

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend HB1782 _____
Of the printed Bill
Page _____ Section _____ Lines _____
Of the Engrossed Bill

By striking the Title, the Enacting Clause, the entire bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Adopted: _____

Amendment submitted by: Todd Russ

Reading Clerk

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 54th Legislature (2013)

3 PROPOSED COMMITTEE
4 SUBSTITUTE
5 FOR
6 HOUSE BILL NO. 1782

By: Russ

7
8 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

9 An Act relating to public health and safety; allowing
10 first responders to administer certain medicine
11 without prescription; providing applicability of
12 certain act; allowing providers to prescribe certain
13 medicine to family members of individuals who exhibit
14 signs of certain overdose; requiring provider to
15 provide certain information; providing applicability
16 of certain act; providing for codification; and
17 providing an effective date.

18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

19 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-2506.1 of Title 63, unless
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 A. First responders shall have the authority to administer,
23 without prescription, opiate antagonists when encountering an
24 individual exhibiting signs of an opiate overdose. For the purposes
of this provision, a first responder shall include:

1. Law enforcement officials;

- 1 2. Emergency medical technicians;
- 2 3. Firefighters;
- 3 4. Medical personnel at secondary schools and institutions of
- 4 higher education; and
- 5 5. Licensed alcohol and drug counselors, licensed behavioral
- 6 health providers, licensed professional counselors, licensed marital
- 7 and family therapists, and licensed clinical social workers.

8 B. Any first responder administering an opiate antagonist in a

9 manner consistent with addressing opiate overdose shall be covered

10 under the Good Samaritan Act.

11 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified

12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-2506.2 of Title 63, unless

13 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 A. Upon request, a provider may prescribe an opiate antagonist

15 to an individual for use by that individual when encountering a

16 family member exhibiting signs of an opiate overdose.

17 B. When an opiate antagonist is prescribed in accordance with

18 subsection A of this section, the provider shall provide:

- 19 1. Information on how to spot symptoms of an overdose;
- 20 2. Instruction in basic resuscitation techniques;
- 21 3. Instruction on proper naloxone administration; and
- 22 4. The importance of calling 911 for help.

1 C. Any family member administering an opiate antagonist in a
2 manner consistent with addressing opiate overdose shall be covered
3 under the Good Samaritan Act.

4 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2013.

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6 54-1-7309 AM 02/25/13

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