1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION		
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA		
3	1st Session of the 53rd Legislature		
4	ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 517 By: Mazzei of the Senate		
5	and		
6	Dank of the House		
7	Daine Of the flouse		
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10	[tax credits, exemptions and deductions - limiting		
11	time period credit exemption or deduction may be		
12	claimed - effective date]		
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:		
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 27A O.S. 2001, Section 2-11-303,		
17	as amended by Section 2, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (27A O.S. Supp.		
18	2010, Section 2-11-303), is amended to read as follows:		
19	Section 2-11-303. A. Except as otherwise provided in		
20	subsection C of this section, <u>before January 1, 2014,</u> any person,		
21	firm, corporation or other legal entity engaged, or proposing to		
22	engage, in the recycling, reuse or source reduction of any hazardous		
23	waste, the processing of which is certified as provided in Section		
24	2-11-305 of this title, shall be entitled to a one-time credit		
	SB517 HFLR Page 1		

- 1 | against its income tax liability, as provided in Section 2-11-304 of
- 2 | this title, of not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the net
- 3 | investment cost of equipment and installation of processes used for
- 4 | the recycling, reuse, or source reduction of hazardous waste.
- 5 Provided, that:
- 6 1. The credit allowed to be taken shall not exceed the income
- 7 | tax liability for such year for such person, firm, corporation or
- 8 | legal entity;
- 9 2. The tax credit to be allowed shall not extend to or include
- 10 | plant operating expenses;
- 3. The person, firm, corporation or other legal entity applying
- 12 | for such tax credit actually uses the recycling, reuse, or source
- 13 | reduction process;
- 14 4. The tax credit is taken within three (3) years of the
- 15 | installation and actual use of such process; and
- 16 5. The tax credit allowed by any person, firm, corporation or
- 17 other legal entity for any three (3) consecutive tax years shall not
- 18 exceed a total of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00).
- B. The investment cost of such process may be treated as a
- 20 depreciable asset for income tax purposes.
- 21 C. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this
- 22 | section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,
- 23 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for
- 24 | which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of

- 1 | this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.
- 2 | Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be
- 3 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other
- 4 | act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
- 5 of this section.
- 6 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357, as
- 7 | last amended by Section 3, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
- 8 2010, Section 2357), is amended to read as follows:
- 9 Section 2357. A. The withheld taxes and estimated taxes paid
- 10 | shall be allowed as credits as provided by law.
- B. 1. There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
- 12 | imposed by Section 2355 of this title the amount of tax paid another
- 13 | state by a resident individual, as defined in paragraph 4 of Section
- 14 2353 of this title, upon income received as compensation for
- 15 personal services in such other state; provided, such credit shall
- 16 | not be allowed with respect to any income specified in Section 114
- 17 of Title 4 of the United States Code, 4 U.S.C., Section 114, upon
- 18 which a state is prohibited from imposing an income tax. The credit
- 19 shall not exceed such proportion of the tax payable under Section
- 20 2355 of this title as the compensation for personal services subject
- 21 to tax in the other state and also taxable under Section 2355 of
- 22 | this title bears to the Oklahoma adjusted gross income as defined in
- 23 paragraph 13 of Section 2353 of this title.

1	2. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, there shall
2	be allowed to a resident individual or part-year resident individual
3	or nonresident individual member of the Armed Forces as a credit
4	against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title twenty percent
5	(20%) of the credit for child care expenses allowed under the
6	Internal Revenue Code of the United States or five percent (5%) of
7	the child tax credit allowed under the Internal Revenue Code,
8	whichever amount is greater. Neither credit authorized by this
9	paragraph shall exceed the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this
.0	title. The maximum child care credit allowable on the Oklahoma
1	income tax return shall be prorated on the ratio that Oklahoma
2	adjusted gross income bears to the federal adjusted gross income.
.3	The credit authorized by this paragraph shall not be claimed by any
4	taxpayer if the federal adjusted gross income reflected on the
.5	Oklahoma return for the taxpayer is in excess of One Hundred
.6	Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00).

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Except as otherwise provided by paragraph 3 of this C. subsection, before January 1, 2014, every taxpayer who operates a manufacturing establishment in the state shall be allowed a direct credit against income taxes owed by such taxpayer to the state, the amount of which credit shall be proportioned to the amount of gas used or consumed in Oklahoma by such taxpayer in the operation of a manufacturing establishment, at a rate of three (3) mills per thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas used or consumed after May 1,

1	1971, and during each taxable year of such taxpayer p
2	the credit allowed herein shall not apply to the firs
3	thousand (25,000) MCF of gas used or gas used to gene
4	electricity or consumed after May 1, 1971, and during
5	year of such taxpayer.
6	2. As used in this subsection:
7	a. "manufacturing establishment" means a p
8	establishment which engages in the bus:
9	raw materials into wares suitable for u
LO	gives new shapes, new qualities or new
L1	matter which has already gone through s
L2	process,
L3	b. "gas used or consumed" shall include a
L4	casinghead gas used in the operation of
L5	manufacturing establishment for whateve
L6	shall not include the following:

provided that st twenty-five erate q each taxable

- plant or iness of working use or which combinations to some artificial
- ll natural or f the er purposes, but
 - gas which, after being severed from the earth, is (1) subsequently injected into a formation in the state for the purpose of storing, recycling, repressuring or pressure maintenance,
 - gas vented or flared directly into the (2) atmosphere,

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- (3) gas used for fuel in connection with the operation and development for or production of oil or gas in the field where produced, and
- (4) gas, any part of which is resold by the manufacturing establishment, except as to that part and quantity of the gas which is actually used by the establishment and not resold, and
- c. "one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas" (MCF) means that quantity of gas which, measured at a pressure of fifteen and twenty-five thousandths (15.025) pounds per square inch absolute and at a temperature of sixty-nine (69) degrees Fahrenheit, would have the volume of one thousand (1,000) cubic feet.
- 3. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this paragraph shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this subsection.
- D. No additions to tax shall be made in Oklahoma income tax returns by reason of the recapture or restoration of credits under

- the Internal Revenue Code, and no other credits against tax shall be allowed in Oklahoma income tax returns except as follows:
 - 1. Those credits provided in this section; and
- 2. Those credits authorized by Sections 2-5-101 through 2-5-118 of Title 27A of the Oklahoma Statutes, which have been, or may hereafter be, certified pursuant to applications therefor made on or before March 22, 1971. Provided, the total amount of the credits referred to in this subparagraph to be taken by the taxpayer shall not exceed the certified net investment cost of the facilities or processes to which such credits pertain, reduced by the greater of:
 - result of deducting depreciation on such facilities or processes, or deducting nondepreciable costs for which credit has been so certified, or
 - b. the increase in the amount of Oklahoma income tax that would result if taxable income were increased by the amount deducted as set forth in subparagraph a of this paragraph.

And, provided further, that, after such credits have been exhausted, taxpayer shall each year thereafter adjust taxable income by adding any depreciation taken on such facilities or processes, or any nondepreciable costs having been included in the net investment cost allowed as credit, and which depreciation or costs have been allowed as a deduction in arriving at federal taxable income for such year.

SB517 HFLR

- 1 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.6, as 2 amended by Section 5, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp. 2010, 3 Section 2357.6), is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.6. A. Any person or corporation may contribute monies to the Energy Conservation Assistance Fund. Except as otherwise provided in subsection B of this section, before January 1, 2014, such contributions shall be entitled to an income tax credit against the state personal or corporate income tax liability of fifty percent (50%) of the amount contributed to the fund for the taxable year in which it was made.
- No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this 11 12 section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for 13 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of 14 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 15 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 16 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other 17 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 18 of this section. 19
- 20 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.11, as
 21 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 361, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
 22 2010, Section 2357.11), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.11. A. For purposes of this section, the term
 24 "person" means any legal business entity including limited and

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- general partnerships, corporations, sole proprietorships, and limited liability companies, but does not include individuals.
- B. 1. Except as provided in subsection M of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state furnishing water, heat, light or power to the state or its citizens, or for every person in this state burning coal to generate heat, light or power for use in manufacturing operations located in this state.
 - 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, the credit shall be in the amount of Two Dollars (\$2.00) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
 - 3. For the period of July 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, the credit shall be in the amount of Two Dollars and eighty-five cents (\$2.85) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
 - 4. In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 3 of this subsection, for the period of July 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006, and except as provided in subsection M of

- 1 this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007,
- 2 and ending on or before December 31, 2014, there shall be allowed a
- 3 | credit in the amount of Two Dollars and fifteen cents (\$2.15) per
- 4 | ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
- 5 The credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph may
- 6 | not be claimed or transferred prior to January 1, 2008.
- 7 C. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and
- 8 ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period beginning
- 9 January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be allowed, in
- 10 addition to the credits allowed pursuant to subsection B of this
- 11 section, a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section
- 12 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma
- 13 | Statutes for every person in this state which:
- 14 1. Furnishes water, heat, light or power to the state or its
- 15 citizens, or burns coal to generate heat, light or power for use in
- 16 | manufacturing operations located in this state; and
- 2. Purchases at least seven hundred fifty thousand (750,000)
- 18 | tons of Oklahoma-mined coal in the tax year.
- 19 The additional credit allowed pursuant to this subsection shall
- 20 be in the amount of Three Dollars (\$3.00) per ton for each ton of
- 21 Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
- 22 D. Except as otherwise provided in subsection E of this section
- 23 and in subsection M of this section, for tax years beginning on or
- 24 after January 1, 2001, and ending on or before December 31, 2013,

1 there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state primarily 3 engaged in mining, producing or extracting coal, and holding a valid 4 permit issued by the Oklahoma Department of Mines. For tax years 5 beginning on or after January 1, 2001, and ending on or before 6 December 31, 2005, and for the period beginning January 1, 2006, 7 through June 30, 2006, the credit shall be in the amount of ninety-9 five cents (\$0.95) per ton and for the period of July 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006, and for tax years beginning on or after 10 January 1, 2007, the credit shall be in the amount of Five Dollars 11 (\$5.00) for each ton of coal mined, produced or extracted in on, 12 under or through a permit in this state by such person. 13

E. In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section and except as otherwise provided in subsection F of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state primarily engaged in mining, producing or extracting coal, and holding a valid permit issued by the Oklahoma Department of Mines in the amount of ninety-five cents (\$0.95) per ton for each ton of coal mined, produced or extracted

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- from thin seams in this state by such person; provided, the credit
 shall not apply to such coal sold to any consumer who purchases at
 least seven hundred fifty thousand (750,000) tons of Oklahoma-mined
 coal per year.
- 5 In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section and except as otherwise provided in 6 subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning on or after 7 January 1, 2005, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for 9 the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be 10 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or that portion of the tax imposed by Section 624 11 12 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes, which is actually paid to and placed into the General Revenue Fund, in the amount of 13 ninety-five cents (\$0.95) per ton for each ton of coal mined, 14 15 produced or extracted from thin seams in this state by such person on or after July 1, 2005. 16
 - G. The credits provided in subsections D and E of this section shall not be allowed for coal mined, produced or extracted in any month in which the average price of coal is Sixty-eight Dollars (\$68.00) or more per ton, excluding freight charges, as determined by the Tax Commission.
- 22 H. The additional credits allowed pursuant to subsections B, C,
 23 D and E of this section but not used shall be freely transferable
 24 after January 1, 2002, by written agreement to subsequent

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1	transferees at any time during the five (5) years following the year
2	of qualification; provided, the additional credits allowed pursuant
3	to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section but
4	not used shall be freely transferable after January 1, 2008, by
5	written agreement to subsequent transferees at any time during the
6	five (5) years following the year of qualification. An eligible
7	transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by
8	Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of
9	Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The person originally allowed
10	the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file a copy
11	of the written credit transfer agreement with the Tax Commission
12	within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement
13	shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number
14	of the parties to the transfer, the amount of credit being
15	transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the
16	transferring person and the tax year or years for which the credit
17	may be claimed. The Tax Commission may promulgate rules to permit
18	verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit claimed
19	upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not
20	promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers
21	of such tax credit.

I. The additional credit allowed pursuant to subsection F of this section but not used shall be freely transferable on or after July 1, 2006, by written agreement to subsequent transferees at any

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1 time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification.

2 | An eligible transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax

3 | imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624

or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The person originally

5 | allowed the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file

a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Tax

7 | Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written

agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer

9 identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of

credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed

to the transferring person and the tax year or years for which the

credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission may promulgate rules to

permit verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit

claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not

promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers

of such tax credit.

J. Any person receiving tax credits pursuant to the provisions of this section shall apply the credits against taxes payable or shall transfer the credits as provided in this section. Credits shall not be used to lower the price of any Oklahoma-mined coal sold that is produced by a subsidiary of the person receiving a tax credit under this section to other buyers of the Oklahoma-mined

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K. The credits allowed by subsections B, C, D, E and F of this section, upon election of the taxpayer, shall be treated and may be claimed as a payment of tax, a prepayment of tax or a payment of estimated tax for purposes of Section 1803 or 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

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- L. Any credits allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsections B, C, D, E and F of this section but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the five (5) years following the year of qualification.
- 10 Μ. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, 11 12 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of 13 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 14 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 15 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other 16 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 17 of this section. 18
- 19 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.26, as
 20 last amended by Section 8, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
 21 2010, Section 2357.26), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.26. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2001, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit

SB517 HFLR Page 15

1	against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for employers				
2	incurring eligible expenses in connection with the provision of				
3	child care services.				
4	B. As used in this section:				
5	1. "Eligible expenses" means amounts paid for:				
6	a.	the purchase of qualifying child care services that			
7		are actually provided to children of employees, at a			
8		program licensed by the Department of Human Services			
9		with a rating of two stars or higher pursuant to rules			
10		promulgated by the Department, at a:			
11		(1) child care center, or			
12		(2) family child care home,			
13	b.	planning, preparing a site and constructing a child			
14		care center,			
15	c.	renovating or remodeling a structure to be used for a			
16		child care center,			
17	d.	purchasing equipment necessary for use by a child care			
18		center,			
19	e.	expanding a child care center,			
20	f.	maintaining and operating a child care center,			
21		including paying direct administrative and staff			
22		costs,			
23	g.	purchasing child care slots actually provided or			
24		reserved for children of employees, or			

- 2. "Employer" means a taxpayer who employs one or more fulltime-equivalent employees and whose primary source of income is from a business other than the business of providing child care services.
- C. In lieu of a deduction from taxable income, the credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be twenty percent (20%) of the amount of eligible expenses.
- D. The amount of eligible expenses upon which the credit will be based in any taxable year shall be limited to:
- 1. Three Thousand One Hundred Dollars (\$3,100.00) for expenses described in subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section for each child of an employee receiving qualifying child care services;
- 2. Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) for expenses described in subparagraphs b through g of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section; and
- 3. Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for expenses described in subparagraph h of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section.
- E. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the four (4) tax years following the year of qualification.

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- F. The Oklahoma Tax Commission, on or before January 31 of each year, shall submit a report regarding the credit authorized by this section to both houses of the Oklahoma Legislature. Such report shall summarize the total amount of credits claimed and likely to be claimed and allowed under this section.
 - G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.27, as last amended by Section 9, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.27), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.27. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection E of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 1998, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for eligible expenses incurred by entities primarily engaged in the business of providing child care services.

- B. As used in this section, "eligible expenses" means amounts paid by an entity primarily engaged in the business of providing child care services for expenses incurred by the entity to comply with the standards promulgated by a national accrediting association recognized by the Department of Human Services and which would not have been incurred by the entity to comply with the Oklahoma Child Care Facilities Licensing Act.
 - C. The credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be twenty percent (20%) of the amount of eligible expenses. Such credit shall not be allowed for any amounts for which the entity claims or receives an income tax credit, exemption or deduction.
 - D. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the four (4) tax years following the year of qualification.
- E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.

1	SECTION 7.	AMENDATORY	68 O.S. 2001,	Section 2357.30, as
2	amended by Section	10, Chapter	327, O.S.L. 2010	(68 O.S. Supp. 2010
3	 Section 2357.30), :	is amended to	read as follows	:

Section 2357.30. A. As used in this section, "small business" means any corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship or other business entity qualifying as "small" under the standards contained in Section 121 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations (13 C.F.R., Section 121).

- Except as otherwise provided in subsection E of this В. section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, and ending before January 1, 2014, every small business operating within this state shall be entitled to claim as a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes, subject to the limitations provided by subsection C of this section, any amount paid to the U.S. Small Business Administration as a quaranty fee pursuant to the obtaining of financing quaranteed by the Small Business Administration.
- The credit authorized by this section shall only be claimed against the tax liability resulting from income generated by the small business. If an income tax return upon which this credit is claimed includes taxable income from sources other than the small business, the credit shall only be allowed to be claimed upon a percentage of the income tax liability which does not exceed the percentage of income generated by the small business as compared to

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- the total Oklahoma adjusted gross income shown on the return. The
 Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules and prescribe forms
 to implement the provisions of this section.
 - D. If the credit authorized by this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer as computed pursuant to the provisions of subsection C of this section, the amount of the credit not used may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years. The credit shall be claimable only by the small business which is the primary obligor in the financing transaction and which actually paid the guaranty fee.
 - E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 22 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.33, as
 23 last amended by Section 13, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
 24 2010, Section 2357.33), is amended to read as follows:

- Section 2357.33. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection E of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for amounts paid by a taxpayer operating one or more food service establishments for immunizations against Hepatitis A for employees of the taxpayer who work in such establishments.
 - B. As used in this section, "food service establishment" means an establishment where food or drink is offered for sale or sold to the public and which is licensed pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-1118 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - C. The amount of the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of this section for each employee of the taxpayer shall not exceed the usual and customary fee that would be allowed for an immunization against Hepatitis A as approved by the State and Education Employees Group Insurance Board.
 - D. The credit provided by this section shall be available to the taxpayer in the tax year in which an employee was immunized and shall not carry forward to subsequent tax years. Such credit shall not be refunded to the taxpayer.
 - E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of

- 1 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.
- 2 | Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be
- 3 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other
- 4 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
- 5 of this section.
- 6 SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.41, as
- 7 last amended by Section 5, Chapter 418, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
- 8 2010, Section 2357.41), is amended to read as follows:
- 9 Section 2357.41. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection
- 10 I of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2000,
- 11 and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit
- 12 against the tax imposed by Sections 2355 and 2370 of this title or
- 13 | that portion of the tax imposed by Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of
- 14 | the Oklahoma Statutes that would otherwise have been apportioned to
- 15 | the General Revenue Fund for qualified rehabilitation expenditures
- 16 | incurred in connection with any certified historic hotel or historic
- 17 | newspaper plant building located in an increment or incentive
- 18 district created pursuant to the Local Development Act or for
- 19 qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred after January 1,
- 20 2006, in connection with any certified historic structure.
- B. The amount of the credit shall be one hundred percent (100%)
- 22 of the federal rehabilitation credit provided for in Section 47 of
- 23 Title 26 of the United States Code. The credit authorized by this
- 24 section may be claimed at any time after the relevant local

- governmental body responsible for doing so issues a certificate of
 ccupancy or other document that is a precondition for the
 applicable use of the building or structure that is the basis upon
 which the credit authorized by this section is claimed.
 - C. All requirements with respect to qualification for the credit authorized by Section 47 of Title 26 of the United States

 Code shall be applicable to the credit authorized by this section.
 - D. If the credit allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not exceeding ten (10) years following the qualified expenditures.
 - E. All rehabilitation work to which the credit may be applied shall be reviewed by the State Historic Preservation Office which will in turn forward the information to the National Park Service for certification in accordance with 36 C.F.R., Part 67. A certified historic structure may be rehabilitated for any lawful use or uses, including without limitation mixed uses and still retain eligibility for the credit provided for in this section.
 - F. The amount of the credit allowed for any credit claimed for a certified historic hotel or historic newspaper plant building or any certified historic structure, but not used, shall be freely transferable, in whole or in part, to subsequent transferees at any

1	time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification.
2	Any person to whom or to which a tax credit is transferred shall
3	have only such rights to claim and use the credit under the terms
4	that would have applied to the entity by whom or by which the tax
5	credit was transferred. The provisions of this subsection shall not
6	limit the ability of a tax credit transferee to reduce the tax
7	liability of the transferee regardless of the actual tax liability
8	of the tax credit transferor for the relevant taxable period. The
9	transferor of the credit and the transferee shall jointly file a
10	copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Oklahoma Tax
11	Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. Such filing of
12	the written credit transfer agreement with the Oklahoma Tax
13	Commission shall perfect such transfer. The written agreement shall
14	contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the
15	parties to the transfer, the amount of credit being transferred, the
16	year the credit was originally allowed to the transferor, the tax
17	year or years for which the credit may be claimed, and a
18	representation by the transferor that the transferor has neither
19	claimed for its own behalf nor conveyed such credits to any other
20	transferee. The Tax Commission shall develop a standard form for
21	use by subsequent transferees of the credit demonstrating
22	eligibility for the transferee to reduce its applicable tax
23	liabilities resulting from ownership of the credit. The Tax
24	Commission shall develop a system to record and track the transfers

of the credit and certify the ownership of the credit and may
promulgate rules to permit verification of the validity and
timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to
this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules which unduly

restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit.

- G. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, on or after January 1, 2009, if a credit allowed pursuant to this section which has been transferred is subsequently reduced as the result of an adjustment by the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Commission, or any other applicable government agency, only the transferor originally allowed the credit and not any subsequent transferee of the credit, shall be held liable to repay any amount of disallowed credit.
 - H. As used in this section:
- 1. "Certified historic hotel or historic newspaper plant building" means a hotel or newspaper plant building that is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within thirty (30) months of taking the credit pursuant to this section.
- 2. "Certified historic structure" means a building that is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within thirty (30) months of taking the credit pursuant to this section or a building located in Oklahoma which is certified by the State Historic Preservation Office as contributing to the historic significance of a certified historic district listed on the National

- Register of Historic Places, or a local district that has been certified by the State Historic Preservation Office as eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places; and
- 3. "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means capital expenditures that qualify for the federal rehabilitation credit provided in Section 47 of Title 26 of the United States Code and that were paid after December 31, 2000. Qualified rehabilitation expenditures do not include capital expenditures for nonhistoric additions except an addition that is required by state or federal regulations that relate to safety or accessibility. In addition, qualified rehabilitation expenditures do not include expenditures related to the cost of acquisition of the property.
- I. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable until the provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, according to the provisions of this section. Any tax credits which accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2012, may not be claimed for any period prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012. No credits which accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through June

- 30, 2012, may be used to file an amended tax return for any taxable year prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012.
- 3 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY Section 19, Chapter 472, O.S.L.
- 4 | 2003, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 265, O.S.L. 2010 (68
- 5 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.45), is amended to read as follows:
- 6 Section 2357.45. A. 1. For tax years beginning after December
- 7 | 31, 2004, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed
- 8 against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, a credit for
- 9 any taxpayer who makes a donation to an independent biomedical
- 10 research institute and for tax years beginning after December 31,
- 11 | 2010, and ending before January 1, 2014, a credit for any taxpayer
- 12 | who makes a donation to a cancer research institute.
 - 2. The credit authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be limited as follows:
 - for calendar year 2007 and all subsequent years, the credit percentage, not to exceed fifty percent (50%), shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimate of the credits does not exceed Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) annually. The formula to be used for the percentage adjusted shall be fifty percent (50%) times One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to an independent biomedical research institute and fifty percent (50%) times One Million

SB517 HFLR

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Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to a cancer research institute,

- b. in no event shall a taxpayer claim more than one credit for a donation to any independent biomedical research institute and one credit for a donation to a cancer research institute in each taxable year nor shall the credit exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer for each type of donation,
- c. for tax year 2011, no more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) in total tax credits for donations to a cancer research institute shall be allowed,
- d. in no event shall more than fifty percent (50%) of the Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) in total tax credits authorized by this section, for any calendar year after the effective date of this act January 1, 2011, be allocated for credits for donations to a cancer research institute, and
- e. in the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any calendar year for either a cancer research institute or an independent biomedical research institute, the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall permit

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any excess over One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years for that type of donation. However, any such adjustment to the formula for donations to an independent biomedical research institute shall not affect the formula for donations to a cancer research institute, and any such adjustment to the formula for donations to a cancer research institute, the formula for donations to a cancer research institute shall not affect the formula for donations to an independent biomedical research institute.

- 3. For purposes of this section, "independent biomedical research institute" means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3) whose primary focus is conducting peer-reviewed basic biomedical research. The organization shall:
 - a. have a board of directors,
 - b. be able to accept grants in its own name,
 - c. be an identifiable institute that has its own employees and administrative staff, and
 - d. receive at least Fifteen Million Dollars (\$15,000,000.00) in National Institute of Health funding each year.

SB517 HFLR

1	4. For purposes of this section, "cancer research institute"
2	means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the
3	Internal Revenue Code and whose primary focus is raising the
4	standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed
5	cancer research and education or a not-for-profit supporting
6	organization, as that term is defined by the Internal Revenue Code,
7	affiliated with a tax-exempt organization whose primary focus is
8	raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through
9	peer-reviewed cancer research and education. The tax-exempt
10	organization whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer
11	clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and
12	education shall:

- a. either be an independent research institute or a program that is part of a state university which is a member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, and
- b. receive at least Four Million Dollars (\$4,000,000.00) in National Cancer Institute funding each year.
- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.
- C. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over, in order, to each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification.

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D. The Tax Commission shall have the authority to prescribe forms for purposes of claiming the credit authorized by this section.

SB517 HFLR

- SECTION 11. AMENDATORY Section 1, Chapter 439, O.S.L.

 2005, as last amended by Section 15, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68

 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.46), is amended to read as follows:

 Section 2357.46. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection

 G of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2005,

 and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit

 against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of Oklahoma

 Statutes for eligible expenditures incurred by a contractor in the construction of energy efficient residential property of two
 - 1. For any eligible energy efficient residential property constructed and certified as forty percent (40%) or more above the International Energy Conservation Code 2003 and any supplement in effect at the time of completion, the amount of the credit shall be equal to the eligible expenses, not to exceed Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) for the taxpayer who is the contractor; and

thousand (2,000) square feet or less. The amount of the credit

shall be based upon the following:

2. For any eligible energy efficient residential property constructed and certified as between twenty percent (20%) and thirty-nine percent (39%) above the International Energy Conservation Code 2003 and any supplement in effect at the time of

- completion, the credit shall be equal to the eligible expenditures, not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for the taxpayer who is the contractor.
 - B. As used in this section:
 - 1. "Eligible expenditure" means any:
 - a. energy efficient heating or cooling system,
 - b. insulation material or system which is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain or loss of a residential property when installed in or on such property,
 - c. exterior windows, including skylights,
 - d. exterior doors, and
 - e. any metal roof installed on a residential property,

 but only if such roof has appropriate pigmented

 coatings which are specifically and primarily designed

 to reduce the heat gain of such dwelling unit and

 which meet Energy Star program requirements;
 - 2. "Contractor" means the taxpayer who constructed the residential property or manufactured home, or if more than one taxpayer qualifies as the contractor, the primary contractor; and
 - 3. "Eligible energy efficient residential property" means a newly constructed residential property or manufactured home property which is located in the State of Oklahoma and substantially complete

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1	after December 31, 2005, and which is two thousand (2,000) square
2	feet or less:
3	a. for the credit provided pursuant to paragraph 1 of
4	subsection A of this section, which is certified by an
5	accredited Residential Energy Services Network
6	Provider using the Home Energy Rating System to have:
7	(1) a level of annual heating and cooling energy
8	consumption which is at least forty percent (40%)
9	below the annual level of heating and cooling
10	energy consumption of a comparable residential
11	property constructed in accordance with the
12	standards of Chapter 4 of the 2003 International
13	Energy Conservation Code, as such code is in
14	effect on the effective date of this act <u>November</u>
15	<u>1, 2005</u> ,
16	(2) heating and cooling equipment efficiencies which
17	correspond to the minimum allowed under the
18	regulations established by the Department of
19	Energy pursuant to the National Appliance Energy
20	Conservation Act of 1987 and in effect at the
21	time of construction of the property, and
22	(3) building envelope component improvements which
23	account for at least one-fifth of the reduced
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annual heating and cooling energy consumption levels.

- b. for the credit provided pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, which is certified by an accredited Residential Energy Services Network Provider using the Home Energy Rating System to have:
 - (1) a level of annual heating and cooling energy consumption which is between twenty percent (20%) and thirty-nine percent (39%) below the annual level of heating and cooling energy consumption of a comparable residential property constructed in accordance with the standards of Chapter 4 of the 2003 International Energy Conservation Code, as such code is in effect on the effective date of this act November 1, 2005,
 - (2) heating and cooling equipment efficiencies which correspond to the minimum allowed under the regulations established by the Department of Energy pursuant to the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act of 1987 and in effect at the time of construction of the property, and
 - (3) building envelope component improvements which account for at least one-third of the reduced

G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010 for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other

- act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 1 of this section.
- SECTION 12. Section 5, Chapter 1, 1st AMENDATORY 3 Extraordinary Session, O.S.L. 2005, as amended by Section 16, 4

amended to read as follows:

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- 5 Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.47), is
- Except as otherwise provided in 7 Section 2357.47. A. 1. subsection D of this section, for tax years beginning after December 8 9 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed 10 against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, a credit for eligible wages paid by an employer to an employee. The amount of 11 12 the credit shall be ten percent (10%) of the amount of the gross wages paid to the employee for a period not to exceed ninety (90) 13 days but in no event shall the credit exceed Five Thousand Dollars 14 (\$5,000.00) for each employee of each taxpayer. In no event shall 15 the total credit claimed exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

(\$25,000.00) in any one year for any taxpayer.

Except as otherwise provided by subsection D of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, a credit for eligible modification expenses of an employer. The amount of the credit shall be fifty percent (50%) of the amount of the funds expended for eligible modification expenses or new tools or equipment but in no

event shall the credit exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for eligible modification expenses incurred for any single employee. In no event shall the total credit claimed exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) in any year for any taxpayer.

3. As used in this section:

- a. "employee", "employer", "maximum medical improvement",
 "treating physician", and "wages" shall be defined as
 in Section 3 of Title 85 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
- b. "eligible wages" means gross wages paid by an employer to an employee who is injured as a result of an injury which is compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act and which are paid beginning when the employee returns to work with restricted duties as provided by the employee's treating physician or an independent medical examiner before the employee has reached maximum medical improvement, and ending after ninety (90) days or when the employee has reached maximum medical improvement, and
- c. "eligible modification expenses" means expenses incurred by an employer to modify a workplace, tools or equipment or to obtain new tools or equipment and which are incurred by an employer solely to enable a specific injured employee who is injured as a result of an injury which is compensable under the Workers'

SB517 HFLR

1	Compensation Act to return to work with restricted
2	duties as provided by the employee's treating
3	physician or an independent medical examiner before
4	the employee has reached maximum medical improvement
5	and which workplace, tools or equipment are used
6	primarily by the injured employee.

- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit(s) exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.
- C. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.
- D. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2357.81, as amended by Section 20, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.81. A. Subject to the limitation imposed pursuant			
to subsection C of Section 842 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes			
and except as otherwise provided by subsection F of this section,			
for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending			
before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed as a credit against			
the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma			
Statutes this title, an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%)			
of the amount of ad valorem taxes exempted pursuant to the			
provisions of Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes for			
an enterprise locating a new facility within or expanding an			
existing facility within an enterprise zone as designated pursuant			
to Section 690.2 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title if			
such facility is also located within an incentive district.			

B. The income tax credit authorized by this section shall only be available, to the extent otherwise allowable and except as otherwise provided by subsection F of this section, for ad valorem taxes for which an exemption has been provided pursuant to Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes on or after January 1, 2001, and ending before January 1, 2014. The county assessor of the county in which the facility is located, or any part of the facility, shall provide an annual certification to the Oklahoma Tax Commission not later than January 31 of each calendar year as to the amount of ad valorem taxes which would have been payable by the

- owner of the facility without the exemption provided by Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- C. In order to claim the credit authorized by this section, the taxpayer shall obtain a certification from the local governing body approving the incentive district which shall be acknowledged by the chief elected official of the local governing body. The certification shall be signed by the Director of the Oklahoma Department of Commerce or designee, that the facility is located within an enterprise zone. The signature required by this subsection shall be acknowledged in the manner provided by law.
- D. The credit authorized by this section shall be allowable only to the extent of ad valorem taxes which would have been levied upon the taxable value of real property and improvements physically attached to real property constituting the eligible facility without the exemption provided by Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes and shall not be allowable to the extent that the credit is claimed for ad valorem taxes which would have been levied upon the taxable value of personal property of the enterprise even if the incentive granted by the participating governmental entities in the incentive district includes personal property.
- E. If the tax credit authorized by this section exceeds the amount of taxes due or if there are no state taxes due of the taxpayer, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against the

- taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward for a period not to exceed ten (10) years.
- No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this F. section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
- of this section. 11 12 SECTION 14. AMENDATORY Section 1, Chapter 301, O.S.L. 2005, as last amended by Section 22, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 13 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.101), is amended to read as follows: 14 Section 2357.101. A. Except as otherwise provided in 15 subsection E of this section, for taxable years beginning after 16 December 31, 2004, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be 17 allowed against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the 18 Oklahoma Statutes this title, a credit equal to twenty-five percent 19 (25%) of the amount of profit made by a taxpayer from investment in 20 an existing Oklahoma film or music project with a production company 21 to pay for production costs that is reinvested by the taxpayer with 22 the production company to pay for the production cost of the 23 production company for a new Oklahoma film or music project.

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- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit provided for in subsection A of this section for an eligible taxpayer exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer in a calendar year.
- C. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall have the authority to prescribe forms for purposes of claiming the credit authorized in subsection A of this section. The forms shall include, but not be limited to, requests for information that prove who the investment was with, the amount of the original investment and the amount of the profit realized from the investment.
 - D. As used in this section:
- 1. "Film" means a professional single media, multimedia program or feature, which is not child pornography as defined in subsection A of Section 1024.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes or obscene material as defined in paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 1024.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes including, but not limited to, national advertising messages that are broadcast on a national affiliate or cable network, fixed on film or digital video, which can be viewed or reproduced and which is exhibited in theaters, licensed for exhibition by individual television stations, groups of stations, networks, cable television stations or other means or licensed for home viewing markets;
- 2. "Music project" means a professional recording released on a national or international level, whether via traditional manufacturing or distributing or electronic distribution, using

1	technology currently in use or future technology including, but not
2	limited to, music CDs, radio commercials, jingles, cues, or
3	electronic device recordings:

- 3. "Production company" means a person who produces a film or music project for exhibition in theaters, on television or elsewhere;
 - 4. "Total production cost" includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. wages or salaries of persons who have earned income from working on a film or music project in this state, including payments to personal services corporations with respect to the services of qualified performing artists, as determined under Section 62(a)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code,
 - the cost of construction and operations, wardrobe,
 accessories and related services,
 - c. the cost of photography, sound synchronization, lighting and related services,
 - d. the cost of editing and related services,
 - e. rental of facilities and equipment, and
 - f. other direct costs of producing a film or music project;
- 5. "Existing Oklahoma film or music project" means a film or music project produced after July 1, 2005;

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1	6. "Pr	ofit" means the amount made by the taxpayer to be
2	determined	as follows:
3	a.	the gross revenues less gross expenses, including
4		direct production, distribution and marketing costs
5		and an allocation of indirect overhead costs, of the
6		film or music project shall be multiplied by,
7	b.	a ratio, the numerator of which is Oklahoma production
8		costs, as defined in paragraph 7 of this subsection,
9		and the denominator of which is total production
LO		costs, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
L1		which shall be multiplied by,
L2	С.	the percent of the taxpayer's taxable income allocated
L3		to Oklahoma in a taxable year, and
L4	d.	subtract from the result of the formula calculated
L5		pursuant to subparagraphs a through c of this
L6		paragraph the profit made by a taxpayer from
L7		investment in an existing Oklahoma film or music
L8		project in previous taxable years. Profit shall
L9		include either a net profit or net loss;
20	7. "Ok	lahoma production cost" means that portion of total
21	production	costs which are incurred with any qualified vendor;

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for which:

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"Qualified vendor" means an Oklahoma entity which

provides goods or services to a production company and

1	(1) fifty percent (50%) or more of its employees are		
2	Oklahoma residents, and		
3	(2) fifty percent (50%) or more of gross wages, as		
4	reported on Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 or		
5	Form 1099, are paid to Oklahoma residents.		
6	b. For purposes of this paragraph, an employee shall		
7	include a self-employed individual reporting income		
8	from a qualified vendor on Internal Revenue Service		
9	Form 1040.		
10	c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall prescribe forms by		
11	which an entity may be certified to a production		
12	company as a qualified vendor for purposes of this		
13	section; and		
14	9. "Investment" means costs associated with the original		
15	production company. Film or music projects acquired from an		
16	original production company do not qualify as investment under		
17	subsection A of this section.		
18	E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this		
19	section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,		
20	expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for		
21	which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of		
22	this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.		
23	Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be		
24	claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other		
	SB517 HFLR Page 46		

1 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 2 of this section.

3 SECTION 15. AMENDATORY Section 11, Chapter 381, O.S.L.

4 | 2005, as amended by Section 23, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S.

Supp. 2010, Section 2357.102), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.102. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes for the cost of the purchase of a dry fire hydrant or the cost to provide an acceptable means of water storage for such dry fire hydrant including a pond, tank, or other storage facility with the primary purpose of fire protection within the State of Oklahoma. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent (50%) of the purchase price of the dry fire hydrant or the actual expenditure for any new water storage construction, equipment, development and installation of the dry hydrant, including pipes, valves, hydrants, and labor for each installation of a dry hydrant or new water storage facility but in no event shall the amount of the credit exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each taxpayer.

B. In order to qualify for the tax credit provided for in subsection A of this section, the dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility must meet the following minimum requirements:

SB517 HFLR

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- 1. Each body of water or water storage structure must be able
 2 to provide two hundred fifty (250) gallons per minute for a
 3 continuous two-hour period during a fifty-year drought or freeze at
 4 a vertical lift of eighteen (18) feet;
 - 2. Each dry fire hydrant must be located within twenty-five
 (25) feet of an all-weather roadway and must be accessible to fire
 protection equipment; and
 - 3. Dry fire hydrants shall be located a reasonable distance from other dry or pressurized hydrants.
 - C. In no event shall the amount of the credit exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.
 - D. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over, in order, to each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification.
 - E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Fire Marshal Commission shall promulgate rules to establish the requirements for the construction of a dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility and permit verification of eligibility of a dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility for the credit provided for in subsection A of this section.
 - F. As used in this section, "dry fire hydrant" means nonpressurized pipes permanently installed in lakes, farm ponds, and streams that provide a ready means of drawing water.

- G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
- 2005, as last amended by Section 24, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68
 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2357.104), is amended to read as follows:
 Section 2357.104. A. Except as otherwise provided by
 subsection G of this section, for taxable years beginning after
 December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title equal to fifty percent (50%) of an eligible taxpayer's

qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures.

Section 8, Chapter 413, O.S.L.

AMENDATORY

B. 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the amount of the credit shall be limited to the product of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for tax year 2007 and Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for tax year 2008 and subsequent tax years and the number of miles of railroad track owned or leased within this state by the eligible taxpayer as of the close of the taxable year.

of this section.

SECTION 16.

- 2. In tax year 2009 and subsequent tax years, a taxpayer may elect to increase the limit provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection to an amount equal to three times the limit specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection for qualified expenditures made in the tax year, provided the taxpayer may only claim one third (1/3) of the credit in any one taxable period.
- C. The credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section but not used shall be freely transferable, by written agreement, to subsequent transferees at any time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification. An eligible transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this The person originally allowed the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Oklahoma Tax Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferring person and the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to permit verification of the timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. The Department of Transportation shall promulgate rules to permit verification of

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- the eligibility of an eligible taxpayer's expenditures for the

 purpose of claiming the credit. The rules shall provide for the

 approval of qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement

 expenditures prior to commencement of a project and provide a

 certificate of verification upon completion of a project that uses

 qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures. The

 certificate of verification shall satisfy all requirements of the

 Tax Commission pertaining to the eligibility of the person claiming
 - D. Any credits allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection A of this section but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the five (5) years following the year of qualification.
 - E. A taxpayer who elects to increase the limitation on the credit under paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section shall not be granted additional credits under subsection A of this section during the period of such election.
 - F. As used in this section:
 - 1. "Class II and Class III railroad" means a railroad that is classified by the United States Surface Transportation Board as a Class II or Class III railroad;
- 22 2. "Eligible taxpayer" means any Class II or Class III
 23 railroad; and

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the credit.

- 3. "Qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures" means expenditures for:
 - a. reconstruction or replacement of railroad infrastructure including track, roadbed, bridges, industrial leads and track-related structures owned or leased by a Class II or Class III railroad as of January 1, 2006, or
 - b. new construction of industrial leads, switches, spurs and sidings and extensions of existing sidings by a Class II or Class III railroad.
- G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 20 SECTION 17. AMENDATORY Section 2, Chapter 442, O.S.L.
- 21 | 2005, as amended by Section 25, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S.
- 22 Supp. 2010, Section 2357.203), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.203. A. As used in this section:

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- 1. "Nonqualified operating expenditures" means labor costs,
 2 salary and other compensation, whether direct or indirect, paid to
 3 directors, officers, limited liability company members, limited
 4 liability company managers, partners or other principals or
 5 employees of the business entity;
 - 2. "Qualified direct costs" means expenditures, other than nonqualified operating expenditures, to construct dog kennels, fences, pens, training areas for canines, structures for office space or other improvements to real property necessary for the proper training of a specially trained canine, including the cost of food, water, veterinary expenses and other costs directly related to the operation of the training facility; and
 - 3. "Specially trained canines" means dogs that are raised by a person who is officially licensed as a dog breeder by the United States Department of Agriculture.
 - B. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes in the amount of fifty percent (50%) of the qualified direct costs associated with the operation of a business enterprise the principal purpose of which is the rearing of specially trained canines.

- C. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to nonqualified operating expenditures.
- D. The credit authorized by this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to less than zero (0). Any credits authorized by this section claimed for a taxable year which are unable to be used may be carried over, in order, to each of the five (5) subsequent taxable years.
- E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall be authorized to prescribe such forms as may be necessary in order to administer the tax credit authorized by this section. The Tax Commission may request such additional documentation as may be required from the taxpayer in order to verify the eligibility for the credit authorized by this section.
- F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.

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1	SECTION 18.	AMENDATORY	68 O.S.	. 2001, Se	ction 2358, as
2	last amended by	Section 1, Chapt	er 421, O.	.S.L. 2010	(68 O.S. Supp.
3	2010, Section 23	358), is amended	to read as	s follows:	

Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31, 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income as required by this section.

- A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:
- 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross income.
- 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws of Oklahoma.
- 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall be adjusted as follows:
 - a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years

 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any

 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for

SB517 HFLR

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federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss from sources within this state, as determined pursuant to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of the total loss for such year;

For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years b. beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be separately determined by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without regard to the existence of a federal net operating loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net

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operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried back shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

- 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated on the same basis as those items:
 - a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be allocated in accordance with the situs of such property;
 - Income from intangible personal property, such as interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,

SB517 HFLR

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and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs of the taxpayer, except that:

- (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary business or commercial situs apart from the domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be allocated in accordance with such business or commercial situs; interest income from investments held to generate working capital for a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or resident estate shall be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as undistributed income is concerned, but shall not be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as distributed income is concerned,
- (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible

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SB517 HFLR

property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the partnership was sold; the provisions of this division shall only apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a partnership do not constitute qualifying gain receiving capital treatment as defined in subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section.

(3) income from such property which is required to be allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein provided;

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- c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is not a part of business carried on within or without the state of a unitary character shall be separately allocated to the state in which such activity is conducted;
- d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists solely of marketing its products by:
 - (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped directly to a point from without the state to a purchaser within the state, commonly known as interstate sales,
 - (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
 - (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state where the shipment to such warehouses is not covered by "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within or without the state,

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the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived from the manufacture and/or processing and sales everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales defined in this section made to the purchaser within the state to the total sales everywhere. The term "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

- e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:
 - (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance company for a taxable year shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere. For purposes of

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this subsection, the term "direct premiums written" means the total amount of direct premiums written, assessments and annuity considerations as reported for the taxable year on the annual statement filed by the company with the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

(2) if the principal source of premiums written by an insurance company consists of premiums for reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of such company shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere, plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,

premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the election of the company be determined on the basis of the proportion which premiums written for insurance accepted from companies commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to premiums written for reinsurance accepted from all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year.

5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,

the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on
or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
factors shall be computed as follows:

a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property everywhere owned or rented and used during the tax period.

SB517 HFLR

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- allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, shall not be included in determining this fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of the investment in transportation and other equipment having no fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total miles traveled,
- Original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at its original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual rental rate received by the taxpayer from subrentals,
- (3) The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax

 Commission may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably

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SB517 HFLR

required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property;

- b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation for services rendered in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total compensation for services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.
 - (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditure in connection with employees operating equipment over a fixed route, such as railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such employees,
 - (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditures in connection with itinerant employees, such as traveling salespersons, in this state only a part

of the time, in the proportion that time spent in Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance of the enterprise by such employees;

- c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", as used in this subsection does not include sales or gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.
 - (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs in this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; or the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and (a) the purchaser is the United States government or (b) the taxpayer is not doing business in the state of the destination of the shipment.
 - (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall

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not be less than the allocation of revenues to this state as shown in its annual report to the Corporation Commission.

- (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of revenue from interstate transportation in the proportion that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage traveled.
- enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
 be either the total of traffic units of the
 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue
 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at
 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
 of which shall be the total of traffic units of
 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise
 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A
 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the
 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of
 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline

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or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other (5) communication enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include that portion of the interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission; provided that in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission to keep its books and records in accordance with a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall be determined separately in the manner provided by such uniform system of accounts and only the interstate income shall be subject to allocation pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. Provided further, that the gross revenue factors shall be those as are determined pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission.

In any case where the apportionment of the three factors prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the

property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable portion thereof.

6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen

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1	percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
2	agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
3	the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
4	reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars
5	(\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
6	for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
7	taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
8	shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
9	the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
10	paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
11	calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
12	Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
13	the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
14	permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
15	paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
16	exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
17	for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
18	the investment was originally made.

For purposes of this paragraph:

a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means building, structures, fixtures and improvements used or operated primarily for the processing or production of marketable products from agricultural commodities.

The term shall also mean a dairy operation that

SB517 HFLR

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1	rec	uires a depreciable investment of at least Two	
2	Hur	dred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which	
3	pro	duces milk from dairy cows. The term does not	
4	inc	lude a facility that provides only, and nothing	
5	mor	e than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation	
6	of	agricultural commodities, and	
7	b. "Fa	cility" means each part of the facility which is	
8	use	ed in a process primarily for:	
9	(1)	the processing of agricultural commodities,	
10		including receiving or storing agricultural	
11		commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy	
12		operation,	
13	(2)	transporting the agricultural commodities or	
14		product before, during or after the processing,	
15		or	
16	(3)	packaging or otherwise preparing the product for	
17		sale or shipment.	
18	7. Despite a	ny provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this	
19	subsection, for t	axable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in	
20	the case of a tax	payer which has a farming loss, such farming loss	
21	shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance		
22	with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,		
23	Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss		
24	carryback shall r	ot exceed the lesser of:	

- a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
- b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of the income from all other sources other than reflected on Schedule F.
- 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.
- 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is utilized.
- 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment

Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). В. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax

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such assets.

basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,

1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for

all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

- 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
- C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an

1	amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result
2	of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed
3	ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such
4	transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such
5	exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years
6	from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from
7	such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of
8	technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
9	1988.

- 2. For purposes of this subsection:
 - a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether organized as a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, organized for profit with its principal place of business located within this state and which meets the following criteria:
 - (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
 - 2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the time of the transfer, and
 - (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor corporation;
 - b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula, pattern, device or compilation of scientific or

SB517 HFLR

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1	technical information which is not in the public
2	domain;
3	c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
4	the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
5	at the time the transfer is made; and
6	d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
7	consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
8	the consideration is in money or otherwise.
9	D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
LO	taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further
L1	adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such
L2	corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from
L3	Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving
L 4	capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during
L5	the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such
L6	corporation, estate or trust.
L7	2. As used in this subsection:
L8	a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
L9	the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
20	1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
21	federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
22	or trust that result from:
23	(1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
24	property located within Oklahoma that has been
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directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or trust for a holding period of at least five (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,

- (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or trust for a holding period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or
- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the owners of such entity, and used in or derived from such entity for a period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,

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- b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is included in the taxpayer's holding period for the asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,
- c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or "partnership" means an entity whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,
- d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
 - tangible personal property located within

 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this

 subsection shall not apply unless the pass
 through entity that makes the sale has held the

 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted

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years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

(2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest or the assets for not less than three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than three (3) years.

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- E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:
 - 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.
 - b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
 - There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at the close of the tax year based upon the filing status and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

1		Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
2	this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income	
3	does not exceed:	
4		(1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
5		married and filing jointly;
6		(2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
7		if married and filing separately;
8		(3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
9		and
LO		(4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
L1		qualifying head of household.
L2		Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
L3		31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
L4		federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
L5		conversion of a traditional individual retirement
L6		account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
L7		be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
L8		purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
L9		subparagraph.
20	2. a.	For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
21		2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
22		deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
23		be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
24		difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in

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SB517 HFLR

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lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00),

- b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or
 - (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

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- c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow; or
 - (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
 - (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

SB517 HFLR

1	(1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), i
2	the filing status is married filing joint or
3	qualifying widow, or
4	(2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
5	(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
6	(3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
7	(\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
8	married filing separate.
9	e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, an
10	ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
11	who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
12	income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
13	may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
14	deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed b
15	the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
16	(1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
17	if the filing status is married filing joint or
18	qualifying widow, or
19	(2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
20	(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
21	(3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
22	(\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
23	married filing separate.
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Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.
- 3. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard

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deductions	and	personal	exemptions	shall	be	subject	to	proration	as
provided by	/ lav	<i>N</i> .							

- 4. A resident individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.
 - Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be deducted from taxable income.
 - b. On or after July 1, 2010, and ending before January 1, 2015, one hundred percent (100%) of the income received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than

SB517 HFLR

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retirement benefits, as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be deducted from taxable income.

- c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2015, and every year thereafter, if the State Board of Equalization makes a determination pursuant to Section 2355.1D of this title that, for the purposes of this paragraph, revenue collections exceed revenue reductions, the one hundred percent (100%) deduction provided for in subparagraph b of this paragraph may be claimed.
- d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2015, and every year thereafter, if the State Board of Equalization makes a determination pursuant to Section 2355.1D of this title that, for the purposes of this paragraph, revenue collections do not exceed revenue reductions, a deduction of the first One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be allowed.
- e. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a member of the Armed Forces of the United States is

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made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
reason of:

- (1) absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia;
- (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on active duty; or
- (3) confinement in a hospital within the United

 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or

 disease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

Such individual shall return to the United
States if the extension is granted pursuant
to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is
granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this
paragraph or be discharged from such
hospital if the extension is granted
pursuant to subparagraph c of this
paragraph; or

(b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

- 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of compensation, received from the United States by a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.
- 7. Notwithstanding anything in the Internal Revenue Code or in the Oklahoma Income Tax Act to the contrary, it is expressly provided that, before January 1, 2014, in the case of resident individuals, amounts received as dividends or distributions of earnings from savings and loan associations or credit unions located

1	in Oklahoma, and interest received on savings accounts and time
2	deposits from such sources or from state and national banks or trust
3	companies located in Oklahoma, shall qualify as dividends for the
4	purpose of the dividend exclusion, and taxable income shall be
5	adjusted accordingly to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income; provided,
6	however, that the dividend, distribution of earnings and/or interest
7	exclusion provided for hereinabove shall not be cumulative to the
8	maximum dividend exclusion allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.
9	Any dividend exclusion already allowed by the Internal Revenue Code
10	and reflected in the taxpayer's Oklahoma taxable income together
11	with exclusion allowed herein shall not exceed the total of One
12	Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per individual or Two Hundred Dollars
13	(\$200.00) per couple filing a joint return.

- 8. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
 - b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph shall be deductible by any individual taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the

SB517 HFLR

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- c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced refund of the credit received during the tax year provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not be subject to taxation.
- d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.
- 9. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,

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- 1 | the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
- 2 | Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
- 3 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
- 4 | System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
- 5 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the
- 6 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
- 7 | Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
- 8 | Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
- 9 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
- 10 | 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
- 11 | from taxable income.
- 12 10. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
- 13 | Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
- 14 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
- 15 | federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
- 16 | 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.
- 17 11. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
- 18 | sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
- 19 | which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
- 20 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
- 21 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
- 22 | brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
- 23 | shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
- 24 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account

within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of

the Internal Revenue Code.

- 12. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.
- 13. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the individual.

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1	14.	a.	In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
2			nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
3			individual taxpayer in connection with:
4			(1) the adoption of a minor, or
5			(2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
6			result in a decreed adoption,
7			may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
8			income.
9		b.	The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
10			authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
11			Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
12		C.	The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
13			the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
14			specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
15			may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
16			Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
17			verification.
18		d.	"Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
19			court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and
20			expenses which are directly related to the legal
21			process of adoption of a child including, but not
22			limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,
23			health and psychological examinations, transportation
24			and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child

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or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" shall not include attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and after the point of the initiation of the contest, costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or property, except for a special needs child as authorized by the court.

In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is

SB517 HFLR

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- b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows:
 - in taxable years beginning after December 31,
 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the
 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
 filing status is single, head of household, or
 married filing separate, or Seventy-Five Thousand
 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
 - in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
 - (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-

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1			five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
2			the filing status is married filing jointly or
3			qualifying widow,
4		(4)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
5			the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
6			Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
7			filing status is single, head of household, or
8			married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
9			Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
10			status is married filing jointly or qualifying
11			widow, and
12		(5)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
13			and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
14			limitation upon the qualifying amount.
15	С.	For	purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
16		mean	s the total distributions or withdrawals from the
17		foll	owing:
18		(1)	an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
19			the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
20			Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
21		(2)	an eligible deferred compensation plan that
22			satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
23			Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
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ļ	SB517 HFLR		Page 98

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- (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or trust or simplified employee pension that satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).
- d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 9 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 9 of this subsection in an amount

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exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years.

- 16. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the production of agricultural products.
- 17. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.
 - 18. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the

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deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand

Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
each account.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, b. each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to all such accounts plus any contributions to such accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in the year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be taken for contributions and rollovers made during a taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.

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Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

- c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, deductions for contributions made pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as follows:
 - (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year carryforward election and who takes a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal, and
 - (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year in which a contribution was made to the taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the contribution which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal.
- d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a contribution for which a deduction has been taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within

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one year of the date of contribution, the amount of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the rollover.

- e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.
- f. As used in this paragraph:
 - (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account other than one of the following:
 - (a) a qualified withdrawal,
 - (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary of an account,
 - (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of a scholarship or the allowance or payment described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or by the Internal Revenue Code, received by the designated beneficiary to the extent the amount of the refund does not exceed the

amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 1 2 payment, or a rollover or change of designated (d) 3 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 4 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 5 Statutes, and 6 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the 7 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan 8 9 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, 10 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of 11 12 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten 13 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income 14 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by 15 paragraph 15 of this subsection. 16 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 17 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees, 18 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security 19 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such 20 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant 21 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 22 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule: 23

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- a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
- e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) of such benefits shall be exempt.
- 21. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross income if the individual, or the dependent of the individual, while living, donates one or more human organs of the individual to another human being for human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ transplantation occurs.

- c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a specific list of expenses which may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.
- 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation exempted under Section 85 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 85(c)(2009).
- 24. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a

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scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a scholarship in its books and records.

- F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.
 - 2. As used in this subsection:
 - a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
 result from:
 - the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least five (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,
 - (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership

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interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or

- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity or business enterprise or owned by the owners of such entity or business enterprise for a period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise.
- b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is included in the taxpayer's holding period for the asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

SB517 HFLR

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- c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or "partnership" means an entity whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,
- d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns the asset,
- e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
 - tangible personal property located within
 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
 subsection shall not apply unless the passthrough entity that makes the sale has held the
 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
 years prior to the date of the transaction that
 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
 entity included in the chain of ownership has
 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below

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it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

With respect to sales of stock or ownership (2) interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, partnership or Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest for not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the passthrough entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than two (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to the effective date of this act shall be included in the determination of the required holding period prescribed by this division, and

f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a business enterprise whose income and expenses have

SB517 HFLR

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been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue Service and whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

- G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.
- 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection. As used in this subsection:
 - a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"

 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856

 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
 - b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, the shares or beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

1		on an established securities market and more than
2		fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
3		the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
4		or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
5		constructively, by a single entity that is:
6		(1) treated as an association taxable as a
7		corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of
8		1986, as amended, and
9		(2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
10		the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
11		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
12		The term shall not include a real estate investment
13		trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
14		established securities market, and that satisfies the
15		requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.
16		Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2)
17		of the Internal Revenue Code,
18	C.	the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
19		not include the following entities:
20		(1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
21		paragraph a of this subsection other than a
22		"captive real estate investment trust", or
23		(2) any qualified real estate investment trust
24		subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
	SB517 HFLR	Page 112

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	SB517	HFLR

Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment trust", or

- Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed Investment Scheme" under the Australian Corporations Act in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities market), or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or
- (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the laws of the United States and which satisfies the following criteria:
 - (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of

1		1986, as amended, thereby including shares
2		or certificates of beneficial interest in
3		any real estate investment trust, cash and
4		cash equivalents, and U.S. Government
5		securities,
6	(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
7		deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
8		Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
9		or is exempt from entity level tax,
LO	(c)	the entity is required to distribute at
L1		least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
L2		taxable income, as computed in the
L3		jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
L4		the holders of its shares or certificates of
L5		beneficial interest on an annual basis,
L6	(d)	not more than ten percent (10%) of the
L7		voting power or value in such entity is held
L8		directly or indirectly or constructively by
L9		a single entity or individual, or the shares
20		or beneficial interests of such entity are
21		regularly traded on an established
22		securities market, and
23	(e)	the entity is organized in a country which
24		has a tax treaty with the United States.
	 SB517 HFLR	Page 114

- 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.
- 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an established securities market, retroactive to the date it first became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- SECTION 19. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2358.3, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2358.3. A Before January 1, 2014, a person who contributes money to a political party or to a candidate or candidate committee shall be entitled to deduct the amount

- contributed, not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) in any one tax year, from the person's adjusted gross income in the computation of Oklahoma income tax.
- SECTION 20. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2370, as last amended by Section 19, SJR No. 61, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 2370), is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2370. A. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, for the privilege of doing business within this state, every state banking association, national banking association and credit union organized under the laws of this state, located or doing business within the limits of the State of Oklahoma shall annually pay to this state a privilege tax at the rate of six percent (6%) of the amount of the taxable income as provided in this section.
 - B. 1. The privilege tax levied by this section shall be in addition to the Business Activity Tax levied in Section 5 1218 of this act title and the franchise tax levied in Article 12 of this title and in lieu of the tax levied by Section 2355 of this title and in lieu of all taxes levied by the State of Oklahoma, or any subdivision thereof, upon the shares of stock or personal property of any banking association or credit union subject to taxation under this section.
 - 2. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt the real property of any banking associations or credit unions from

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- taxation to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed. Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt an association from payment of any fee or tax authorized or levied pursuant to the banking laws.
 - 3. Personal property which is subject to a lease agreement between a bank or credit union, as lessor, and a nonbanking business entity or individual, as lessee, is not exempt from personal property ad valorem taxation. Provided further, that it shall be the duty of the lessee of such personal property to return sworn lists or schedules of their taxable property within each county to the county assessor of such county as provided in Sections 2433 and 2434 of this title.
 - C. Any tax levied under this section shall accrue on the last day of the taxable year and be payable as provided in Section 2375 of this title. The accrual of such tax for the first taxable year to which this act applies, shall apply notwithstanding the prior accrual of a tax in the same taxable year based upon the net income of the next preceding taxable year; provided, however, any additional deduction enuring to the benefit of the taxpayer shall be deducted in accordance with the optional transitional deduction procedures in Section 2354 of this title.
 - D. The basis of the tax shall be United States taxable income as defined in paragraph 10 of Section 2353 of this title and any

- adjustments thereto under the provisions of Section 2358 of this title with the following adjustments:
- 1. There shall be deducted all interest income on obligations of the United States government and agencies thereof not otherwise exempted and all interest income on obligations of the State of Oklahoma or political subdivisions thereof, including public trust authorities, not otherwise exempted under the laws of this state; and
- 2. Expense deductions claimed in arriving at taxable income under paragraph 10 of Section 2353 of this title shall be reduced by an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of excluded interest income on obligations of the United States government or agencies thereof and obligations of the State of Oklahoma or political subdivisions thereof.
- E. There Before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax levied in subsection A of this section in an amount equal to the amount of taxable income received by a participating financial institution as defined in Section 90.2 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a loan made under the Rural Economic Development Loan Act. Such credit shall be limited each year to five percent (5%) of the amount of annual payroll certified by the Oklahoma Rural Economic Development Loan Program Review Board pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 3 of subsection B of Section 90.4 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes with respect

- to the loan made by the participating financial institution and may
 be claimed for any number of years necessary until the amount of
 total credits claimed is equal to the total amount of taxable income
 received by the participating financial institution pursuant to the
 loan. Any credit allowed but not used in a taxable year may be
 carried forward for a period not to exceed five (5) taxable years.

 In no event shall a credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of
- this subsection be transferable or refundable.
 - SECTION 21. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 5011, as amended by Section 15, Chapter 322, O.S.L. 2004 (68 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 5011), is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 5011. A. Except as otherwise provided by this section, beginning with the calendar year 1990 and for each calendar year through 1998, and for calendar year 2003, any individual who is a resident of and is domiciled in this state during the entire calendar year for which the filing is made and whose gross household income for such year does not exceed Twelve Thousand Dollars (\$12,000.00) may file a claim for sales tax relief.
 - B. For calendar years 1999, 2002 and 2004, any individual who is a resident of and is domiciled in this state during the entire calendar year for which the filing is made may file a claim for sales tax relief if the gross household income for such year does not exceed the following amounts:

- 1. For an individual not subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this subsection and claiming no allowable personal exemption other than the allowable personal exemption for that individual or the spouse of that individual, Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00); or
- 2. For an individual claiming one or more allowable personal exemptions other than the allowable personal exemption for that individual or the spouse of that individual, an individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment, or an individual who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at the close of the tax year, Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00).
- C. For calendar years 2000, 2001, and 2005 and following through 2013, an individual who is a resident of and is domiciled in this state during the entire calendar year for which the filing is made may file a claim for sales tax relief if the gross household income for such year does not exceed the following amounts:
- 1. For an individual not subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this subsection and claiming no allowable personal exemption other than the allowable personal exemption for that individual or the spouse of that individual, Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00); or
- 2. For an individual claiming one or more allowable personal exemptions other than the allowable personal exemption for that

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- 1 individual or the spouse of that individual, an individual with a 2 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
- 3 employment, or an individual who is sixty-five (65) years of age or
- 4 older at the close of the tax year, Fifty Thousand Dollars
- 5 (\$50,000.00).

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- D. The amount of the claim filed pursuant to the Sales Tax
 Relief Act shall be Forty Dollars (\$40.00) multiplied by the number
 of allowable personal exemptions. As used in the Sales Tax Relief
 Act, "allowable personal exemption" means a personal exemption to
 which the taxpayer would be entitled pursuant to the provisions of
 the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, except for:
 - 1. The exemptions such taxpayer would be entitled to pursuant to Section 2358 of this title if such taxpayer or spouse is blind or sixty-five (65) years of age or older at the close of the tax year;
 - 2. An exemption for a person convicted of a felony if during all or any part of the calendar year for which the claim is filed such person was an inmate in the custody of the Department of Corrections: or
 - 3. An exemption for a person if during all or any part of the calendar year for which the claim is filed such person resided outside of this state.
 - E. A person convicted of a felony shall not be permitted to file a claim for sales tax relief pursuant to the provisions of Sections 5010 through 5016 of this title for the period of time

- 1 during which the person is an inmate in the custody of the
- 2 Department of Corrections. Such period of time shall include the
- 3 entire calendar year if the person is in the custody of the
- 4 Department of Corrections during any part of the calendar year. The
- 5 | provisions of this subsection shall not prohibit all other members
- 6 of the household of an inmate from filing a claim based upon the
- 7 personal exemptions to which the household members would be entitled
- 8 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.
- 9 F. The Department of Corrections shall withhold up to fifty
- 10 | percent (50%) of any money inmates receive for claims made pursuant
- 11 to the Sales Tax Relief Act prior to September 1, 1991, for costs of
- 12 | incarceration.
- G. For purposes of Section 139.105 of Title 17 of the Oklahoma
- 14 | Statutes, the gross household income of any individual who may file
- 15 | a claim for sales tax relief shall not exceed Twelve Thousand
- 16 | Dollars (\$12,000.00).
- 17 | SECTION 22. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 54006, as
- 18 | last amended by Section 31, Chapter 327, O.S.L. 2010 (68 O.S. Supp.
- 19 2010, Section 54006), is amended to read as follows:
- 20 Section 54006. A. Except as provided in subsection F of this
- 21 | section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1992, and
- 22 | before January 1, 2003, and for taxable years beginning after
- 23 December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be
- 24 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this

- title for a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees engaged in computer services, data processing or research and development as defined in Section 54003 of this title, in this state including employees engaged in support services.
- The credit provided for in subsection A of this section shall be allowed in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year; provided, such credit shall be allowed in each of the eight (8) subsequent years only if the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year and if the credit is taken for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005. In calculating the credit by the number of new employees, only those employees whose paid wages or salary were at least Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000.00) during each year the credit is claimed shall be included in the The number of new employees shall be determined by calculation. comparing the monthly average number of full-time employees subject to Oklahoma income tax withholding for the final quarter of the taxable year with the corresponding period of the prior taxable year, as substantiated by such reports as may be required by the Tax Commission.
 - C. For credits taken for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1992, and before January 1, 2003, in order to be eligible to receive the credit provided for in subsection A of this section, a new or expanding business shall not include the existing employee

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- 1 positions of any business enterprise that is directly or
- 2 | beneficially owned by a corporation, trust, joint venture,
- 3 proprietorship, or partnership doing business in this state as of
- 4 | January 1, 1992. For credits taken for taxable years beginning
- 5 after December 31, 2005, in order to be eliqible to receive the
- 6 credit provided for in subsection A of this section, a new or
- 7 expanding business shall not include the existing employee positions
- 8 of any business enterprise that is directly or beneficially owned by
- 9 a corporation, trust, joint venture, proprietorship, or partnership
- 10 doing business in this state as of January 1, 2005.
- D. The credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be
- 12 | Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each new employee, but not to
- 13 | exceed fifty new employees.
- 14 E. Any credits allowed but not used in any taxable year may be
- 15 | carried over in order to each of the four (4) years following the
- 16 | year of qualification and to the extent not used in those years in
- 17 order to each of the five (5) years following the initial five-year
- 18 period.
- 19 F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this
- 20 | section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,
- 21 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for
- 22 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of
- 23 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.
- 24 | Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be

1	claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other
2	act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
3	of this section.
4	SECTION 23. This act shall become effective November 1, 2011.
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6	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET, dated 04-07-2011 - DO PASS, As Amended.
7	04-07-2011 - DO FASS, AS AMENDED.
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