

ENROLLED HOUSE  
BILL NO. 1432

By: Hilliard of the House

and

Laughlin of the Senate

An Act relating to counties and county officers; amending 11 O.S. 2001, Section 41-108, which relates to requirements for plat recordings; modifying specifications; amending 19 O.S. 2001, Section 347, which relates to county fiscal matters; prohibiting certain acts; amending 19 O.S. 2001, Section 421.2, which relates to disposition of certain property; modifying entities to whom property may be transferred; amending 19 O.S. 2001, Sections 1501, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 356, O.S.L. 2005 and 1505, as amended by Section 6, Chapter 447, O.S.L. 2004 (19 O.S. Supp. 2006, Sections 1501 and 1505), which relate to county purchasing procedures; modifying the purchasing authority of the county purchasing agent; modifying procedures for processing purchase orders; amending 42 O.S. 2001, Section 147.1, as amended by Section 4, Chapter 184, O.S.L. 2003 (42 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 147.1), which relates to liens; modifying certain fee; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2001, Section 41-108, is amended to read as follows:

Section 41-108. Any plat submitted for recording shall have the following specifications:

1. The dimensions of the plat shall be twenty-four (24) by thirty-six (36) inches or shall be a size that can be properly and conveniently folded to these dimensions and shall be drawn to a minimum scale of one hundred (100) feet to the inch; except that plats in which all lots contain a net area in excess of forty thousand (40,000) square feet, the plat may be drawn to a scale of two hundred (200) feet to the inch;

2. The drawing surface of the plat shall have a binding margin of two (2) inches at the left side of the plat, a margin of not less than one (1) inch at the right side, and a margin of not less than one and one-half (1 1/2) inches at the top and bottom;

3. The original tracing of each plat and two prints and a reduced copy in the dimensions of eight and one-half (8 1/2) inches by eleven (11) inches thereof shall be presented for recording;

4. The original plat shall be an original drawing made with india ink on a good grade linen tracing cloth, or with a suitable black acetate base ink on a stable polyester base film coated upon completion with a suitable plastic material to prevent flaking and to assure permanent legibility, or a print on a stable polyester base film made by photographic processes from a film scribing tested for residual hypo with an approved hypo testing solution to assure permanency;

5. Marginal lines, standard certificates and approval forms may be printed or legibly stamped on the plat with permanent opaque black ink when permitted by local ordinance; and

6. The county clerk may require one of the prints to be a blueprint cloth and the other print to be a photographic matte film positive.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 19 O.S. 2001, Section 347, is amended to read as follows:

Section 347. A. With respect to counties seeking cash-flow management during any fiscal year, any county may issue and deliver certificates of indebtedness bearing a stated maturity date for the purpose of participating in a short-term cash management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 177.2 of Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes to fund the estimated costs of operations, capital expenditures or other lawful costs of the county, or any of its public trusts as operator of its property, for the current fiscal

year. The proceeds of certificates of indebtedness shall be set aside in a separate account and used only for the purpose of meeting expenditures and obligations which would otherwise be lawfully payable from the revenue certified by the county excise board. As proceeds from the certificates are used to pay such lawful expenditures and obligations, the financial records of the county shall reflect the amounts of these obligations paid with such proceeds so that a like amount of revenue collected and available to the county may be used to repay the certificates of indebtedness, in whole or in part. The State Auditor and Inspector shall adopt uniform accounting procedures for use by the counties to ensure that the issuance of certificates of indebtedness and the use of the proceeds derived from these certificates will be documented and will not result in a district overspending its authorized budget. All certificates of indebtedness shall be issued, delivered and registered for payment in the specific manner designated by the State Auditor and Inspector; provided, any such certificates of indebtedness shall be made payable on any date within the then current fiscal year and may be purchased for value through the funding of uncollateralized investments made for the benefit of and on behalf of the county. Short-term cash management programs of any county may lawfully provide for the investment of note, bond or certificate proceeds by the issuer of the obligations with the benefit and use of such proceeds assured to the county when needed by the county. Monies remaining in any such investment agreement or investments may be applied to or credited for the payment of the certificate of indebtedness by trust instruction when due in a like and similar manner provided for the transfer of monies by subsection J of Section 5-135 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes. In no case may a county participate in a short-term cash management program in any given fiscal year beyond that fiscal year. Monies received by a county pursuant to a short-term cash management program may be used only for those purposes for which other monies of the county may be lawfully expended.

B. It shall be unlawful for the board of county commissioners to issue any certificate of indebtedness, in any form, in payment of or representing or acknowledging any account, claim, or indebtedness against the county, or to make any contracts for or incur any indebtedness against the county in excess of the amount then unexpended and unencumbered of the sum appropriated for the specific item of estimated needs for such purpose theretofore made, submitted, and approved or authorized for such purpose by a bond issue. All warrants upon the county treasurer, for a county purpose, shall be issued upon the order of the board of county

commissioners, drawn by the county clerk, signed by the chairman of the board, and attested by the signature of the county clerk, with the county seal attached. Each warrant shall designate the fund, department and appropriation account, and shall further show the nature of the indebtedness acknowledged by the allowance of the claim so paid.

C. Whenever a county officer holding an elective office will not ~~immediately succeed himself~~ serve a succeeding term in said the same office, it shall be unlawful for the board of county commissioners, during the first six (6) months of the fiscal year in which said term of office expires, to approve claims for the operation of said office totaling in excess of one-half (1/2) the amount allocated for the operation of said office during said fiscal year, unless approval in writing is obtained from the county excise board, and any claim in excess thereof and any warrant issued pursuant thereto shall be null and void.

D. It shall also be unlawful for a county officer holding elective office who will not immediately serve a succeeding term in the same office to make any changes or alterations in the licensing or source code of computer software currently being used.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 19 O.S. 2001, Section 421.2, is amended to read as follows:

Section 421.2 A unanimous vote of the board of county commissioners may transfer any machinery, equipment or vehicle belonging to the county, which is deemed by the board to be surplus, to a political subdivision of the state ~~within that county~~ which is in need of such machinery, equipment or vehicle to benefit a significant part of the public served by the county; provided, however, one of the county commissioners voting in the majority is the county commissioner from whose district the subject property is to be transferred. Upon such transfer, the subject property shall be removed from the inventory of the county. The board of county commissioners may not deem any property to be surplus during the period of time beginning thirty (30) days before the filing period for any election of a county commissioner and ending the day after a county commissioner is sworn in as such. When the political subdivision receiving such property declares same to be surplus, the governing body shall give written notice to the county of its intent to transfer such property back to the county. The board of county commissioners shall have up to fifteen (15) days from the date of receipt of such notice to either accept or reject the property. The

political subdivision shall transfer such property back to the county only if the board of county commissioners agrees to accept the property or the board fails to respond within the fifteen-day time period.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 19 O.S. 2001, Section 1501, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 356, O.S.L. 2005 (19 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 1501), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1501. A. The county purchasing agent:

1. Shall, within the amount of the unencumbered balance, make all purchases that are paid from county funds for the various institutions, departments, officers, and employees of the county, except at public auctions and as otherwise provided for by law;

2. May make purchases for political subdivisions of this state within the county if authorized by appropriate action of the governing board or body of the political subdivision affected;

3. Shall make purchases and rental or lease-purchase agreements only after following the bidding procedures as provided for by law, except:

- a. when the purchase does not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00). All purchases made pursuant to this subparagraph shall be by a single purchase order. Splitting purchase orders which would result in paying an amount in excess of the limitations specified in this subparagraph is expressly prohibited. Any person convicted of violating the provisions of this subparagraph shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and such person shall forfeit the person's position or office,
- b. when the total payments of a rental or lease-purchase agreement do not exceed ~~Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00)~~ the current bid limit as established in subparagraph a of this paragraph,
- c. when articles and items are covered by single source contracts,
- d. service or maintenance contracts on equipment or machinery which are entered into at the time of the purchase of the equipment or machinery,

- e. purchases made pursuant to a blanket purchase order as provided for in Section 310.8 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
- f. when materials for road or bridge improvements do not exceed Three Dollars (\$3.00) per yard or per ton,
- g. purchases of fuel if the county purchasing agent obtains telephone quotes from at least three vendors prior to the purchase and the lowest and best quote is selected. Documentation of these quotes shall be recorded in the permanent records of the clerk,
- h. purchases of tools, apparatus, machinery or equipment from a state agency or a political subdivision of the state as provided for in subsection C of Section 421.1 of this title,
- i. purchases of food for prisoners incarcerated in the county jail; provided, in counties having a population in excess of one hundred thousand (100,000) persons, the county purchasing agent shall follow bidding procedures as provided by law unless the county purchasing agent obtains telephone quotes pursuant to the whole total of food items requisitioned prior to the purchase and the lowest and best quote is selected. Documentation of these quotes shall be recorded in the permanent records of the county clerk,
- j. when a county solicits bids for the purchase of processed native materials for road and bridge improvements, the county may accept all bids received, with the lowest and best bid from those accepted to be selected at the time of opening of any construction project. The selection of the bid shall be based upon availability, bid price, plus transportation costs,
- k. when a vendor has been selected as the lowest and best bidder to furnish a particular item or items to the county during a specified time period and in the event the vendor is unable to perform, the purchasing agent may solicit telephone quotes for the item or items needed from the list of qualified bidders and provide

for the purchase of the items at the lowest and best quote available,

- l. when considering the purchase of an item or items from the state bid list as provided by the Department of Central Services or the General Services Administration, if the same exact item is available from a local vendor at or below the price listed on the state bid list or the General Services Administration list, the item may be obtained from the vendor,
- m. any item or items bid by the Department of Central Services which may be purchased by the county, provided the vendor is willing to supply the item or items to the county at the bid price,
- n. when a county obtains proceeds from the sale of its property at a public auction, that county may use those proceeds to acquire items previously identified as needed by the county at the same public auction pursuant to subsection D of Section 1505 of this title,
- o. when an item or items have been competitively bid by a county, or on behalf of a group of contiguous counties, provided:
  - (1) the notice to bidders shall list each county which may participate in the purchase of the item or items being bid,
  - (2) the notice of bid is advertised, as provided by law, in each of the counties which may participate in the purchase of the item or items,
  - (3) all vendors on the list of qualified bidders of each participating county who offer the item or items for sale received notice of the bid request, and
  - (4) the vendor awarded the bid is willing and able to provide the item or items at the bid price,

- p. counties may participate in a nationwide purchasing program sponsored by the national association representing counties, or
- q. when the Governor declares an emergency in a county, the district attorney of that county shall have the authority to temporarily waive competitive bidding procedures for purchases that may expedite a response to the emergency situation. This temporary waiver shall be in addition to any powers exercised pursuant to Section 683.11 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The purchases shall be paid by attaching properly itemized invoices, as described in Section 1505 of this title, to a purchase order which has been prepared by the county purchasing agent and submitting both to the county clerk for filing, encumbering, and consideration for payment by the board of county commissioners;

4. Shall not furnish any supplies, materials, equipment, or other articles, except upon receipt of a requisition signed by a county officer. Written requisitions will not be required for blanket purchase orders as provided for in Section 310.8 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Each county officer may designate not more than two employees who also shall be authorized to sign requisitions in the absence of the county officer. A written designation of the employees shall be filed with the county clerk and shall be entered in the minutes of the board of county commissioners;

5. Shall make lease or lease-purchase agreements for road machinery and equipment if the county has adequate funds appropriated during any fiscal year for such purpose and only after following the bidding procedures as provided for in Section 1505 of this title. The term of any lease or lease-purchase agreement authorized pursuant to this paragraph may be for any period up to one (1) year, provided, the term shall not extend beyond the end of any fiscal year, with an option to renew such agreement subject to the requirement that adequate funds are appropriated during the fiscal year by the county for such purpose. The State Auditor and Inspector's office shall be notified by the county of the terms and conditions of a lease or lease-purchase agreement authorized pursuant to this paragraph before any such agreement is made by the county purchasing agent; and

6. Shall perform such other duties as may be delegated by the appointing authority or as may be provided for by law.

B. Each department of county government needing repairs to equipment, machinery or vehicles shall make estimates and requisition a purchase order from the county purchasing agent for repairs not in excess of Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00). Repairs in excess of Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00), shall be submitted on a blanket purchase order as provided in Section 310.8 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 19 O.S. 2001, Section 1505, as amended by Section 6, Chapter 447, O.S.L. 2004 (19 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 1505), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1505. The following procedures shall be used by counties for the requisition, purchase, lease-purchase, rental, and receipt of supplies, materials, and equipment for the maintenance, operation, and capital expenditures of county government unless otherwise provided for by law.

A. The procedure for requisitioning items for county offices shall be as follows:

1. The requesting department shall prepare a requisition form in triplicate. The requisition shall contain any specifications for an item as deemed necessary by the requesting department. The form shall be prescribed by the State Auditor and Inspector;

2. The requesting department shall retain a copy of the requisition and forward the original requisition and a copy to the county purchasing agent; and

3. Upon receipt of the requisition, the county purchasing agent, within two (2) working days, shall begin the bidding and purchasing process as provided for in this section. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the transfer of supplies, materials, or equipment between county departments upon a written agreement between county officers.

B. The bid procedure for selecting a vendor for the purchase, lease-purchase, or rental of supplies, materials, and equipment used by a county shall be as follows:

1. The county purchasing agent shall request written recommendations from all county officers pertaining to commonly used supplies, materials, and equipment. From such recommendations and available requisition, purchase, or inventory records, the county purchasing agent shall prepare a list of items commonly used by county officers. The county purchasing agent shall request from the Purchasing Division of the Department of Central Services all contracts quoting the price the state is paying for the items. The county purchasing agent shall either request the Purchasing Division of the Department of Central Services to make the purchase for the county or solicit bids for unit prices on the items for periods of not to exceed twelve (12) months in the manner described in paragraph 2 of this subsection. If the county purchasing agent receives a requisition for an item for which the county purchasing agent does not have a current bid, the county purchasing agent shall request from the Purchasing Division of the Department of Central Services all contracts quoting the price the state is paying for the item. The county purchasing agent shall either request the Purchasing Division of the Department of Central Services to make the purchase for the county or solicit bids in the manner described in paragraph 2 of this subsection. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit bids from being taken on an item currently on a twelve-month bid list, at any time deemed necessary by the county purchasing agent. Whenever the county purchasing agent deems it necessary to take a bid on an item currently on a twelve-month bid list, the reason for the bid shall be entered into the minutes of the board of county commissioners;

2. Bids shall be solicited by mailing a notice to all persons or firms who have made a written request of the county purchasing agent that they be notified of such bid solicitation and to all other persons or firms who might reasonably be expected to submit bids. Notice of solicitation of bids shall also be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. Notices shall be mailed and published at least ten (10) days prior to the date on which the bids are opened. Proof of the mailing shall be made by the affidavit of the person mailing the request for bids and shall be made a part of the official records of the county purchasing agent. Whenever any prospective supplier or vendor dealing in or listing for sale any particular item or article required to be purchased or acquired by sealed bids fails to enter or offer a sealed bid for three successive bid solicitations, the name of the supplier or vendor may be dropped from the mailing lists of the board of county commissioners;

3. The sealed bids received from vendors and the state contract price received from the Purchasing Division of the Department of Central Services shall be given to the county clerk by the county purchasing agent. The county clerk shall forward the sealed bids and state contract price, if any, to the board of county commissioners;

4. The board of county commissioners, in an open meeting, shall open the sealed bids and compare them to the state contract price. The board of county commissioners shall select the lowest and best bid based upon the availability of material and transportation cost to the job site within thirty (30) days of the meeting. For any special item not included on the list of commonly used items, the requisitioning official shall review the bids and submit a written recommendation to the board before final approval. The board of county commissioners shall keep a written record of the meeting as required by law, and any time the lowest bid was not considered to be the lowest and best bid, the reason for such conclusion shall be recorded. Whenever the board of county commissioners rejects the written recommendation of the requisitioning official pertaining to a special item, the reasons for the rejection shall be entered in their minutes and stated in a letter to the requisitioning official and county purchasing agent;

5. The county purchasing agent shall notify the successful bidders and shall maintain a copy of the notification. The county purchasing agent shall prepare and maintain a vendors list specifying the successful bidders and shall notify each county officer of the list. The county purchasing agent may remove any vendor from such list who refuses to provide goods or services as provided by contract if the removal is authorized by the board of county commissioners. The county purchasing agent may make purchases from the successful bidders for a price at or below the bid price. If a vendor who is the low bidder cannot or will not sell goods or services as required by a county bid contract, the county purchasing agent may purchase from the next low bidder or take quotations as provided in paragraph 6 of this subsection, provided, however, such purchase does not exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00); and

6. When bids have been solicited as provided for by law and no bids have been received, the procedure shall be as follows:

- a. the county purchasing agent shall determine if potential vendors are willing to commit to a firm

price for a reduced period of time, and, if such is the case, the bid procedure described in this subsection shall be followed, or

- b. if vendors are not willing to commit to a firm price for a reduced period, the purchasing agent shall solicit and record at least three quotes of current prices available to the county and authorize the purchase of goods based on the lowest and best quote as it becomes necessary to acquire such goods. The quotes shall be recorded on a form prescribed by the State Auditor and Inspector and shall be attached to the purchase order and filed with the county clerk's copy of the purchase order. Any time the lowest quote was not considered to be the lowest and best quote, the reason for this conclusion shall be recorded by the county purchasing agent and transmitted to the county clerk, or
- c. if three quotes are not available, a memorandum to the county clerk from the county purchasing agent shall describe the basis upon which a purchase is authorized. The memorandum shall state the reasons why the price for such a purchase is the lowest and best under the circumstances. The county clerk shall then attach the memorandum to the county clerk's copy of the purchase order and file both in the office of the county clerk.

C. After selection of a vendor, the procedure for the purchase, lease-purchase, or rental of supplies, materials, and equipment used by a county shall be as follows:

1. The county purchasing agent shall prepare a purchase order in quadruplicate and submit it with a copy of the requisition to the county clerk;
2. The county clerk shall then encumber the amount stated on the purchase order and assign a sequential number to the purchase order;
3. If there is an unencumbered balance in the appropriation made for that purpose by the county excise board, the county clerk shall so certify in the following form:

I hereby certify that the amount of this encumbrance has been entered against the designated appropriation accounts and that this encumbrance is within the authorized available balance of said appropriation.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
County Clerk/Deputy

of \_\_\_\_\_ County.

In instances where it is impossible to ascertain the exact amount of the indebtedness sought to be incurred at the time of recording the encumbrance, an estimated amount may be used. No purchase order shall be valid unless signed by the county purchasing agent and certified by the county clerk; and

4. The county clerk shall file a copy of the purchase order and return the original purchase order and two copies to the county purchasing agent who shall file a copy, retain the other copy for the county road and bridge inventory officer if the purchase order is for the purchase of equipment, supplies, or materials for the construction or maintenance of roads and bridges, and submit the original purchase order to the receiving officer of the requesting department.

D. 1. The procedure for the purchase of supplies, materials, and equipment at public auction or by sealed bid to be used by a county shall be as follows:

- a. the county purchasing agent shall prepare a purchase order in quadruplicate and submit it with a copy of the requisition to the county clerk,
- b. the county clerk shall then encumber the amount stated on the purchase order and assign a sequential number to the purchase order,
- c. if there is an unencumbered balance in the appropriation made for that purpose by the county excise board, the county clerk shall so certify in the following form:

I hereby certify that the amount of this encumbrance has been entered against the designated appropriation accounts and that this encumbrance is within the authorized available balance of said appropriation.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
County Clerk/Deputy

of \_\_\_\_\_ County.

In instances where it is impossible to ascertain the exact amount of the indebtedness sought to be incurred at the time of recording the encumbrance, an estimated amount may be used. No purchase order shall be valid unless signed by the county purchasing agent and certified by the county clerk, and

- d. the county clerk shall file a copy of the purchase order and return the original purchase order and two copies to the county purchasing agent who shall file a copy, retain the other copy for the county road and bridge inventory officer if the purchase order is for the purchase of equipment, supplies, or materials for the construction or maintenance of roads and bridges, and submit the original purchase order to the receiving officer of the requesting department.

2. The procedure for the purchase of supplies, materials and equipment at a public auction when the purchase will be made with the proceeds from the sale of county property at the same public auction are as follows:

- a. the purchasing agent shall cause such items being sold to be appraised in the manner determined in Section 421.1 of this title,
- b. the county purchasing agent shall prepare a purchase order in quadruplicate and submit it with a copy of the requisition to the county clerk,

- c. the county clerk shall then encumber the amount of the appraised value and any additional funds obligated by the county on the purchase order and assign a sequential number to the purchase order,
- d. the county clerk shall certify that the amount of the encumbrance is equal to the appraised value of the item being sold plus any additional funds obligated by the county. In effect the recording of the encumbrance is an estimate that is authorized by law. No purchase order shall be valid unless signed by the county purchasing agent and certified by the county clerk,
- e. the county clerk shall file a copy of the purchase order and return the original purchase order and two copies to the county purchasing agent who shall file a copy, retain a copy for the county road and bridge inventory officer if the purchase order is for the purchase of equipment, supplies or materials for the construction or maintenance of roads and bridges, and submit the original purchase order to the receiving officer of the requesting department, and
- f. a purchase shall not be bid until such time that the appraised item or items are sold. Any item or items purchased shall not exceed the appraised value plus any additional funds obligated by the county or the actual selling price of the item or items, whichever is the lesser amount.

E. The procedure for the receipt of items shall be as follows:

1. A receiving officer for the requesting department shall be responsible for receiving all items delivered to that department;

2. Upon the delivery of an item, the receiving officer shall determine if a purchase order exists for the item being delivered;

3. If no such purchase order has been provided, the receiving officer shall refuse delivery of the item;

4. If a purchase order is on file, the receiving officer shall obtain a delivery ticket, bill of lading, or other delivery document and compare it with the purchase order. If any item is back

ordered, the back order and estimated date of delivery shall be noted in the receiving report;

5. The receiving officer shall complete a receiving report in quadruplicate which shall state the quantity and quality of goods delivered. The receiving report form shall be prescribed by the State Auditor and Inspector. The person delivering the goods shall acknowledge the delivery by signature, noting the date and time;

6. The receiving officer shall file the original receiving report and submit:

- a. the original purchase order and a copy of the receiving report to the county purchasing agent, and
- b. a copy of the receiving report with the delivery documentation to the county clerk;

7. The county purchasing agent shall file the original purchase order and a copy of the receiving report;

8. Upon receipt of the original receiving report and the delivery documentation, the county clerk shall maintain a file until such time as an invoice is received from the vendor;

9. The invoice shall state the name and address of the vendor and must be sufficiently itemized to clearly describe each item purchased, the unit price when applicable, the number or volume of each item purchased, the total price, the total purchase price, and the date of the purchase;

10. Upon receipt of an invoice, the county clerk shall compare the following documents:

- a. requisition,
- b. purchase order,
- c. invoice with noncollusion affidavit as required by law,
- d. receiving report, and
- e. delivery document.

The documents shall be available for public inspection during regular business hours; and

11. If the documents conform as to the quantity and quality of the items, the county clerk shall prepare a warrant for payment according to procedures provided for by law.

F. The following procedures are for the processing of purchase orders:

1. Purchase orders may be allowed and paid at the first meeting of the board of county commissioners ~~after five (5) days have elapsed following the date of the filing of the purchase order,~~ after presentation for payment; provided, that purchase orders for the salaries of the county officers and their full-time assistants, deputies and employees may be allowed and paid immediately after filing;

2. The board of county commissioners shall consider the purchase orders so presented and act upon the purchase orders, by allowing in full or in part or by holding for further information or disallowing the same. The disposition of purchase orders shall be indicated by the board of county commissioners, showing the amounts allowed or disallowed and shall be signed by at least two members of the board of county commissioners. Any claim held over for further information shall be acted upon by allowing or disallowing same at any future meeting of the board held within seventy-five (75) days from the date of filing of the purchase order. Any purchase order not acted upon within the seventy-five (75) days from the date of filing shall be deemed to have been disallowed, but such disallowance shall not prevent the refiling of the purchase order at the proper time; and

3. Whenever any allowance, either in whole or in part, is made upon any purchase order presented to the board of county commissioners and is accepted by the person making the claim, such allowance shall be a full settlement of the entire purchase order and provided that the cashing of warrant shall be considered as acceptance by the claimant.

G. The procedure upon consumption or disposal of supplies, materials, or equipment shall be as follows:

1. For consumable road or bridge items or materials, a monthly report of the road and bridge projects completed during such period

shall be prepared and kept on file by the consuming department. The report shall contain a record of the date, the place, and the purpose for the use of the road or bridge items or materials. For purposes of identifying county bridges, the board of county commissioners shall number each bridge subject to its jurisdiction; and

2. For disposal of all equipment which originally cost more than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00), resolution of disposal shall be submitted by the officer on a form prescribed by the State Auditor and Inspector's Office to the board of county commissioners. The approval of the resolution of disposal shall be entered into the minutes of the board.

H. Inventory forms and reports shall be retained for not less than two (2) years after all audit requirements for the state and federal government have been fulfilled and after any pending litigation involving the forms and reports has been resolved.

I. The procedures provided for in this section shall not apply when a county officer certifies that an emergency exists requiring an immediate expenditure of funds. Such an expenditure of funds shall not exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). The county officer shall give the county purchasing agent a written explanation of the emergency. The county purchasing agent shall attach the written explanation to the purchase order. The purchases shall be paid by attaching a properly itemized invoice, as described in this section, to a purchase order which has been prepared by the county purchasing agent and submitting them to the county clerk for filing, encumbering, and consideration for payment by the board of county commissioners.

SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 42 O.S. 2001, Section 147.1, as amended by Section 4, Chapter 184, O.S.L. 2003 (42 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 147.1), is amended to read as follows:

Section 147.1 Any property owner or other interested party, including but not limited to mortgagees, contractors, subcontractors and others against whom a lien claim is filed under the provisions of the law relating to mechanics' and materialmen's liens, may at any time discharge the lien by depositing with the county clerk in whose office the lien claim has been filed either: An amount of money equal to one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the lien claim amount; or a corporate surety bond with a penal amount equal to one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the lien claim amount.

Within three (3) business days after the deposit of money or bond is made, the county clerk shall serve upon the lien claimant, at the address shown on the lien claim, written notice setting forth: The number of the lien claim; the name of the lien claimant; the name of the property owner; the name of the alleged debtor, if someone other than the property owner; the property description shown on the lien claim; and the amount of cash deposited or, if a bond is filed, the names of the principal and surety and the bond penalty. The party seeking to discharge the lien shall prepare and deliver the notice to the county clerk and pay a fee ~~of Five Dollars (\$5.00) to cover the cost of filing and mailing~~ in accordance with Section 32 of Title 28 of the Oklahoma Statutes. An abbreviated notice may be used if the same refers to and encloses a copy of the lien claim and either a copy of the cash receipt issued by the county clerk or a copy of the bond with the clerk's filing stamp thereon. The notice shall be mailed by registered or certified mail at the option of the county clerk.

If cash is deposited, the county clerk shall immediately show the lien released of record. If a bond is deposited, the lien claimant shall have ten (10) days after the notice is mailed within which to file a written objection with the county clerk. If a written objection is not timely filed the county clerk shall immediately show the lien released of record. If an objection is timely made, the county clerk shall set a hearing within ten (10) days thereafter and notify by ordinary mail both the lien claimant and the party making the deposit of the date and time thereof. The only grounds for objection shall be that: The surety is not authorized to transact business in this state; the bond is not properly signed; the penal amount is less than one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the claim; the power of attorney of the surety's attorney-in-fact does not authorize the execution; there is no power of attorney attached if the bond is executed by anyone other than the surety's president and attested by its secretary; or a cease and desist order has been issued against the surety either by the Insurance Commissioner or a court of competent jurisdiction. Within two (2) business days following the hearing the county clerk shall either sustain or overrule the objections and notify the parties of the county clerk's ruling by ordinary mail. If the objections are sustained, the ruling of the county clerk shall be conclusive for lien release purposes unless appealed within ten (10) days to the district court. If the objections are overruled, the county clerk shall immediately show the lien released of record.

The bond shall: Name the lien claimant as obligee and the party seeking the release as principal; be executed by both the principal and the surety; have a proper power of attorney attached if executed by an attorney-in-fact; be executed by a corporate surety authorized to transact business in this state; and be conditioned that the principal and surety will pay the full amount of the claim as established in any appropriate court proceeding, plus any court costs and ~~attorney's~~ attorney fees awarded the lien claimant, but in no event shall the liability of the principal or surety under the bond exceed the bond penalty. The preceding clause shall not limit the common law liability of the party who created the indebtedness upon which the lien claim is based. The conditions of any bond filed pursuant to this section shall be deemed to comply with the requirements hereof, regardless of the language or limitations set forth therein, if both the principal and surety intend that the bond be filed to secure a lien release under this section.

The cash deposit or bond, as the case may be, shall stand in lieu of the released lien, and the lien claimant must proceed against the substituted security in the same time and manner as is required for foreclosure of a lien claim. The cash deposit or bond shall stand liable for such principal, interest, court costs and ~~attorney's~~ attorney fees to the extent they could be awarded in a lien foreclosure proceeding.

The only proper parties to an action against the substituted security are: The party making the cash deposit; the bond principal and surety; the party primarily liable for the indebtedness giving rise to the lien claim; and anyone else who may be liable to the lien claimant for the same indebtedness. The party making the cash deposit and the bond principal and surety are necessary parties to an action against the substituted security, and by making a deposit or filing a bond the parties subject themselves to personal jurisdiction in the court where the action is properly filed and may be served with process as in other cases.

If the lien claimant fails to timely file a foreclosure action, upon application of the party making the deposit or filing the bond and the payment of a fee of Ten Dollars (\$10.00), the county clerk shall return the cash to the party making the deposit or appropriately note on the bond that the same has been released. The clerk shall not incur liability to any lien claimant for an inadvertent release of cash or bond. At the end of ten (10) years and after the county clerk has attempted written notification to the lien claimant at the address shown on the lien claim, if no

foreclosure has been commenced by the lien claimant or such money has not been withdrawn upon application of the depositing party, the cash deposit plus all accrued interest shall be forfeited to the county general fund.

Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the lien claimant and other interested parties from entering into agreements for the substitution of a different form of security in lieu of the lien claim.

The county clerk shall invest the deposited cash in the manner provided for county treasurers in Section 348.1 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Any interest earned thereon shall become a part of the deposit and be either returned to the party making the deposit, if no action is filed, or paid in accordance with any final judgment rendered by the court in the action against the substituted security. If a district court judgment adverse to the depositing party is entered, in setting the amount of supersedeas bond the court shall take into consideration the existing cash deposit or bond.

SECTION 7. This act shall become effective November 1, 2007.

Passed the House of Representatives the 30th day of April, 2007.

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Presiding Officer of the House of  
Representatives

Passed the Senate the 17th day of April, 2007.

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Presiding Officer of the Senate