ENGROSSED SENATE
BILL NO. 1020 By: Barrington and Fields of the Senate

and

Wallace of the House

An Act relating to emergency drought conditions; amending 2 O.S. 2011, Section 16-26, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 256, O.S.L 2015 (2 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 16-26), which relates to burning prohibitions; modifying agricultural producers exemption to burn ban; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 2 O.S. 2011, Section 16-26, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 256, O.S.L. 2015 (2 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 16-26), is amended to read as follows:

Section 16-26. A. 1. It is unlawful for any person to set fire to any forest, grass, range, crop, or other wildlands, or to build a campfire or bonfire, or to burn trash or other material that may cause a forest, grass, range, crop or other wildlands fire in any county, counties or area within a county where, because of emergency drought conditions, there is gubernatorially proclaimed extraordinary danger from fire, unless the setting of any backfire during the drought emergency is necessary to afford protection as determined by a representative of the Division of Forestry, or

unless it can be established that the setting of the backfire was necessary for the purpose of saving life or property. The burden of proving the necessity shall rest on the person claiming a defense.

2. The Division of Forestry shall advise the Governor when the lands described in paragraph 1 of this subsection in any county, counties or area within a county of this state because of emergency drought conditions are in extraordinary danger from fire. The Governor may by proclamation declare a drought emergency to exist and describe the general boundaries of the area affected.

3. Any proclamation promulgated by the Governor under authority of this subsection shall be effective immediately upon the Governor's signed approval of the emergency proclamation and shall supersede any resolution passed by a board of county commissioners pursuant to subsection B of this section. Notice of the proclamation shall occur through posting on the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry's website and informing local news media. Evidence of publication or posting as herein provided shall be maintained by the Forestry Division.

4. When conditions warrant, due notice of the termination of the emergency shall be promptly made by proclamation, which shall be published or posted in like manner as when officially declared.

5. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than One Thousand

Dollars ($1,000.00), by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or both.

B. 1. It is unlawful for any person to set fire to any forest, grass, range, crop or other wildlands, or to build a campfire or bonfire, or to burn trash or other material that may cause a forest, grass, range, crop or other wildlands fire in any county of this state in which the board of county commissioners of the county has passed a resolution declaring a period of extreme fire danger. As used in this subsection, "extreme fire danger" means:

a. severe, extreme, or exceptional drought conditions exist as determined by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) pursuant to its criteria,

b. no more than one-half (1/2) inch of precipitation is forecast for the next three (3) days, and

c. either of the following:

(1) fire occurrence is significantly greater than normal for the season and/or initial attack on a significant number of wildland fires has been unsuccessful due to extreme fire behavior, or

(2) where data is available, more than twenty percent (20%) of the wildfires in the county have been caused by escaped debris or controlled burning.

2. A majority of the board of county commissioners may call an emergency meeting at any time to pass or revoke a resolution declaring a period of extreme fire danger in accordance with this section.

3. A board of county commissioners shall have the documented concurrence of a majority of the chiefs, or their designees, of the municipal and certified rural fire departments located in the county that a period of extreme fire danger exists prior to passage of a resolution declaring a period of extreme fire danger in the county. The resolution shall be effective for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days from the date of passage by the board of county commissioners, unless the burn ban is removed earlier by the same method by which it was approved. If extreme fire danger conditions persist, subsequent resolutions may be passed by the board of county commissioners in the same manner as provided in this paragraph. The board of county commissioners, in the resolution, may grant exceptions to the fire prohibition based on appropriate precautionary measures.

4. ~~Any resolution passed by a board of county commissioners that declares a period of extreme fire danger shall include a provision to allow agricultural producers to burn cropland, range, or pastureland as part of their management operations~~ Agricultural producers burning cropland, rangeland, forests or pastures as a preferred method of managing their property shall not be required to

abide by a burn ban enacted pursuant to this subsection, so long as the agricultural producers have complied with the following procedures:

a. ~~submission of a written application to burn to the board of county commissioners~~ compliance with Section 16-28.2 of this title,

b. ~~receipt of approval, in writing, by the local fire department with suppression responsibility for the area to be burned~~ submission of a copy of the written prescribed burn plan to the local fire department and/or if within a protection area, the local office or local representative of the Forestry Division nearest the land to be burned,

c. ~~construction of adequate fire lines and assurance of adequate personnel and equipment on hand to control the fire~~ maintenance of a copy of the written prescribed burn plan on site when conducting the prescribed burn, and

d. ~~compliance with the notification procedures outlined in Section 16-28.2 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes~~ notification of the county sheriff prior to conducting the prescribed burn.

5. The prescribed burn plan shall not include campfires, household trash, debris or pile burning. Nothing in this section

shall supersede requirements set by a Governor's Burn Ban, interfere with the authority of the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry to enforce burning laws or change the burner's liability as prescribed by law.

~~5.~~ 6. Any resolution passed by a board of county commissioners under authority of this subsection shall be effective immediately upon passage of the resolution. Notice of the resolution shall be submitted to the Forestry Division of the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry, all local news media, local law enforcement officials, and the state headquarters of the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department and the Department of Wildlife Conservation on the day of passage of the resolution. Evidence of publication or posting as provided in this paragraph shall be maintained by the county.

~~6.~~ 7. The provisions of this subsection may be enforced by any law enforcement officer of this state.

~~7.~~ 8. Any person convicted of violating the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00), to imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

~~8.~~ 9. The selling of fireworks shall not be considered an act in violation of this subsection.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2016.

Passed the Senate the 23rd day of February, 2016.

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Presiding Officer of the Senate

Passed the House of Representatives the ____ day of _____, 2016.

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Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives