

An Act

ENROLLED HOUSE
BILL NO. 1782

By: Russ of the House

and

Griffin and Sharp of the
Senate

An Act relating to public health and safety; allowing first responders to administer certain medicine without prescription; providing applicability of certain act; allowing providers to prescribe certain medicine to family members of individuals who exhibit signs of certain overdose; requiring provider to provide certain information; providing applicability of certain act; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

SUBJECT: Administration of medicine

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-2506.1 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. First responders shall have the authority to administer, without prescription, opiate antagonists when encountering an individual exhibiting signs of an opiate overdose. For the purposes of this provision, a first responder shall include:

1. Law enforcement officials;
2. Emergency medical technicians;
3. Firefighters; and

4. Medical personnel at secondary schools and institutions of higher education.

B. Any first responder administering an opiate antagonist in a manner consistent with addressing opiate overdose shall be covered under the Good Samaritan Act.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-2506.2 of Title 63, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Upon request, a provider may prescribe an opiate antagonist to an individual for use by that individual when encountering a family member exhibiting signs of an opiate overdose.

B. When an opiate antagonist is prescribed in accordance with subsection A of this section, the provider shall provide:

1. Information on how to spot symptoms of an overdose;
2. Instruction in basic resuscitation techniques;
3. Instruction on proper naloxone administration; and
4. The importance of calling 911 for help.

C. Any family member administering an opiate antagonist in a manner consistent with addressing opiate overdose shall be covered under the Good Samaritan Act.

SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2013.

Passed the House of Representatives the 16th day of May, 2013.

Presiding Officer of the House
of Representatives

Passed the Senate the 18th day of April, 2013.

Presiding Officer of the Senate

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Received by the Office of the Governor this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

By: _____

Approved by the Governor of the State of Oklahoma this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Governor of the State of Oklahoma

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Received by the Office of the Secretary of State this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

By: _____