1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 53rd Legislature (2011)
4	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
5	FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1970 By: Grau
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8	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
9	An Act relating to public health and safety; amending
10	Section 1, Chapter 48, O.S.L. 2010 (63 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 1-729a), which relates to RU-486 for
11	the purpose of inducing abortions; adding definitions; requiring that physicians prescribe
12	certain drugs according to certain protocol; modifying duties of certain physicians; requiring
13	physician to examine woman and document gestational age prior to administering certain drugs; requiring
14	follow-up appointment to be scheduled for certain patient; providing for severability; and providing an
15	effective date.
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18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
19	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY Section 1, Chapter 48, O.S.L. 2010
20	(63 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 1-729a), is amended to read as follows:
21	Section 1-729a. A. As used in this section:
22	1. <u>"Abortion-inducing drug" means a medicine, drug, or any</u>
23	other substance prescribed or dispensed with the intent of
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1	terminating the clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a woman, with
2	knowledge that the termination shall with reasonable likelihood
3	cause the death of the unborn child. This includes off-label use of
4	drugs known to have abortion-inducing properties, which are
5	prescribed specifically with the intent of causing an abortion, such
6	as misoprostol (Cytotec), and methotrexate. This definition does
7	not apply to drugs that may be known to cause an abortion, but which
8	are prescribed for other medical indications, such as
9	chemotherapeutic agents or diagnostic drugs;
10	2. "Drug label" or "drug's label" means the pamphlet
11	accompanying an abortion-inducing drug which outlines the protocol
12	tested and authorized by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
13	and agreed upon by the drug company applying for FDA authorization
14	of that drug. Also known as "final printing labeling instructions",
15	it is the FDA document which delineates how a drug is to be used
16	according to the FDA approval;
17	3. "Federal law" means any law, rule, or regulation of the
18	United States or any drug approval letter of the U.S. Food and Drug
19	Administration that governs or regulates the use of RU-486
20	(mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of
21	inducing abortions;
22	2. <u>4.</u> "Personal identifying information" means any information
23	designed to identify a person and any information commonly used or
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capable of being used alone or in conjunction with any other
 information to identify a person; and

3 3. 5. "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy
4 legally authorized to practice medicine in the state.

5 B. No person shall knowingly or recklessly give, sell, 6 dispense, administer, prescribe, or otherwise provide RU-486, also 7 known as mifepristone, <u>or any abortion-inducing drug</u> for the purpose 8 of inducing an abortion in a pregnant female, unless the person who 9 gives, sells, dispenses, administers, prescribes, or otherwise 10 provides the RU-486 (mifepristone) <u>or any abortion-inducing drug</u> is 11 a physician who:

Has the ability to assess the duration of the pregnancy
 accurately;

2. Has the ability to diagnose ectopic pregnancies;

15 3. Has the ability to provide surgical intervention in cases of 16 incomplete abortion or severe bleeding, or has made and documented 17 in the patient's medical record plans to provide such care through 18 other qualified physicians;

Is able to assure patient access to medical facilities
 equipped to provide blood transfusions and resuscitation, if
 necessary; and

5. Has read and understood the prescribing information for theuse of RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug as

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provided by the drug manufacturer in accordance with the
 requirements of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

C. <u>No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) or any</u>
<u>abortion-inducing drug shall knowingly or recklessly fail to provide</u>
<u>or prescribe the RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug</u>
<u>according to the protocol tested and authorized by the U.S. Food and</u>
<u>Drug Administration and as authorized in the drug label for the RU-</u>
<u>486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug.</u>

9 <u>D.</u> No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) or any
10 <u>abortion-inducing drug</u> for the purpose of inducing an abortion shall
11 knowingly or recklessly fail to:

Provide each patient with a copy of the drug manufacturer's
 medication guide <u>and drug label</u> for RU-486 (mifepristone) <u>or any</u>
 abortion-inducing drug being used;

2. Fully explain the procedure to the patient, including, but 15 not limited to, explaining whether the physician is using that the 16 drug is being used in accordance with the protocol tested and 17 authorized by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration regimen or an 18 evidence-based regimen, and, if using an evidence-based regimen, 19 20 specifying that the regimen differs from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration regimen and providing detailed information on the 21 evidence based regimen being used and as outlined in the drug label 2.2 for RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug; 23

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3. Provide the female with a copy of the drug manufacturer's
 patient agreement and obtain the patient's signature on the patient
 agreement;

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4. Sign the patient agreement; and

5 5. Record the drug manufacturer's package serial number in the6 patient's medical record.

D. E. Because the failure and complications from medical 7 abortion increase with increasing gestational age, because the 8 9 physical symptoms of medical abortion can be identical to the symptoms of ectopic pregnancy, and because RU-486 (mifepristone) or 10 11 any abortion-inducing drug does not treat ectopic pregnancies but rather is contraindicated in ectopic pregnancies, the physician 12 giving, selling, dispensing, administering, or otherwise providing 13 or prescribing RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug 14 shall first examine the woman and document, in the woman's medical 15 chart, gestational age and intrauterine location of the pregnancy 16 prior to giving, selling, dispensing, administering, or otherwise 17 providing or prescribing RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-18

19 <u>inducing drug</u>.

20 <u>F.</u> When RU-486 (mifepristone) <u>or any abortion-inducing drug</u> is 21 used for the purpose of inducing an abortion, the drug must be 22 administered by or in the same room and in the physical presence of 23 the physician who prescribed, dispensed, or otherwise provided the

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1 drug to the patient. The physician inducing the abortion, or a 2 person acting on behalf of the physician inducing the abortion, shall schedule the patient for a follow-up appointment and make all 3 reasonable efforts to ensure that the patient returns twelve (12) to 4 5 eighteen (18) days after the administration or use of RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug for a follow-up visit 6 so that the physician can confirm that the pregnancy has been 7 terminated and assess the patient's medical condition. A brief 8 9 description of the efforts made to comply with this subsection, 10 including the date, time, and identification by name of the person making such efforts, shall be included in the patient's medical 11 12 record.

<del>E.</del> G. 1. If a physician provides RU-486 (mifepristone) or any 13 abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of inducing an abortion and 14 if the physician knows that the female who uses the RU-486 15 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of 16 inducing an abortion experiences within one (1) year after the use 17 of RU-486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug an incomplete 18 abortion, severe bleeding, or an adverse reaction to the RU-486 19 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug or is hospitalized, 20 receives a transfusion, or experiences any other serious event, the 21 physician shall, as soon as is practicable, but in no case more than 22 sixty (60) days after the physician learns of the adverse reaction 23

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1 or serious event, provide a written report of the incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, adverse reaction, hospitalization, 2 transfusion, or serious event to the drug manufacturer. If the 3 physician is a doctor of medicine, the physician shall 4 5 simultaneously provide a copy of the report to the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision. If the physician is a doctor of 6 osteopathy, the physician shall simultaneously provide a copy of the 7 report to the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners. The relevant 8 9 Board shall compile and retain all reports it receives pursuant to 10 this subsection. All reports the relevant Board receives under this subsection are public records open to inspection pursuant to the 11 Oklahoma Open Records Act; however, absent an order by a court of 12 competent jurisdiction, neither the drug manufacturer nor the 13 relevant Board shall release the name or any other personal 14 identifying information regarding a person who uses or provides RU-15 486 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of 16 inducing an abortion and who is the subject of a report the drug 17 manufacturer or the relevant Board receives under this subsection. 18

No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) or any
 <u>abortion-inducing drug</u> to a pregnant female for the purpose of
 inducing an abortion shall knowingly or recklessly fail to file a
 report required under paragraph 1 of this subsection. Knowing or
 reckless failure to comply with this subsection shall subject the

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physician to sanctioning by the licensing board having
 administrative authority over such physician.

F. H. Any female upon whom an abortion has been performed, the 3 father of the unborn child who was the subject of the abortion if 4 5 the father was married to the woman who received the abortion at the time the abortion was performed, or a maternal grandparent of the 6 unborn child, may maintain an action against the person who 7 performed the abortion in knowing or reckless violation of this 8 9 section for actual and punitive damages. Any female upon whom an abortion has been attempted in knowing or reckless violation of this 10 section may maintain an action against the person who attempted to 11 perform the abortion for actual and punitive damages. 12

G. I. If a judgment is rendered in favor of the plaintiff in 13 any action described in this section, the court shall also render 14 judgment for a reasonable attorney fee in favor of the plaintiff 15 against the defendant. If a judgment is rendered in favor of the 16 defendant and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was 17 frivolous and brought in bad faith, the court shall also render 18 judgment for a reasonable attorney fee in favor of the defendant 19 against the plaintiff. 20

H. J. No pregnant female who obtains or possesses RU-486
 (mifepristone) or any abortion-inducing drug for the purpose of

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1	inducing an abortion to terminate her own pregnancy shall be subject
2	to any action brought under subsection $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ of this section.
3	K. If some or all of the language in this section is ever
4	temporarily or permanently restrained or enjoined by judicial order,
5	then this section shall be enforced as though such restrained or
6	enjoined provisions had not been adopted; provided, however, that
7	whenever such temporary or permanent restraining order or injunction
8	is stayed or dissolved, or otherwise ceases to have effect, such
9	provisions shall have full force and effect.
10	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2011.
11	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, dated 02-16-2011 - DO PASS, As Amended
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