

**BILL SUMMARY**  
2<sup>nd</sup> Session of the 52<sup>nd</sup> Legislature

<b>Bill No.:</b>	<b>HB 2753</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>CCS</b>
<b>Author:</b>	<b>Representative Denney</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>5/17/2010</b>
<b>Impact:</b>	<b>\$0</b>

**Bill Summary**

Research Analyst: Dawn Marks

The conference committee substitute to House Bill 2753 allows the State Board of Education to sponsor a charter school when the applicant is the Office of Juvenile Affairs and the school will provide services to youth in the custody or supervision of the office. The board shall sponsor only one such charter school from July 1, 2010, to July 1, 2016. The charter school shall be located where the Office of Juvenile Affairs has a facility for youth.

It also specifies that all charter schools created after the effective date of the measure, except the one sponsored by the State Board of Education, shall give enrollment preference to eligible students who reside within the boundaries of the school district in which the charter school is located and who attend a school site listed on the state's school improvement list.

The fee for administrative services as authorized in state law shall only be assessed on the State Aid allocation and shall not be assessed on any other appropriated amounts.

The measure removes the cap on the number of charter schools that can be established per year. The population and average daily membership requirements for establishing charter schools remain but three exceptions are created. The measure allows a school district which has a school site on the state's school improvement list to sponsor a charter school. A technology center school district can sponsor a charter school if the charter school is located in the school district served by the technology center school district and the school district has a school site listed on the state's school improvement list. It also allows a comprehensive regional institution to sponsor a charter school if the charter school is in a school district that has a school site on the state's school improvement list. The institution must also have a teacher education program accredited by the Oklahoma Commission for Teacher Preparation and have a campus within the school district where the charter school is located.

**Fiscal Summary**

Fiscal Analyst: Nicole Barnes

The Conference Committee Substitute for HB 2753 expands the criteria for charter school sponsorship to include school districts that have a site on the School Improvement List, technology center school districts if the local school district has a site on the School Improvement List, by comprehensive or regional higher education institutions only when the local school district has a site on the School Improvement List and when the institution has a branch campus located within the charter's school district, or by the State Board of Education for

a Charter School within the Office of Juvenile Affairs (OJA). The measure also deletes the number of new charters that can be established in any given year, requires a certain amount of enrollment preference, and limits admission for the OJA charter school. Furthermore, the measure limits the administrative fee to be assessed only on the school's state aid allocation and not on any other appropriated amounts.

### **Fiscal Analysis**

As language is permissive and does not require any additional state appropriations, there is no impact associated with the measure's provisions. Additionally, the Office of Juvenile Affairs does not anticipate incurring any additional costs resulting from implementation of a charter school- but rather a greater amount of financial and educational flexibility with regard to at-risk youth within OJA custody.

### **Long Term Fiscal Considerations**

None

Fiscal Analysis Reviewed By:

*Janice Buchanan*

House Fiscal Director