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    ENGROSSED HOUSE AMENDMENT
             ТΟ
    ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 1101 By: Barrington of the Senate
 3
                                                     and
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                                              Armes of the House
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            [ Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System
             - Internal Revenue Service ruling - definition -
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 9
             eligibility - firefighter pensions - benefits -
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                                                      emergency ]
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    AUTHORS: Add the following House Coauthors: McDaniel (Randy) and
              Ritze
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    AMENDMENT NO. 1. Strike the stricken title, enacting clause and
                      entire bill and insert
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            "An Act relating to the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension
            and Retirement System; amending 11 O.S. 2011,
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            Sections 29-114, 49-100.1, as amended by Section 1,
            Chapter 364, O.S.L. 2012, 49-106.2, as amended by
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            Section 5, Chapter 364, O.S.L. 2012 and 49-106.5 (11
            O.S. Supp. 2012, Sections 49-100.1 and 49-106.2),
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            which relate to the administration of the retirement
             system; modifying reference to Internal Revenue
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            Service ruling; modifying definition; modifying
            internal statutory references; modifying reference
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            to certain years related to service credit;
            modifying definition; and declaring an emergency.
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    BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
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- 1 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 29-114, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 | Section 29-114. All firefighters in the state whose fire
- 4 department provides fire protection services to a participating
- 5 | municipality, as defined in paragraph 9 of Section 49-100.1 of Title
- 6 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title, on or after the effective
- 7 date of this act shall be governmental employees, as described in
- 8 Internal Revenue Service Revenue Rule 89-49 Ruling 1989-49, 1989-1
- 9 CB 117, and shall be members of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension
- 10 and Retirement System. The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
- 11 Retirement Board shall determine whether a firefighter is a
- 12 | governmental employee as defined in this section.
- 13 | SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 49-100.1, as
- 14 | amended by Section 1, Chapter 364, O.S.L. 2012 (11 O.S. Supp. 2012,
- 15 | Section 49-100.1), is amended to read as follows:
- 16 Section 49-100.1 As used in this article:
- 17 | 1. "System" means the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
- 18 Retirement System and all predecessor municipal firefighters pension
- 19 | and retirement systems;
- 20 2. "Article" means Article 49 of this title;
- 3. "State Board" means the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
- 22 Retirement Board;
- 4. "Local board" means the local firefighters pension and
- 24 | retirement boards;

5. "Fund" means the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund;

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"Member" means all eligible firefighters of a participating 6. municipality or a fire protection district who perform the essential functions of fire suppression, prevention, and life safety duties in a fire department. The term "member" shall include but not be limited to the person serving as fire chief of any participating municipality, provided that a person serving as fire chief of a participating municipality shall meet the age, agility, physical and other eligibility requirements required by law at the time said person becomes a member of the System. Effective July 1, 1987, a member does not include a "leased employee". The term "leased employee" means any person (other than an employee of the recipient) who pursuant to an agreement between the recipient and any other person ("leasing organization") has performed services for the recipient (or for the recipient and related persons determined in accordance with Section 414(n)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) on a substantially full-time basis for a period of at least one (1) year, and such services are performed under primary direction or control by the recipient. Contributions or benefits provided a leased employee by the leasing organization which are attributable to services performed for the recipient employer shall be treated as provided by the recipient employer. A leased employee shall not be considered an employee of the recipient if the

- 1 requirements of the safe harbor provisions of Section 414(n)(5) of
- 2 | the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, are satisfied.
- 3 | Effective July 1, 1999, any individual who agrees with the
- 4 participating municipality that the individual's services are to be
- 5 performed as a leased employee or an independent contractor shall
- 6 | not be a member regardless of any classification as a common law
- 7 employee by the Internal Revenue Service or any other governmental
- 8 agency, or any court of competent jurisdiction;
- 9 7. "Normal retirement date" means the date at which the member
- 10 | is eligible to receive the unreduced payments of the member's
- 11 | accrued retirement benefit. Such date shall be the first day
- 12 | following the date the member completes twenty (20) years of
- 13 | credited service. If the member's employment continues past the
- 14 | normal retirement date of the member, the actual retirement date of
- 15 | the member shall be the first day following the date the member
- 16 | terminates employment with more than twenty (20) years of credited
- 17 | service;
- 18 8. "Credited service" means the period of service used to
- 19 determine the eligibility for and the amount of benefits payable to
- 20 a member. Credited service shall consist of the period during which
- 21 | the member participated in the System or the predecessor municipal
- 22 | systems as an active employee in an eligible membership
- 23 classification, plus any service prior to the establishment of the
- 24 predecessor municipal systems which was credited under the

- predecessor municipal systems; provided, however, "credited service"
 for members from a fire protection district shall not begin accruing
 before July 1, 1982;
 - 9. "Participating municipality" means a municipality, county fire department organized pursuant to subsection D of Section 351 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or fire protection district which is making contributions to the System on behalf of its firefighters. All participating municipalities shall appoint a fire chief who shall supervise and administer the fire department;
 - 10. "Disability" means the complete inability of the firefighter to perform any and every duty of the firefighter's regular occupation; provided further, that once benefits have been paid for twenty-four (24) months the provisions of Section 49-110 of this title shall apply to the firefighter;
 - 11. "Executive Director" means the managing officer of the System employed by the State Board;
 - 12. "Eligible employer" means any municipality with a municipal fire department, any county fire department organized pursuant to subsection D of Section 351 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes or a any fire protection district with an organized fire department;
- 21 13. "Entry date" means the date as of which an eligible
 22 employer joins the System. The first entry date pursuant to this
 23 article shall be January 1, 1981;

14. "Final average salary" means the average paid gross salary of the firefighter for normally scheduled hours over the highest salaried thirty (30) consecutive months of the last sixty (60) months of credited service. Gross salary shall not include payment for accumulated sick or annual leave upon termination of employment, any uniform allowances or any other compensation for reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses. Only salary on which the required contributions have been made may be used in computing the final average salary. Effective January 1, 1988, gross salary shall include any amount of elective salary reduction under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Gross salary shall include any amount of elective salary reduction under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any amount of nonelective salary reduction under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Effective July 1, 1998, for purposes of determining a member's compensation, any contribution by the member to reduce the member's regular cash remuneration under 132(f)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be treated as if the member did not make such an election. Only salary on which required contributions have been made may be used in computing final average salary.

In addition to other applicable limitations, and notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, for plan years beginning on or after July 1, 2002, the annual gross salary of each "Noneligible

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1 Member" taken into account under the System shall not exceed the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 ("EGTRRA") 2 annual salary limit. The EGTRRA annual salary limit is Two Hundred 3 Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00), as adjusted by the Commissioner for 4 increases in the cost of living in accordance with Section 5 401(a)(17)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 6 The annual salary limit in effect for a calendar year applies to any 7 period, not exceeding twelve (12) months, over which salary is 9 determined ("determination period") beginning in such calendar year. 10 If a determination period consists of fewer than twelve (12) months, the EGTRRA salary limit will be multiplied by a fraction, the 11 12 numerator of which is the number of months in the determination 13 period, and the denominator of which is twelve (12). For purposes 14 of this subsection, a "Noneligible Member" is any member who first 15 became a member during a plan year commencing on or after July 1, 16 1996.

For plan years beginning on or after July 1, 2002, any reference to the annual salary limit under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall mean the EGTRRA salary limit set forth in this subsection paragraph.

Effective June 9, 2010, gross salary shall also include gross salary, as described above, for services, but paid by the later of two and one-half (2 1/2) months after a firefighter's severance from employment or the end of the calendar year that includes the date

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the firefighter terminated employment, if it is a payment that, absent a severance from employment, would have been paid to the firefighter while the firefighter continued in employment with the participating municipality.

Effective June 9, 2010, any payments not described above shall not be considered gross salary if paid after severance from employment, even if they are paid by the later of two and one-half (2 1/2) months after the date of severance from employment or the end of the calendar year that includes the date of severance from employment, except payments to an individual who does not currently perform services for the participating municipality by reason of qualified military service within the meaning of Section 414(u)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to the extent these payments do not exceed the amounts the individual would have received if the individual had continued to perform services for the participating municipality rather than entering qualified military service.

Effective June 9, 2010, back pay, within the meaning of Section 1.415(c)-2(g)(8) of the Income Tax Regulations, shall be treated as gross salary for the year to which the back pay relates to the extent the back pay represents wages and compensation that would otherwise be included in this definition.

Effective for years beginning after December 31, 2008, gross salary shall also include differential wage payments under Section 414(u)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

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- 15. "Accrued retirement benefit" means two and one-half percent (2 1/2%) of the firefighter's final average salary multiplied by the member's years of credited service not to exceed thirty (30) years;
- 16. "Beneficiary" means a member's surviving spouse or any surviving children, including biological and adopted children, at the time of the member's death. The surviving spouse must have been married to the firefighter for the thirty (30) continuous months preceding the firefighter's death provided a surviving spouse of a member who died while in, or as a consequence of, the performance of the member's duty for a participating municipality, shall not be subject to the marriage limitation for survivor benefits. surviving child of a member shall be a beneficiary until reaching eighteen (18) years of age or twenty-two (22) years of age if the child is enrolled full time and regularly attending a public or private school or any institution of higher education. Any child adopted by a member after the member's retirement shall be a beneficiary only if the child is adopted by the member for the thirty (30) continuous months preceding the member's death. child who is adopted by a member after the member's retirement and such member dies accidentally or as a consequence of the performance of the member's duty as a firefighter shall not be subject to the

thirty-month adoption requirement. This definition of beneficiary
shall be in addition to any other requirement set forth in this
article;

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- 17. "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all contributions made by a member to the System and includes both contributions deducted from the compensation of a member and contributions of a member picked up and paid by the participating municipality of the member. Accumulated contributions shall not include any interest on the contributions of the member, interest on any amount contributed by the municipality or state and any amount contributed by the municipality or state; and
 - 18. "Limitation year" means the year used in applying the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which year shall be the calendar year.
- 15 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 49-106.2, as
 16 amended by Section 5, Chapter 364, O.S.L. 2012 (11 O.S. Supp. 2012,
 17 Section 49-106.2), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 49-106.2 A. For limitation years prior to July 1,

 2007, the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of

 1986, as amended, shall be computed in accordance with the

 applicable provisions of the System in effect at that time and, to

 the extent applicable, Revenue Ruling 98-1 and Revenue Ruling 2001
 51, except as provided below. Notwithstanding any other provision

 contained herein to the contrary, the benefits payable to a member

- from the System provided by employer contributions (including contributions picked up by the employer under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) shall be subject to the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in accordance with the provisions of this section. The limitations of this section shall apply in limitation years beginning on or after July 1, 2007, except as otherwise provided below.
 - B. Except as provided below, effective for limitation years ending after December 31, 2001, any accrued retirement benefit payable to a member as an annual benefit as described below shall not exceed One Hundred Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$160,000.00), automatically adjusted under Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for increases in the cost of living, as prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury or his or her delegate, effective January 1 of each calendar year and applicable to the limitation year ending with or within such calendar year. The automatic annual adjustment of the dollar limitation in this subsection under Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply to a member who has had a severance from employment.
- 1. The member's annual benefit is a benefit that is payable
 annually in the form of a straight life annuity. Except as provided
 below, where a benefit is payable in a form other than a straight

1 life annuity, the benefit shall be adjusted to an actuarially equivalent straight life annuity that begins at the same time as 3 such other form of benefit and is payable on the first day of each month, before applying the limitations of this section. For a 4 5 member who has or will have distributions commencing at more than one annuity starting date, the annual benefit shall be determined as 6 of each such annuity starting date (and shall satisfy the 7 limitations of this section as of each such date), actuarially adjusting for past and future distributions of benefits commencing 10 at the other annuity starting dates. For this purpose, the 11 determination of whether a new starting date has occurred shall be 12 made without regard to Section 1.401(a)-20, Q&A 10(d), and with 13 regard to Section 1.415(b)-1(b)(1)(iii)(B) and (C) of the Income Tax 14 Regulations.

- 2. No actuarial adjustment to the benefit shall be made for:
 - a. survivor benefits payable to a surviving spouse under a qualified joint and survivor annuity to the extent such benefits would not be payable if the member's benefit were paid in another form,
 - b. benefits that are not directly related to retirement benefits such as a qualified disability benefit, preretirement incidental death benefits, and postretirement medical benefits, or

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- benefit increase feature, provided, the form of benefit is not subject to Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and would otherwise satisfy the limitations of this section, and the System provides that the amount payable under the form of benefit in any limitation year shall not exceed the limits of this section applicable at the annuity starting date, as increased in subsequent years pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. For this purpose, an automatic benefit increase feature is included in a form of benefit if the form of benefit provides for automatic, periodic increases to the benefits paid in that form.
- 3. The determination of the annual benefit shall take into account Social Security supplements described in Section 411(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and benefits transferred from another defined benefit plan, other than transfers of distributable benefits pursuant to Section 1.411(d)-4, Q&A-3(c), of the Income Tax Regulations, but shall disregard benefits attributable to employee contributions or rollover contributions.
- 4. Effective for distributions in plan years beginning after December 31, 2003, the determination of actuarial equivalence of

forms of benefit other than a straight life annuity shall be made in accordance with paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 of this subsection.

- 5. Benefit Forms Not Subject to Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: The straight life annuity that is actuarially equivalent to the member's form of benefit shall be determined under this paragraph if the form of the member's benefit is either:
 - a. a nondecreasing annuity (other than a straight life annuity) payable for a period of not less than the life of the member (or, in the case of a qualified preretirement survivor annuity, the life of the surviving spouse), or
 - b. an annuity that decreases during the life of the member merely because of:
 - (1) the death of the survivor annuitant, but only if
 the reduction is not below fifty percent (50%) of
 the benefit payable before the death of the
 survivor annuitant, or
 - (2) the cessation or reduction of Social Security supplements or qualified disability payments as defined in Section 411(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - c. Limitation Years Beginning Before July 1, 2007. For limitation years beginning before July 1, 2007, the

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actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit computed using whichever of the following produces the greater annual amount:

- (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form, and
- (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) for that annuity starting date.
- d. Limitation Year Beginning On January 1, 2008. For the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the greater of:
 - (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity, if any, payable to the member under the System commencing at the same annuity starting date as the member's form of benefit, and

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(2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) for that annuity starting date.

- e. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2008.

 For limitation years beginning on or after July 1,

 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity
 is equal to the greater of:
 - (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity, if any, payable to the member under the System commencing at the same annuity starting date as the member's form of benefit, and
 - (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code

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of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) for that annuity starting date.

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6. Benefit Forms Subject to Section 417 (e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: The straight life annuity that is actuarially equivalent to the member's form of benefit shall be determined under this paragraph θ if the form of the member's benefit is other than a benefit form described in paragraph 5 of this subsection. In this case, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity shall be determined as follows:

- Annuity Starting Date on or after January 1, 2009. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in the period beginning on January 1, 2009 through June 30, 2009, or in a plan year beginning after June 30, 2009, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the greatest of divisions (1), (2) and (3) below of this subparagraph:
 - the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor as set forth in the most recent actuarial valuation referenced in subsection H of

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Section 49-100.9 of this title prior to September 1, 2011, and effective September 1, 2011, in subsection L of this section for adjusting benefits in the same form,

- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance), and
- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computing using:
 - (a) the adjusted first, second, and third segment rates under Section 417(e)(3)(C) and (D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applied under rules similar to the rules of Section 430(h)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,

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for the fourth calendar month preceding the plan year in which falls the annuity starting date for the distribution and the stability period is the successive period of one plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, or as otherwise provided in the applicable guidance if the first day of the first plan year beginning after December 31, 2007, does not coincide with the first day of the applicable stability period, and

the applicable mortality table within the (b) meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Rev. Rul. 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

b. Annuity Starting Date in the Period Beginning on July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in the period beginning on July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life

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- annuity is equal to the greatest of $\underline{\text{divisions}}$ (1), (2) and (3) $\underline{\text{below}}$ of this subparagraph:
- (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form,
- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and
- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using:
 - (a) the adjusted first, second, and third segment rates under Section 417(e)(3)(C) and

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(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applied under rules similar to the rules of Section 430(h)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for the fourth calendar month preceding the plan year in which falls the annuity starting date for the distribution and the stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, or as otherwise provided in the applicable guidance if the first day of the first plan year beginning after December 31, 2007, does not coincide with the first day of the applicable stability period, and

(b) the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

c. Annuity Starting Date in Plan Years Beginning in 2006 or 2007. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in a plan year beginning in 2006 or 2007, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity

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is equal to the greatest of <u>divisions</u> (1), (2) and (3) below of this subparagraph:

- (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using the interest rate and the mortality table (or other tabular factor) each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form,
- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and
- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using:
 - (a) the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner

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ENGR. H. A. to ENGR. S. B. NO. 1101

for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, and

(b) the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

- d. Annuity Starting Date in Plan Years Beginning in 2004 or 2005.
 - of benefit is in a plan year beginning in 2004 or 2005, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit,

computed using whichever of the following produces the greater annual amount:

- (a) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form, and
- (b) a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- (2) If the annuity starting date of the member's benefit is on or after the first day of the first plan year beginning in 2004 and before December 31, 2004, the application of this subparagraph shall not cause the amount payable under the member's form of benefit to be less than the benefit calculated under the System, taking into account the limitations of this section, except that the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial

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present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using whichever of the following produces the greatest annual amount:

- other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form,
- (b) i. the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, and
 - ii. the applicable mortality table
 described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or

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its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and

(c) i.

the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant (as in effect on the last day of the last plan year beginning before January 1, 2004, under provisions of the System then adopted and in effect), and

ii. the applicable mortality table
 described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or
 its successor for these purposes, if
 applicable).

- C. If a member has less than ten (10) years of participation in the System and all predecessor municipal firefighter pension and retirement systems, the dollar limitation otherwise applicable under subsection B of this section shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of the years of participation, or part thereof, in the System of the member, but never less than one (1), and the denominator of which is ten (10).
- D. Adjustment of Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement
 Before Sixty-two (62) Years of Age or After Sixty-five (65) Years of
 Age: Effective for benefits commencing in limitation years ending
 after December 31, 2001, the dollar limitation under subsection B of
 this section shall be adjusted if the annuity starting date of the
 member's benefit is before sixty-two (62) years of age or after
 sixty-five (65) years of age. If the annuity starting date is
 before sixty-two (62) years of age, the dollar limitation under
 subsection B of this section shall be adjusted under paragraph 1 of
 this subsection, as modified by paragraph 3 of this subsection, but
 subject to paragraph 4 of this subsection. If the annuity starting
 date is after sixty-five (65) years of age, the dollar limitation
 under subsection B of this section shall be adjusted under paragraph
 2 of this subsection, as modified by paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 1. Adjustment of Defined Benefit Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement Before Sixty-two (62) Years of Age:

the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning before July 1, 2007, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using whichever of the following produces the smaller annual amount:

- (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title, or
- (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- b. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2007.

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- (1) System Does Not Have Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-two (62) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit Commencement.
 - If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality

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table for the annuity starting date as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

If the annuity starting date for the (b) member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence

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computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

(2) System Has Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-two (62) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit Commencement. If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after July 1, 2007, and the System has an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the lesser of the limitation determined under division (1) of this subparagraph b of this paragraph and the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this

(10), if required) multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at the member's annuity starting date to the annual amount of the immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at sixty-two (62) years of age, both determined without applying the limitations of this section.

section for years of participation less than ten

- 2. Adjustment of Defined Benefit Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement After Sixty-five (65) Years of Age:
 - a. Limitation Years Beginning Before July 1, 2007. If
 the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is
 after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a
 limitation year beginning before July 1, 2007, the
 dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting
 date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the
 form of a straight life annuity commencing at the
 member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial
 equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B
 of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this
 section for years of participation less than ten (10),
 if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using

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whichever of the following produces the smaller annual amount:

- (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title, or
- (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- b. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2007.
 - (1) System Does Not Have Immediately Commencing

 Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-five

 (65) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit

 Commencement.
 - (a) If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting

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date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table for the annuity starting date as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

(b) If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the

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age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

(2) System Has Immediately Commencing Straight Life
Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-five (65) Years of
Age and Age of Benefit Commencement. If the
annuity starting date for the member's benefit is

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after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after July 1, 2007, and the System has an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting date is the lesser of the limitation determined under division (1) of this subparagraph b of this paragraph and the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at the member's annuity starting date to the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at sixty-five (65) years of age, both determined without applying the limitations of this section. For this purpose, the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of such annuity payable to the

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member, computed disregarding the member's accruals after sixty-five (65) years of age but including actuarial adjustments even if those actuarial adjustments are used to offset accruals; and the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at sixty-five (65) years of age is the annual amount of such annuity that would be payable under the System to a hypothetical member who is sixty-five (65) years of age and has the same accrued

no adjustment shall be made to the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section to reflect the probability of a member's death between the annuity starting date and sixty-two (62) years of age, or between sixty-five (65) years of age and the annuity starting date, as applicable, if benefits are not forfeited upon the death of the member prior to the annuity starting date. To the extent benefits are forfeited upon death before the annuity starting date, such an adjustment shall be made. For this purpose, no forfeiture shall be treated as occurring upon the member's death if the System does not charge members for providing a qualified preretirement survivor annuity, as defined in Section 417(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, upon the member's death.

3. Notwithstanding the other requirements of this subsection,

benefit as the member.

- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, for
 limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, if payment
 begins before the member reaches sixty-two (62) years of age, the
 reductions in the limitations in this subsection shall not apply to
 a member who is a "qualified participant" as defined in Section
 415(b)(2)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - E. Minimum Benefit Permitted: Notwithstanding anything else in this section to the contrary, the benefit otherwise accrued or payable to a member under this System shall be deemed not to exceed the maximum permissible benefit if:
 - 1. The retirement benefits payable for a limitation year under any form of benefit with respect to such member under this System and under all other defined benefit plans (without regard to whether a plan has been terminated) ever maintained by a participating municipality do not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) multiplied by a fraction:
 - a. the numerator of which is the member's number of credited years (or part thereof, but not less than one
 (1) year) of service (not to exceed ten (10) years)
 with the participating municipality, and
 - b. the denominator of which is ten (10); and
 - 2. The participating municipality (or a predecessor employer)
 has not at any time maintained a defined contribution plan in which
 the member participated (for this purpose, mandatory employee

- contributions under a defined benefit plan, individual medical
 accounts under Section 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
 as amended, and accounts for postretirement medical benefits
 established under Section 419A(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of
 1986, as amended, are not considered a separate defined contribution
 plan).
 - F. In no event shall the maximum annual accrued retirement benefit of a member allowable under this section be less than the annual amount of such accrued retirement benefit, including early pension and qualified joint and survivor annuity amounts, duly accrued by the member as of the last day of the limitation year beginning in 1982, or as of the last day of the limitation year beginning in 1986, whichever is greater, disregarding any plan changes or cost-of-living adjustments occurring after July 1, 1982, as to the 1982 accrued amount, and May 5, 1986, as to the 1986 accrued amount.
 - G. For limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, subsection C of this section, paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section, and the proration provided under subparagraphs a and b of paragraph 1 of subsection E of this section, shall not apply to a benefit paid under the System as a result of the member becoming disabled by reason of personal injuries or sickness, or amounts received by the beneficiaries, survivors or estate of the member as a result of the death of the member.

- H. Effective for years beginning after December 31, 1997, if

 If a member purchases service credit under Sections 49-117.2 and 49
 117.3 of this title the System, which qualifies as "permissive

 service credit" pursuant to Section 415(n) of the Internal Revenue

 Code of 1986, as amended, the limitations of Section 415 of the

 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may be met by either:
 - 1. Treating the accrued benefit derived from such contributions as an annual benefit under subsection B of this section; or
 - 2. Treating all such contributions as annual additions for purposes of Section 415(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - I. Effective for years beginning after December 31, 1997, if If a member repays to the System any amounts received refunded from the System because of the member's prior termination pursuant to or any other amount which qualifies as a repayment under Section 49-117.1 415(k)(3) of this title the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, such repayment shall not be taken into account for purposes of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, pursuant to Section 415(k)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - J. For distributions made in limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the combined limit of repealed Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall not apply.

K. The State Board is hereby authorized to revoke the special election previously made on June 21, 1991, under Section 415(b)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

- L. Effective September 1, 2011, the interest rate and mortality assumptions for the System used to determine the actuarial equivalence of a member's form of benefit shall be set by the State Board in a manner that precludes employer discretion, shall be based upon recommendations from independent professional advisors and shall be published annually in the actuarial valuation.
- SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 49-106.5, is amended to read as follows:

Section 49-106.5 A. A member who is an eligible retired public safety officer and who wishes to have direct payments made toward the member's qualified health insurance premiums from the member's monthly disability benefit or monthly pension payment must make a written election in accordance with Section 402(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, on the form provided by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, as follows:

- 1. The election must be made after the member separates from service as a public safety officer with the member's participating municipality;
- 2. The election shall only apply to distributions from the System after December 31, 2006, and to amounts not yet distributed to the eligible retired public safety officer;

- 1 3. Direct payments for an eligible retired public safety officer's qualified health insurance premiums can only be made from the member's monthly disability benefit or monthly pension payment from the System and cannot be made from the Deferred Option Plan; and
 - The aggregate amount of the exclusion from an eligible retired public safety officer's gross income is Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) per calendar year.
 - B. As used in this section:

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- "Public safety officer" means a member serving a public agency in an official capacity, with or without compensation, as a law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or as a member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew;
- "Eligible retired public safety officer" means a member who, by reason of disability or attainment of normal retirement date or age, is separated from service as a public safety officer with the member's participating municipality; and
- 3. "Qualified health insurance premiums" means are premiums for coverage for the eligible retired public safety officer, the eligible retired public safety officer's spouse, and dependents, as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, by an accident or health insurance plan or a qualified long-term care insurance contract, as defined in Section 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The health plan does

1	not have to be sponsored by the eligible retired public safety
2	officer's former participating municipality.
3	C. The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Board shall
4	promulgate such rules as are necessary to implement the provisions
5	of this section.
6	SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
7	of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby
8	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
9	be in full force from and after its passage and approval."
10	Passed the House of Representatives the 28th day of March, 2013.
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13	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
14	kepresentatives
15	Passed the Senate the day of, 2013.
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