local 18 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the 19 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes 20 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the 21 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted 22 after any such limitations are applied.

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual

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1 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital 2 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of 3 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year. 2. As used in this subsection: 4 "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means 5 a. the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section 6 7 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that 8 9 result from: 10 (1)the sale of real property or tangible personal 11 property located within Oklahoma that has been 12 directly or indirectly owned by the individual 13 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five 14 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction 15 from which such net capital gains arise, 16 the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or (2)17 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 18 company, limited liability company, or 19 partnership where such stock or ownership 20 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by 21 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of 22 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the 23 transaction from which the net capital gains 24 arise, or

the sale of real property, tangible personal 1 (3) 2 property or intangible personal property located 3 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or 4 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 5 company, limited liability company, or partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship 6 7 business enterprise where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity or 8 9 business enterprise or owned by the owners of 10 such entity or business enterprise for a period 11 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of 12 the transaction from which the net capital gains 13 arise, 14 "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of b. 15 time. The holding period shall include any additional

16 period when the property was held by another 17 individual or entity, if such additional period is 18 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 19 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 20 "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or с. 21 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 22 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at 23 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date

- of the transaction from which the net capital gains
 arise,
 - d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns the asset,
- e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of passthrough entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 9 (1) With respect to sales of real property or 10 tangible personal property located within 11 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 12 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-13 through entity that makes the sale has held the 14 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 15 years prior to the date of the transaction that 16 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 17 entity included in the chain of ownership has 18 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 19 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 20 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 21 five (5) years.
 - (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited

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1 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma 2 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction 3 described in this subsection shall not apply 4 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 5 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 6 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior 7 to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity 8 9 included in the chain of ownership has been a 10 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-11 through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 12 13 (2) years. For purposes of this division, 14 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, 15 shall be included in the determination of the 16 required holding period prescribed by this 17 division, and 18 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 19 business enterprise whose income and expenses have 20 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual

21 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
22 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
23 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
24 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)

1 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 2 transaction from which the net capital gains arise. 3 For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income G. 1. 4 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 5 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 6 7 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust. 8

9 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under 10 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents 11 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust 12 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this 13 subsection. As used in this subsection:

a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
of the Internal Revenue Code,

17 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means 18 a real estate investment trust, the shares or 19 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded on an established securities market and more than 20 21 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of 22 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 23 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or 24 constructively, by a single entity that is:

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1 (1)treated as an association taxable as a 2 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and (2) 3 not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to 4 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal 5 Revenue Code. 6 The term shall not include a real estate investment 7 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the 8 9 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. 10 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) 11 of the Internal Revenue Code, 12 the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall с. 13 not include the following entities: 14 any real estate investment trust as defined in (1)15 paragraph a of this subsection other than a 16 "captive real estate investment trust", or 17 (2)any qualified real estate investment trust 18 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal 19 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT 20 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment 21 trust", or 22 any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an (3) 23 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed 24 Investment Scheme" under the Australian

1 Corporations Act in which the principal class of 2 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in 3 Australia and is regularly traded on an 4 established securities market), or an entity 5 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 6 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, 7 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the 8 9 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or 10 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a 11 corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the laws of the United States 12 13 and which satisfies the following criteria: 14 at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the (a) 15 entity's total asset value at the close of 16 its taxable year is represented by real 17 estate assets, as defined in Section 18 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, 19 thereby including shares or certificates of 20 beneficial interest in any real estate 21 investment trust, cash and cash equivalents, 22 and U.S. Government securities, 23 the entity receives a dividend-paid (b)

deduction comparable to Section 561 of the

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1 Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from 2 entity level tax, the entity is required to distribute at 3 (C) 4 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its 5 taxable income, as computed in the 6 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to 7 the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial interest on an annual basis, 8 9 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the 10 voting power or value in such entity is held 11 directly or indirectly or constructively by 12 a single entity or individual, or the shares 13 or beneficial interests of such entity are 14 regularly traded on an established 15 securities market, and 16 the entity is organized in a country which (e) 17 has a tax treaty with the United States. 18 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership 19 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by 20 Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in 21 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any 22 person. 23

4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)

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1 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 2 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 3 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 4 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 5 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 6 7 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real 8 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on 9 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate 11 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code.

13 H. For purposes of computing Oklahoma taxable income pursuant 14 to the provisions of this section, any limitations imposed pursuant 15 to Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 16 shall not apply to entities holding a valid business license or 17 licenses in the categories provided pursuant to Section 427.14 of 18 Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes and any business expense 19 disallowed because of the restrictions of Section 280E that would 20 otherwise be deductible by other provisions of the Internal Revenue 21 Code of 1986, as amended, as ordinary and necessary business 22 23 24

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