## 05/25/2017 02:34:45 PM

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: Mr. Speaker:

The Conference Committee, to which was referred

## HB1335

Hoskin of the House and Sparks of the Senate By:

Title: Criminal procedure; adding definition; effective date.

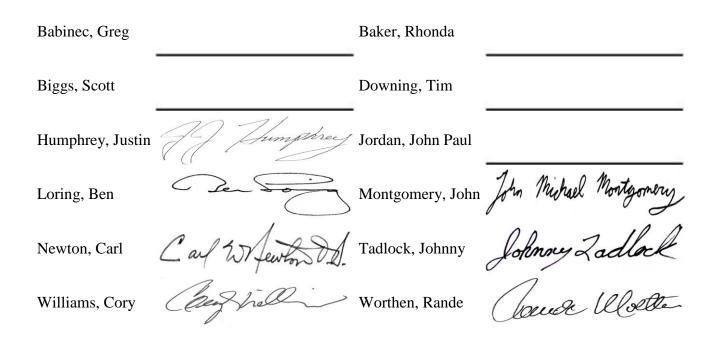
Together with Engrossed Senate Amendments thereto, beg leave to report that we have had the same under consideration and herewith return the same with the following recommendations:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its amendments No. 1 and No. 2; and
- 2. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute be adopted.

Respectfully submitted,

House Action \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Senate Action \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## HB1335 CCR (A) HOUSE CONFEREES



HB1335 CCR A

SENATE CONFEREES Sparks ----Sykes Smalley Dahm Holt Newhouse Pittman

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House Action \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

House Action \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Senate Action \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA								
2	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)								
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4	SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED								
5	HOUSE BILL NO. 1335 By: Hoskin of the House								
6	and								
7	Sparks of the Senate								
8									
9									
10	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE								
11	An Act relating to criminal procedure; amending 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1161, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 279, O.S.L. 2016 (22 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1161), which relates to acts committed by persons with mental illness or mental defect; updating language; adding definition; authorizing videoconferencing of certain proceedings; and providing an effective date.								
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:								
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18	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1161, as								
19	amended by Section 1, Chapter 279, O.S.L. 2016 (22 O.S. Supp. 2016,								
20	Section 1161), is amended to read as follows:								
21	Section 1161. A. 1. An act committed by a person in a state								
22	of mental illness or mental defect shall be adjudicated as guilty								
23	with mental defect or as not guilty by reason of mental illness.								
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2. If a person is found guilty with mental defect or enters a
 plea of guilty with mental defect which is accepted by the court,
 the court at the time of sentencing shall impose any sentence that
 could be imposed by law upon a person who is convicted of the same
 offense, and the person shall serve the sentence in custody of a
 county jail or the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

7 If a person who is found guilty with mental defect is placed 3. on probation under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court as 8 9 provided by law, the court shall immediately issue an order for the 10 person to be examined by the Department of Mental Health and 11 Substance Abuse Services. The time and place of such examination 12 shall be determined by the Department. Within forty-five (45) days, 13 the Department shall provide to the court a recommendation of 14 treatment for the person, which shall be made a condition of 15 probation. Reports as specified by the trial judge shall be filed 16 with the probation officer and the sentencing court. Failure to 17 continue treatment, except by agreement with the treating agency and 18 the sentencing court, is grounds for revocation of probation. 19 Treatment shall be provided by an agency of the Department or, with 20 the approval of the sentencing court and at the expense of the 21 person, by private agencies, private physicians or other mental 22 health personnel. A psychiatric report shall be filed with the 23 probation officer and the sentencing court every six (6) months 24 during the period of probation.

1 4. When in any criminal action by indictment or information, 2 the defense of mental illness is raised, but the defendant is not 3 acquitted on the ground that the defendant was mentally ill at the 4 time of the commission of the crime charged, an issue concerning 5 such defense may be raised on appeal. If the appellate court finds relief is required, the appellate court shall not have authority to 6 7 modify the judgment or sentence, but will only have the authority to order a new trial or order resentencing without recommendations to 8 9 sentencing.

10 5. When in any criminal action by indictment or information the 11 defense of mental illness is interposed either singly or in 12 conjunction with some other defense, the jury shall state in the 13 verdict, if it is one of acquittal, whether or not the defendant is 14 acquitted on the ground of mental illness. When the defendant is 15 acquitted on the ground that the defendant was mentally ill at the 16 time of the commission of the crime charged, the person shall not be 17 discharged from custody until the court has made a determination 18 that the person is not dangerous to the public peace and safety and 19 is a person requiring treatment.

B. 1. To assist the court in its determination, the court shall immediately issue an order for the person to be examined by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services at a facility the Department has designated to examine and treat forensic

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individuals. Upon the issuance of the order, the sheriff shall
 deliver the person to the designated facility.

3 2. Within forty-five (45) days of the court entering such an 4 order, a hearing shall be conducted by the court to ascertain 5 whether the person is dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is a person requiring treatment or, if not, is in 6 7 need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance. During the 8 9 required period of hospitalization the Department of Mental Health 10 and Substance Abuse Services shall have the person examined by two 11 qualified psychiatrists or one such psychiatrist and one qualified 12 clinical psychologist whose training and experience enable the 13 professional to form expert opinions regarding mental illness, 14 competency, dangerousness and criminal responsibility.

15 C. 1. Each examiner shall, within thirty-five (35) days of 16 hospitalization, individually prepare and submit to the court, the 17 district attorney and the person's trial counsel of the person a 18 report of the person's psychiatric examination findings of the 19 person and an evaluation concerning whether the person is dangerous 20 to the public peace or safety.

21 2. If the court is dissatisfied with the reports or if a
22 disagreement on the issue of mental illness and dangerousness exists
23 between the two examiners, the court may designate one or more

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1	additional examiners and have them submit their findings and						
2	evaluations as specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection.						
3	3. a. Within ten (10) days after the reports are filed, the						
4	court must conduct a hearing to determine the person's						
5	present condition <u>of the person</u> as to the issue of						
6	whether:						
7	(1) the person is dangerous to the public peace or						
8	safety because the person is a person requiring						
9	treatment, or						
10	(2) if not believed to be dangerous to the public						
11	peace or safety, the person is in need of						
12	continued supervision as a result of unresolved						
13	symptoms of mental illness or a history of						
14	treatment noncompliance.						
15	b. The district attorney must establish the foregoing by						
16	a preponderance of the evidence. At this hearing the						
17	person shall have the assistance of counsel and may						
18	present independent evidence.						
19	D. 1. If the court finds that the person is not dangerous to						
20	the public peace or safety because the person is a person requiring						
21	treatment and is not in need of continued supervision as a result of						
22	unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment						
23	noncompliance, it shall immediately discharge the person from						
24	hospitalization.						

Req. No. 7894

2. If the court finds that the person is dangerous to the
 public peace and safety, it shall commit the person to the custody
 of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.
 The person shall then be subject to discharge pursuant to the
 procedure set forth in Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes this
 section.

7 During the period of hospitalization, the Department a. of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services may 8 9 administer or cause to be administered to the person 10 such psychiatric, medical or other therapeutic 11 treatment as in its judgment should be administered. 12 b. The person shall be subject to discharge or 13 conditional release pursuant to the procedures set 14 forth in this section.

E. If at any time the court finds the person is not dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is a person requiring treatment, but is in need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance, the court may:

20 1. Discharge the person pursuant to the procedure set forth in 21 Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes this section;

22 2. Discharge the person, and upon the <del>court's</del> <u>motion of the</u> 23 <u>court</u> or the district <del>attorney's motion</del> <u>attorney</u> commence civil

involuntary commitment proceedings against the person pursuant to
 the provisions of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes; or

3 3. Order conditional release, as set forth in subsection F of4 this section.

5 F. There is hereby created a Forensic Review Board to be composed of seven (7) members appointed by the Governor with the 6 7 advice and consent of the Senate. The Board members shall serve for a term of five (5) years except that for members first appointed to 8 9 the Board: one shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2008, two 10 shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2009, two shall serve a 11 term ending December 31, 2010, and two shall serve for a term ending 12 December 31, 2011.

14 four licensed mental health professionals with a. 15 experience in treating mental illness, at least one of 16 whom is licensed as a Doctor of Medicine, a Doctor of 17 Osteopathy, or a licensed clinical psychologist and 18 shall be appointed from a list of seven names 19 submitted to the Governor by the Department of Mental 20 Health and Substance Abuse Services, 21 b. one member who shall be an attorney licensed to 22 practice in this state and shall be appointed from a 23 list of not less than three names submitted to the

The Board shall be composed of:

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1 Governor by the Board of Governors of the Oklahoma Bar 2 Association,

3 c. one member who shall be a retired judge licensed to 4 practice in this state and shall be appointed from a 5 list of not less than three names submitted to the 6 Governor by the Judicial Nominating Committee, and 7 d. one at-large member.

8 The attorney and retired judge members of the Board shall be 9 prohibited from representing in the courts of this state persons 10 charged with felony offenses while serving on the Board.

11 The Board shall meet as necessary to determine which 2. 12 individuals confined with the Department of Mental Health and 13 Substance Abuse Services are eligible for therapeutic visits, 14 conditional release or discharge and whether the Board wishes to 15 make such a recommendation to the court of the county where the 16 individual was found not guilty by reason of insanity or not guilty 17 by reason of mental illness for those persons adjudicated as such 18 upon or after the effective date of this act.

19a.Forensic Review Board meetings shall not be considered20subject to the Oklahoma Open Meeting Act and are not21open to the public. Other than the Forensic Review22Board members, only the following individuals shall be23permitted to attend Board meetings:

- 1(1) the individual the Board is considering for2therapeutic visits, conditional release or3discharge, his or her treatment advocate, and4members of his or her treatment team,
  - (2) the Commissioner of Mental Health and SubstanceAbuse Services or designee,
    - (3) the Advocate General for the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee,
- 9 (4) the General Counsel for the Department of Mental 10 Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee, 11 and
  - (5) any other persons the Board and Commissioner of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services wish to be present.
- 15 b. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 16 Services shall provide administrative staff to the 17 Board to take minutes of meetings and prepare 18 necessary documents and correspondence for the Board 19 to comply with its duties as set forth in this 20 section. The Department of Mental Health and 21 Substance Abuse Services shall also transport the 22 individuals being reviewed to and from the Board 23 meeting site.

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- c. The Board shall promulgate rules concerning the
   granting and structure of therapeutic visits,
   conditional releases and discharge.
- 4 d. For purposes of this subsection, "therapeutic visit"
  5 means a scheduled time period off campus which
  6 provides for progressive tests of the consumer's
  7 ability of the consumer to maintain and demonstrate
  8 coping skills.

9 3. The Forensic Review Board shall submit any recommendation 10 for therapeutic visit, conditional release or discharge to the court 11 and district attorney of the county where the person was found not 12 guilty by reason of mental illness, the person's trial counsel <u>of</u> 13 <u>the person</u>, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 14 Services and the person at least fourteen (14) days prior to the 15 scheduled visit.

- a. The district attorney may file an objection to a
  recommendation for a therapeutic visit within ten (10)
  days of receipt of the notice.
- b. If an objection is filed, the therapeutic visit is
  stayed until a hearing is held. The court shall hold
  a hearing not less than ten (10) days following an
  objection to determine whether the therapeutic visit
  is necessary for treatment, and if necessary, the
  nature and extent of the visit.

4. During the period of hospitalization the Department of
 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall submit an annual
 report on the status of the person to the court, the district
 attorney and the patient advocate general of the Department of
 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

G. Upon motion by the district attorney or upon a
recommendation for conditional release or discharge by the Forensic
Review Board, the court shall conduct a hearing to ascertain if the
person is dangerous and a person requiring treatment. This hearing
shall be conducted under the same procedure as the first hearing and
must occur not less than ten (10) days following the motion or
request by the Forensic Review Board.

13 1. If the court determines that the person continues to be
 14 dangerous to the public peace and safety because the person is a
 15 person requiring treatment, it shall order the return of the person
 16 to the hospital for additional treatment.

17 2. If the court determines that the person is not dangerous but 18 subject to certain conditions, the court may conditionally release 19 the person subject to the following:

a. the Forensic Review Board has made a recommendation
for conditional release, including a written plan for
outpatient treatment and a list of recommendations for
the court to place as conditions on the release,

- b. in its order of conditional release, the court shall
  specify conditions of release and shall direct the
  appropriate agencies or persons to submit annual
  reports regarding the person's compliance of the
  person with the conditions of release and progress in
  treatment,
- 7 с. the person must agree, in writing, that during the period the person is granted conditional release and 8 9 is subject to the provisions thereof, there shall be 10 free transmission of all pertinent information, 11 including clinical information regarding the person, 12 among the Department of Mental Health and Substance 13 Abuse Services, the appropriate community mental 14 health centers and the appropriate district attorneys, 15 law enforcement and court personnel,
- 16 d. the court's order of the court placing the person on 17 conditional release shall include notice that the 18 person's conditional release of the person may be 19 revoked upon good cause. The person placed on 20 conditional release shall remain under the supervision 21 of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 22 Services until the committing court enters a final 23 discharge order. The Department of Mental Health and 24 Substance Abuse Services shall assess the person

1placed on conditional release annually and shall have2the authority to recommend discharge of the person to3the Board, and

- 4 any agency or individual involved in providing e. 5 treatment with regard to the person's conditional release plan of the person may prepare and file an 6 7 affidavit under oath if the agency or individual believes that the person has failed to comply with the 8 9 conditions of release or that such person has 10 progressed to the point that inpatient care is 11 appropriate.
  - (1) Any peace officer who receives such an affidavit shall take the person into protective custody and return the person to the forensic unit of the state hospital.
- 16 (2) A hearing shall be conducted within three (3) 17 days, excluding holidays and weekends, after the 18 person is returned to the forensic unit of the 19 state hospital to determine if the person has 20 violated the conditions of release, or if full-21 time hospitalization is the least restrictive 22 alternative consistent with the person's needs of 23 the person and the need for public safety. 24 Notice of the hearing shall be issued, at least

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1 twenty-four (24) hours before the hearing, to the 2 hospital superintendent, the person, trial counsel for the person, and the patient advocate 3 4 general of the Department of Mental Health and 5 Substance Abuse Services. If the person requires 6 hospitalization because of a violation of the 7 conditions of release or because of progression to the point that inpatient care is appropriate, 8 9 the court may then modify the conditions of 10 release.

II 3. If the court determines that the person is not dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is not a person requiring treatment, it shall order that the person be discharged from the custody of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

16 H. As used in this section:

17 1. "Antisocial personality disorder" means antisocial
 18 personality disorder as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical
 19 Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), or subsequent
 20 editions;

21 2. <u>"Court" or "sentencing court" means the court sitting in the</u>
22 <u>county where the person has been found to be not guilty by reason of</u>
23 <u>mental illness or guilty with mental defect;</u>

<u>3.</u> "Dangerous" means a person who because of mental illness
poses a substantial risk of physical harm in the near future to
another person or persons. Dangerousness shall be determined by
such factors as whether the person has placed another person or
persons in a reasonable fear of violent behavior, and medication and
treatment compliance;

7 3. <u>4.</u> "Guilty with mental defect" means the person committed 8 the act and was either unable to understand the nature and 9 consequences of his or her actions or was unable to differentiate 10 right from wrong, and has been diagnosed with antisocial personality 11 disorder which substantially contributed to the act for which the 12 person has been charged;

13 <u>4. 5.</u> "Mental defect" means the person has been diagnosed with 14 antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed to 15 the act for which the person has been charged;

16 <u>5. 6.</u> "Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of thought, 17 mood, perception, psychological orientation or memory that 18 significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize 19 reality or ability to meet the ordinary demands of life;

20 6. 7. "Not guilty by reason of mental illness" means the person 21 committed the act while mentally ill and was either unable to 22 understand the nature and consequences of his or her actions or was 23 unable to differentiate right from wrong, and has not been diagnosed

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<ul> <li>to the act for which the person has been charged; and</li> <li>7-8. a. "Person requiring treatment" means a person who because</li> <li>of mental illness:</li> <li>(1) poses a substantial risk of physical harm to self</li> <li>as manifested by evidence or serious threats of</li> <li>or attempts at suicide or other significant self-</li> <li>inflicted bodily harm,</li> <li>(2) poses a substantial risk of physical harm to</li> <li>another person or persons as manifested by</li> <li>evidence of violent behavior directed toward</li> <li>another person or persons,</li> <li>(3) has placed another person or persons in</li> <li>reasonable fear of serious physical harm or</li> <li>violent behavior directed toward such person or</li> <li>persons as manifested by serious and immediate</li> <li>threats,</li> <li>(4) is in a condition of severe deterioration such</li> <li>that, without immediate intervention, there</li> <li>exists a substantial risk that severe impairment</li> </ul>	1	with antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed						
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	18	(4) is	s in a condition of severe deterioration such					
20 exists a substantial risk that severe impairment	19	th	nat, without immediate intervention, there					
	20	ex	xists a substantial risk that severe impairment					
21 or injury will result to the person, or	21	or	r injury will result to the person, or					
22 (5) poses a substantial risk of serious physical	22	(5) po	oses a substantial risk of serious physical					
23 injury to self or death as manifested by evidence	23	in	njury to self or death as manifested by evidence					
24 that the person is unable to provide for and is	24	th	nat the person is unable to provide for and is					

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 not providing for his or her basic physical

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 needs.

- b. The mental health or substance abuse history of the person may be used as part of the evidence to determine whether the person is a person requiring treatment. The mental health or substance abuse history of the person shall not be the sole basis for this determination.
- 9 c. Unless a person also meets the criteria established in 10 subparagraph a of this paragraph, "person requiring 11 treatment" shall not mean:
- 12 (1) a person whose mental processes have been
   13 weakened or impaired by reason of advanced years,
   14 dementia or Alzheimer's disease,
- 15 (2) a mentally retarded or developmentally disabled
  16 person as defined in Title 10 of the Oklahoma
  17 Statutes,
- 18 (3) a person with seizure disorder, or
- 19 (4) a person with a traumatic brain injury.

20 <u>I. Proceedings hereunder may be held in conformance with the</u> 21 <u>provisions of Section 3006 of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes for</u> 22 <u>allowable use of videoconferencing.</u>

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1	SECTION 2.	This act	shall becom	e effective	November 1	1, 2017.
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3	56-1-7894	GRS	05/09/17			
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