THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Monday, February 23, 2009

House Bill No. 1331

HOUSE BILL NO. 1331 - By: RITZE of the House and BROGDON of the Senate.

An Act relating to eminent domain; amending 11 O.S. 2001, Sections 38-101 and 38-111, which relate to urban renewal; modifying and adding definitions; providing exception; providing evidentiary standard when property is condemned by certain entity; requiring consent of owner when eminent domain is used for certain purposes; allowing transfer or lease to private entities in certain circumstances; amending 11 O.S. 2001, Sections 40-113 and 40-115, which relate to the Neighborhood Redevelopment Act; modifying and adding definitions; requiring consent of owner when eminent domain is used for certain purposes; allowing transfer or lease to private entities in certain circumstances; providing evidentiary standard when property is condemned by certain entity; amending 27 O.S. 2001, Sections 1 and 5, which relate to the power to condemn lands; defining terms; requiring consent of owner when eminent domain is used for certain purposes; allowing transfer or lease to private entities in certain circumstances; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

- 1 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2001, Section 38-101, is amended to read
- 2 as follows:
- 3 Section 38-101. The provisions of this article shall apply to all municipalities in this
- 4 state except as otherwise provided. The following terms whenever used or referred to in
- 5 Sections 38-101 through <u>38-119</u> <u>38-123</u> of this title shall have the following meanings,
- 6 unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context:
- 7 1. "Authority" or "Urban Renewal Authority" shall mean means a public body
- 8 corporate created by Section 38-107 of this title;

1	2. "Public l	oody" shall mean means the state or any incorporated city, town, board,
2	commission, aut	hority, district, or any subdivision or public body of the state;
3	3. "Munici	pality" shall mean means any incorporated city or town;
4	4. "Munici	pal governing body" shall mean means the council, board of trustees, or
5	other body duly	charged with governing a municipality;
6	5. "Mayor"	shall mean means the mayor of a municipality or other officer or body
7	having the dutie	s customarily imposed upon the executive head of a municipality;
8	6. "Clerk"	shall mean means the clerk or other official of a municipality who is the
9	custodian of the	official records of the municipality;
10	7. "Federa	Government" shall include includes the United States of America or any
11	agency or instru	mentality, corporate or otherwise, of the United States of America;
12	8. "Blighte	d area" shall mean <u>means</u> an area in which there are properties,
13	buildings, or imp	provements, whether occupied or vacant, whether residential or
14	nonresidential, v	which by reason of the following is detrimental to the public health,
15	safety, morals or	welfare of the municipality:
16	<u>a.</u>	dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence,
17	<u>b.</u>	the physical condition, use or occupancy constitutes a public nuisance
18		or attractive nuisance,
19	<u>c.</u>	inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation or open
20		spaces; or the utilities, plumbing, heating, sewerage or other facilities
21		have been disconnected, destroyed, removed, or rendered ineffective so
22		that the property is unfit for its intended use,
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1	<u>d.</u>	population overcrowding;
2	<u>e.</u>	improper subdivision or obsolete platting of land,
3	<u>f.</u>	inadequate parcel size;
4	<u>g.</u>	vacancy or unimproved lot or parcel of ground in a predominantly
5		built-up neighborhood, which by reason of neglect or lack of
6		maintenance has become a place for accumulation of trash and debris
7		or a haven for rodents or other vermin,
8	<u>h.</u>	arrested economic development;
9	<u>i.</u>	improper street layout in terms of existing or projected traffic needs,
10		traffic congestion or lack of parking or terminal facilities needed for
11		existing or proposed land uses in the area, predominance of defective
12		or inadequate street layouts; faulty lot layout in relation to size,
13		adequacy, accessibility or usefulness;
14	<u>i.</u>	insanitary, environmentally hazardous, or unsafe conditions,
15		deterioration of site or other improvements; vermin-infested or has
16		been designated by the agency responsible for enforcement of the
17		housing, building or fire codes as unfit for human habitation or use,
18	<u>k.</u>	code violations affecting health and safety that have not been
19		substantially rehabilitated within one (1) year of the receipt of notice
20		to rehabilitate the property,
21	1.	diversity of ownership,

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1	<u>m.</u>	tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the
2		land;
3	<u>n.</u>	defective or unusual conditions of title;
4	<u>0.</u>	abandoned or not occupied by a person with a legal or equitable right
5		to occupy it and for which the condemning authority is unable to
6		identify and contact the owner despite reasonable efforts, or has been
7		declared abandoned by the owner including, but not limited to, an
8		estate in possession of the property, and
9	<u>p.</u>	any one or combination of such conditions which substantially impair
10		or arrest the sound growth of municipalities, or constitutes an
11		economic or social liability, or which endangers life or property by fire
12		or other causes, or is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease,
13		mortality, juvenile delinquency, or crime and by reason thereof, is
14		detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or welfare;
15	9. <u>"Public u</u>	se" means:
16	<u>a.</u>	the possession, occupation, and enjoyment of land by the general public
17		or by public agencies,
18	<u>b.</u>	the use of land for the creation or functioning of public utilities or
19		common carriers, or
20	<u>c.</u>	the use of eminent domain or condemnation:
21		(1) (a) to remove a public nuisance,

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22		and o	occupie	ed project;	
21	<u>d.</u>	priva	ate ent	ities occupying an incidental a	rea within a publicly owned
20			the p	property in its current condition	on, or
19		<u>(2)</u>	<u>elim</u>	inate a direct threat to public	health and safety caused by
18			<u>(c)</u>	to acquire abandoned proper	rty, and
17				human habitation or use, or	
16			<u>(b)</u>	remove a structure that is b	eyond repair or unfit for
15		<u>(1)</u> (a) ren	nove a public nuisance,	
14	<u>c.</u>	the u	use of e	eminent domain to:	
13		comr	non ca	<u>rrier,</u>	
12	<u>b.</u>	the t	<u>ransfe</u>	r of land to a private entity th	at is a public utility or
11	<u>a.</u>	the t	<u>ransfe</u>	er of land to public possession,	occupation, and enjoyment,
10	employment, or	genera	l econo	omic health, when that activit	y does not result in:
9	10. "Econo	mic de	velopn	nent" means any activity to inc	crease tax revenue, tax base,
8	<u>health;</u>				
7	limited to, an inc	crease	<u>in tax</u>	base, tax revenues, employme	nt, or general economic
6	"Public use" does	s not m	<u>iean a</u>	public benefit of economic dev	elopment including, but not
5			the r	property in its current condition	<u>on.</u>
4		<u>(2)</u>	to el	iminate a direct threat to publ	ic health and safety caused by
3			<u>(c)</u>	to acquire abandoned prope	rty, and
2				human habitation or use, or	
1			<u>(b)</u>	to remove a structure that is	s beyond repair or unfit for

1	<u>11.</u> "Urba	n renewal project" or "redevelopment project" may include undertakings
2	and activities of	f a municipality, an urban renewal authority, redevelopment corporation,
3	person or other	corporation, in an urban renewal area for the elimination and for the
4	prevention of th	ne development or spread of blight, and may involve clearance and
5	redevelopment	in an urban renewal area, or rehabilitation or conservation in an urban
6	renewal area, o	r any combination or part thereof in accordance with an urban renewal
7	plan. Such und	lertakings may include: (a)
8	<u>a.</u>	acquisition of a blighted area or portions thereof; (b),
9	<u>b.</u>	demolition and removal of buildings and improvements; (e),
10	<u>c.</u>	installation, construction or reconstruction of streets, off-street parking
11		facilities, utilities, parks, playgrounds, and other improvements
12		necessary for carrying out in the urban renewal area the urban
13		renewal objectives of this article in accordance with the urban renewal
14		plan ; (d) ,
15	<u>d.</u>	disposition of any property for uses in the urban renewal area or the
16		leasing or retention of such property for uses in accordance with the
17		urban renewal plan ; (e) ,
18	<u>e.</u>	carrying out plans for a program of voluntary or compulsory repair and
19		rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements in accordance with
20		the urban renewal plan ; or (f)
21	<u>f.</u>	acquisition of any other real property in the area where necessary to
22		eliminate unhealthful, insanitary or unsafe conditions, lessen density,
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1		eliminate obsolete or other uses detrimental to the public welfare, or
2		otherwise to remove or prevent the spread of blight or deterioration, or
3		to provide land for needed public facilities;
4	10. <u>12.</u> "Urb	an renewal area" means a blighted area within which the governing
5	body of a municip	ality designates an area appropriate for an urban renewal project;
6	11. <u>13.</u> "Urb	an renewal plan" means a plan officially adopted by the municipal
7	governing body, a	s it exists or is changed from time to time, for an urban renewal project,
8	which plan shall:	(a)
9	<u>a.</u>	conform to the general plan for the municipality as a whole except as
10		provided in subsection I of Section 38-106(e) 38-106 of this title; and
11		(b)
12	<u>b.</u>	be sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, demolition
13		and removal of structures, redevelopment, improvements, and
14		rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the urban
15		renewal area, zoning and planning changes, if any, land uses,
16		maximum densities, building requirements, and the plan's relationship
17		to definite local objectives respecting appropriate land uses, traffic,
18		public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community
19		facilities, and other public improvements, and plans for financing the
20		project, and plans for the relocation of families and businesses to be
21		displaced;

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1	12. 14. "Real property" shall include all lands, including improvements and fixtures
2	thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto, or used in connection
3	therewith, and every estate, interest, right and use, legal or equitable, therein, including
4	terms for years and liens by way of judgment, mortgage or otherwise;
5	13. 15. "Notes" shall mean any notes (including refunding notes), interim
6	certificates of indebtedness, debentures or other obligations;
7	14. 16. "Obligee" shall include any bondholder, agents or trustees for any
8	bondholders, or lessor demising to the municipality property used in connection with an
9	urban renewal project, or any assignee or assignees of such lessor's interest or any part
10	thereof, and the Federal Government when it is a party to any contract with the Urban
11	Renewal Authority or the municipality;
12	15. 17. "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, partnership, corporation,
13	company, association, joint stock association, or body politic; and shall include any
14	trustee, receiver, assignee, or other person acting in a similar representative capacity;
15	16. 18. "Area of operation" shall mean the area within the corporate limits of the
16	municipality;
17	17. 19. "Board" or "Commission" shall mean a board, commission, department,
18	division, office, body or other unit of the municipality;
19	18. 20. "Public officer" shall mean any officer who is in charge of any department or
20	branch of the government of a municipality relating to health, fire, building regulations,
21	or to other activities concerning dwellings in its area of operation; and

1	19. 21. "Redevelopment corporation" shall mean a corporation organized under the
2	provisions of Section 38-117 of this title.
3	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2001, Section 38-111, is amended to read
4	as follows:
5	Section 38-111. A. After the adoption by the municipal governing body of an urban
6	renewal plan and a resolution declaring that the acquisition of real property described in
7	the plan is necessary to the execution of the plan, the Urban Renewal Authority
8	designated as the agency to execute such the plan shall have the right to acquire by
9	condemnation or otherwise, any interest or right or combination of rights in real
10	property, including a fee simple title thereto, necessary to the execution of the approved
11	plan; provided, however, that neither the state nor any political subdivision thereof nor
12	any other condemning entity shall use eminent domain or condemnation for urban
13	renewal unless it is necessary for a public use as defined in Section 38-101 of this title.
14	Condemnation for the urban renewal of blighted areas is declared to be a public use, and
15	property already devoted to any other public use or acquired by the owner or his the
16	predecessor in interest by eminent domain may be condemned for the purpose of this
17	article. When property is condemned and will be used by a private party, the condemnor
18	shall establish by clear and convincing evidence that the use of eminent domain or
19	condemnation for urban renewal complies with this section and is reasonably necessary.
20	The award of compensation for real property taken for such a project shall not be
21	increased by reason of any increase in the value of the real property caused by the
22	assembling, clearance, reconstruction, or proposed assembly, clearance or reconstruction HB1331 HFLR -9- House of Representatives

in the project area. No increment of value shall accrue to such property as the result of
any illegal or unlawful use thereof. No allowance shall be made for the improvements
begun on real property after notice to the owner of such property or the institution of
proceedings to condemn such property. Evidence shall be admissible bearing upon the
insanitary, unsafe, or substandard condition of the premises, or the lawful use thereof.
B. Except as otherwise provided by subsection C of this section, the Urban Renewal
Authority shall have the right to acquire by condemnation any interest in real property,
including a fee simple title thereto, which it may deem necessary for or in connection
with an urban renewal project under this article; provided, however, that neither the
state nor any political subdivision thereof nor any other condemning entity shall use
eminent domain or condemnation for urban renewal unless it is necessary for a public
use as defined in Section 38-101 of this title.
C. If an Urban Renewal Authority intends to acquire unimproved real property
pursuant to the power of condemnation authorized by this article, the Urban Renewal
Authority shall specifically identify the parcels or tracts of real property which it intends
to acquire through condemnation to the governing body of the municipality. The
governing body of the municipality shall consider the proposed acquisition of the
unimproved real property during an open meeting and shall be required to approve the
proposed acquisition by a majority vote of those persons constituting the governing body
of the municipality. No Urban Renewal Authority shall acquire unimproved real
property by condemnation unless the acquisition has been specifically approved by the
governing body of the municipality as required by this subsection. An acquisition by an HB1331 HFLR -10- House of Representatives

1	Urban Kenewal Authority of unimproved real property made without the approval of the
2	municipal governing body shall be void and notwithstanding the completion of other
3	proceedings an action may be maintained by a person with a legal or equitable interest in
4	the subject real property to recover title to the real property or possession of the real
5	property or both title and possession of the real property.
6	D. If an Urban Renewal Authority, this state or any political subdivision thereof, or
7	any other condemning entity seeks to condemn real property as provided in subsections
8	A, B, and C of this section, then that entity shall not use eminent domain or
9	condemnation for urban renewal to take private property without the consent of the
10	owner to be used for private commercial enterprise, economic development, or any other
11	private use except that property may be transferred or leased to private entities:
12	1. That are public utilities or common carriers;
13	2. That occupy an incidental area within a publicly owned and occupied project; and
14	3. If the current condition of the property poses an existing threat to public health
15	and safety and meets the definition of "blighted area" as defined in Section 38-101 of this
16	title.
17	The condemnor shall bear the burden of establishing by clear and convincing
18	evidence that the property constitutes a blighted area.
19	E. The procedure prescribed for railroad companies in Sections 51 et seq., through
20	66 of Title 66 of the Oklahoma Statutes, shall be followed in acquiring property by
21	eminent domain. Property already devoted to public use may be acquired in like manner

2	may be acquired without its consent.
3	E. F. In the event any Urban Renewal Authority in exercising any of the powers
4	conferred by this article makes necessary the relocation, raising, rerouting or changing
5	the grade of or altering the construction of any railroad, common carrier or public utility
6	property or facility, all such relocation, raising, rerouting, changing of grade or alteration
7	of construction shall be accomplished at the expense of the Urban Renewal Authority,
8	provided that the Urban Renewal Authority shall not disturb the possession or operation
9	of any railroad, common carrier, or public utility in or to the appropriated property or

facility until the relocated property or facilities are available for use and until

provided, that no real property belonging to the state or any political subdivision thereof

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F. G. In any proceeding to fix or assess compensation for damages for the taking (or damaging) of property, or any interest therein, through the exercise of the power of eminent domain or condemnation, evidence or testimony bearing upon the following matters shall be admissible and shall be considered in fixing such compensation or damages, in addition to evidence or testimony otherwise admissible:

marketable title thereto has been transferred to the railroad, common carrier or public

1. Any use, condition, occupancy, or operation of such the property, which is unlawful or violative of, or subject to elimination, abatement, prohibition, or correction under, any law or any ordinance or regulatory measure of the state, county, municipality, other political subdivision, or any agency thereof, in which such the property is located,

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1	as being unsafe, substandard, insanitary or otherwise contrary to the public health,
2	safety, or welfare; and
3	2. The effect on the value of such the property, or any such use, condition,
4	occupancy, or operation, or of the elimination, abatement, prohibition, or correction of
5	any such use, condition, occupancy, or operation.
6	G. H. The foregoing testimony and evidence shall be admissible notwithstanding
7	that no action has been taken by any public body or public officer toward the occupancy
8	or operation. Testimony or evidence that any public officer charged with the duty or
9	authority to do so has rendered, made or issued any judgment, decree, determination or
10	order for the abatement, prohibition, elimination or correction of any such use, condition,
11	occupancy, or operation shall be admissible and shall be prima facie evidence of the
12	existence and character of such the use, condition or operation.
13	H. I. In any condemnation proceedings in which a jury trial is had, if the verdict of
14	the jury exceeds the award of the court appointed commissioners, the court may award a
15	reasonable attorney fee to the defendant or defendants, which shall be paid by the
16	condemner condemnor.
17	SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2001, Section 40-113, is amended to read
18	as follows:
19	Section 40-113. The following terms, whenever used or referred to in this act, shall,
20	unless a different intent clearly appears from the context, be constructed to have the
21	following meaning:
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1	1. "Blighte	d conditions" means conditions which, because of the presence of a
2	majority of the fo	ollowing factors, substantially impair or arrest the sound development
3	and growth of th	e municipality or constitute an economic or social liability or are a
4	menace to the pu	ablic health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use:
5	a.	physical condition, use or occupancy constitutes a public nuisance or
6		attractive nuisance,
7	<u>b.</u>	a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures,
8	b. <u>c.</u>	predominance of defective or inadequate street layout,
9	e.	unsanitary
10	<u>d.</u>	insanitary, vermin-infested, environmentally hazardous conditions,
11		solid waste pollution or contamination, or unsafe conditions that have
12		resulted in a designation by the agency responsible for enforcement of
13		the housing, building or fire codes as unfit for human habitation or
14		use,
15	d. <u>e.</u>	utilities, plumbing, heating, sewerage or other facilities have been
16		disconnected, destroyed, removed, or rendered ineffective so that the
17		property is unfit for its intended use,
18	<u>f.</u>	the property is a vacant or unimproved lot or parcel of ground in a
19		predominantly built-up neighborhood, which by reason of neglect or
20		lack of maintenance has become a place for accumulation of trash and
21		debris, or a haven for rodents or other vermin,

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1	<u>g.</u>	code violations exist affecting health and saf	ety that have not been
2		substantially rehabilitated within one (1) yes	ar of the receipt of notice
3		to rehabilitate from the appropriate code enf	orcement agency,
4	<u>h.</u>	deterioration of site improvements,	
5	e . <u>i.</u> abse	ntee ownership <u>or abandonment, which is pro</u> p	perty not occupied by a
6		person with a legal or equitable right to occu	py it and for which the
7		condemning authority is unable to identify a	nd contact the owner
8		despite reasonable efforts or which has been	declared abandoned by
9		the owner including, but not limited to, an es	state in possession of the
10		property,	
11	f. <u>j.</u> tax o	or special assessment delinquency exceeding th	e fair value of the land,
12	g. <u>k.</u>	defective or unusual conditions of title,	
13	h. <u>l.</u> impr	oper subdivision or obsolete platting or land u	ses,
14	i. <u>m.</u>	the existence of conditions which endanger li	ife or property by fire and
15		other causes, or	
16	j. <u>n.</u> cond	itions which create economic obsolescence, or a	areas containing obsolete
17		nonfunctioning or inappropriately developed	structures;
18	2. <u>"Econon</u>	nic development" means any activity to increas	e tax revenue, tax base,
19	employment, or	general economic health, when that activity do	oes not result in:
20	<u>a.</u>	the transfer of land to public possession, occu	upation, and enjoyment,
21	<u>b.</u>	the transfer of land to a private entity that is	s a public utility or
22		common carrier,	
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1	<u>c.</u> <u>the use of eminent domain to:</u>
2	(1) (a) remove a public nuisance,
3	(b) remove a structure that is beyond repair or unfit for
4	human habitation or use, or
5	(c) acquire abandoned property, and
6	(2) eliminate a direct threat to public health and safety caused by
7	the property in its current condition, or
8	d. private entities occupying an incidental area within a publicly owned
9	and occupied project;
10	3. "Governing body" means the city council, city commission or town board of
11	trustees;
12	3.4. "Neighborhood" means a contiguous geographic area within a city or town that
13	is characterized by a predominant building style or function, and may apply to
14	residential, commercial or industrial areas;
15	4.5. "Program plan" means a plan for the redevelopment of all or a portion of a
16	redevelopment district, which the governing body of a city or town has found to contain
17	blighted conditions, so that the clearance, replatting, rehabilitation or reconstruction
18	thereof is necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act;
19	5. 6. "Project plan" means a specific work or improvement to effectuate all or a
20	portion of a program plan;
21	6. 7. "Public use" means:

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1	<u>a.</u>	the possession, occupation, and enjoyment of the land by the general
2		public, or by public agencies,
3	<u>b.</u>	the use of land for the creation or functioning of public utilities or
4		common carriers, or
5	<u>c.</u>	the use of eminent domain to:
6		(1) (a) remove a public nuisance,
7		(b) remove a structure that is beyond repair or unfit for
8		human habitation or use, or
9		(c) acquire abandoned property, and
10		(2) eliminate a direct threat to public health and safety caused by
11		the property in its current condition.
12	"Public use" does	s not mean the public benefits of economic development including, but
13	not limited to, an	n increase in tax base, tax revenues, employment, or general economic
14	<u>health;</u>	
15	8. "Redeve	lopment" shall mean the clearance, planning, construction,
16	rehabilitation, or	r renovation of all or a portion of a redevelopment district, and the
17	provision for suc	h industrial, commercial, retail, residential or public structures and
18	spaces as may be	e appropriate, including recreational and other facilities incidental or
19	appurtenant the	reto;
20	7. <u>9.</u> "Rede	velopment district" means that portion of a city or town which the
21	governing body	of such city or town has found to contain blighted conditions;

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1	8. 10. "Redevelopment plan" means a plan for the redevelopment of all or a portion		
2	of a redevelopment district; and		
3	9. 11. "Redevelopment trust" means a public trust established in accordance with		
4	Section 176 et seq. of Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes which has the power to		
5	undertake redevelopment activities.		
6	SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2001, Section 40-115, is amended to rea		
7	as follows:		
8	Section 40-115. A. A redevelopment trust shall have the right to acquire by the		
9	exercise of the power of eminent domain any real property in fee simple or other estate		
10	which is necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act, when so approved by the		
11	governing body; provided, however, that neither the state nor any political subdivision		
12	thereof nor any other condemning entity shall use eminent domain to take private		
13	property unless it is necessary for public use and shall not use eminent domain to take		
14	private property without the consent of the owner to be used for private commercial		
15	enterprise, economic development, or any other private use unless it is necessary for a		
16	public use as defined in Section 40-113 of this title. However, property may be		
17	transferred or leased to private entities:		
18	1. That are common carriers or public utilities;		
19	2. Who exercise the power of eminent domain by:		
20	a. (1) removing a public nuisance,		
21	(2) removing a structure that is beyond repair or unfit for human		
22	habitation or use, or		
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1	(3) using eminent domain to acquire abandoned property, and
2	b. eliminating a direct threat to public health and safety caused by the
3	property in its current condition; or
4	3. That occupy an incidental area within a publicly owned and occupied project.
5	B. Whenever property is condemned and will be used by a private party, the
6	condemnor shall establish by clear and convincing evidence that the use of eminent
7	domain complies with this section and is reasonably necessary.
8	C. A redevelopment trust may exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner
9	provided in Sections 9 through 14 of Title 27 of the Oklahoma Statutes; or it may
10	exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by any other applicable
11	statutory provision for the exercise of the power of eminent domain. Property already
12	devoted to a public use may be acquired in like manner, provided that no real property
13	belonging to any city, county, public trust or the state or any political subdivision thereof
4	may be acquired without its consent.
15	C. D. In the event of the sale or other disposition of real property of any
6	redevelopment trust by reason of the foreclosure of any mortgage or other lien, through
17	insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings, by order of any court of competent jurisdiction, by
18	voluntary transfer or otherwise, the purchaser of such real property of such
9	redevelopment trust shall continue to use, operate and maintain such real property in
20	accordance with the provisions of any project plan.
21	SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 27 O.S. 2001, Section 1, is amended to read as
22	follows: HB1331 HFLR - 19 - House of Representatives

1	Section 1. A. The lands set apart for the use and benefit of the State of Oklahon	na
2	for public schools, for public buildings and educational institutions, either by	
3	congressional enactment or executive reservation, are hereby declared to be subject to)
4	the right of eminent domain in behalf of any public enterprises now authorized by law	v to
5	condemn private property for mills, sewers, railroads, side tracks, station grounds and	d
6	other municipal or corporate public uses, and all of the laws of this state with reference	ce
7	to the taking of private property for public use are hereby made applicable to the said	
8	lands.	
9	B. For purposes of this section and Sections 2 through 16 of this title, "public us	<u>e"</u>
10	means:	
11	1. The possession, occupation, and enjoyment of the land by the general public, of	<u>or</u>
12	by public agencies;	
13	2. The use of land for the creation or functioning of public utilities or common	
14	carriers; or	
15	3. The use of eminent domain to:	
16	a. (1) remove a public nuisance,	
17	(2) remove a structure that is beyond repair or unfit for human	
18	habitation or use, or	
19	(3) acquire abandoned property, and	
20	b. eliminate a direct threat to public health and safety caused by the	
21	property in its current condition.	

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1	"Public use" does not mean the public benefits of economic development including, but
2	not limited to, an increase in tax base, tax revenues, employment, or general economic
3	<u>health.</u>
4	SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 27 O.S. 2001, Section 5, is amended to read as
5	follows:
6	Section 5. A. Any county, city, town, township, school district, or board of
7	education, or any board or official having charge of cemeteries created and existing under
8	the laws of this state, shall have power to condemn lands in like manner as railroad
9	companies, for highways, rights-of-way, building sites, cemeteries, public parks and other
10	public purposes; provided, however, that neither the state nor any political subdivision
11	thereof or any other condemning entity shall use eminent domain to take private
12	property unless it is necessary for public use and shall not use eminent domain to take
13	private property without the consent of the owner to be used for private commercial
14	enterprise, economic development, or any other private use except that property may be
15	transferred or leased to private entities:
16	1. That are public utilities or common carriers;
17	2. That occupy an incidental area within a publicly owned and occupied project; or
18	3. If the current condition of the property poses an existing threat to public health
19	and safety.
20	B. For purposes of this section, "economic development" means any activity to
21	increase tax revenue, tax base, employment, or general economic health, when that
22	activity does not result in: HB1331 HFLR - 21 - House of Representatives

1	1. The transfer of land to public possession, occupation, and enjoyment;
2	2. The transfer of land to a private entity that is a public utility or common carrier
3	3. The use of eminent domain to:
4	a. (1) remove a public nuisance,
5	(2) remove a structure that is beyond repair or unfit for human
6	habitation or use, or
7	(3) acquire abandoned property, and
8	b. eliminate a direct threat to public health and safety caused by the
9	property in its current condition; or
10	4. The transfer of land to a private entity that occupies an incidental area within a
11	publicly owned and occupied project.
12	SECTION 7. This act shall become effective November 1, 2009.
13 14	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, dated 02-19-09 - DO PASS, As Coauthored.

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