

ENROLLED HOUSE
BILL NO. 1297

By: Derby of the House

and

Crain of the Senate

An Act relating to public health and safety; amending 12 O.S. 2001, Section 66, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 468, O.S.L. 2002 (12 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 66), which relates to bonds for actions filed by the state or state department; expanding scope of certain exception relating to costs; amending 63 O.S. 2001, Sections 2-206, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 283, O.S.L. 2005 and 2-210, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 52, O.S.L. 2002 (63 O.S. Supp. 2006, Sections 2-206 and 2-210), which relate to Schedules II and IV controlled substances; expanding list of certain controlled substances; modifying name of certain substance; amending 63 O.S. 2001, Section 2-506, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 537, O.S.L. 2004 (63 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 2-506), which relates to procedures for seizing property and forfeiture proceedings; authorizing the deposit of certain currency in certain interest-bearing account; providing for the return or forfeiture of interest earned on certain currency; prohibiting assessment of filing fees on certain actions; clarifying use of certain phrase; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. 2001, Section 66, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 468, O.S.L. 2002 (12 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 66), is amended to read as follows:

Section 66. A. Whenever an action is filed in any of the courts of this state where the State of Oklahoma or any of its departments or agencies, as defined in Section 152 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes, is a party, no bonds or other obligation of security shall be required from the state or from any party acting under the direction of the state, either to prosecute, answer, or appeal the action. The execution of a judgment or final order of any judicial tribunal against the state or any of its departments or agencies is automatically stayed without the execution of a supersedeas bond until any appeal of such judgment or final order has finally been determined.

In case of an adverse decision, such costs as by law are taxable against the state, or against the party acting by its direction, shall be paid out of the funds of the department under whose direction the proceedings were instituted or defended.

B. Costs shall be paid to the court fund of the district court in which an action is filed from the first funds collected in satisfaction of any judgment obtained by this state or any party acting under the direction of this state, except when the funds are collected pursuant to a child support order ~~or~~, judgment, or pursuant to any civil forfeiture action. No action filed by this state or by any party acting under the direction of this state shall be dismissed with unpaid costs of the action without the prior notification of the district court clerk of the county in which the action was filed.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2001, Section 2-206, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 283, O.S.L. 2005 (63 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 2-206), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-206. The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule II.

A. Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

1. Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate;

2. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph 1 of this subsection, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

3. Opium poppy and poppy straw; or

4. Coca leaves except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in this paragraph.

B. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters and ethers, when the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Alphaprodine;

2. Anileridine;

3. Bezitramide;

4. Dihydrocodeine;

5. Diphenoxylate;

6. Fentanyl;

7. Isomethadone;

8. Levomethorphan;

9. Levorphanol;

10. Metazocine;

11. Methadone;

12. Methadone - Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;

13. Moramide - Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;

14. Oxycodone;

15. Pethidine (Meperidine);

~~15.~~ 16. Pethidine - Intermediate - A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;

~~16.~~ 17. Pethidine - Intermediate - B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;

~~17.~~ 18. Pethidine - Intermediate - C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;

~~18.~~ 19. Phenazocine;

~~19.~~ 20. Piminodine;

~~20.~~ 21. Racemethorphan;

~~21.~~ 22. Racemorphan;

~~22.~~ 23. Etorphine Hydrochloride salt only;

~~23.~~ 24. Alfentanil hydrochloride; or

~~24.~~ 25. Levo-alphaacetylmethadol.

C. Any substance which contains any quantity of:

1. Methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

2. Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers.

D. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following substances having stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Phenmetrazine and its salts;

2. Methylphenidate;
3. Amobarbital;
4. Pentobarbital; or
5. Secobarbital.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2001, Section 2-210, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 52, O.S.L. 2002 (63 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 2-210), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-210. A. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Chloral betaine;
2. Chloral hydrate;
3. Ethchlorvynol;
4. Ethinamate;
5. Meprobamate;
6. Paraldehyde;
7. Petrichloral;
8. Diethylpropion;
9. Phentermine;
10. Pemoline;
11. Chlordiazepoxide;
12. Chlordiazepoxide and its salts, but not including chlordiazepoxide hydrochloride and clidinium bromide or chlordiazepoxide and water-soluble esterified estrogens;
13. Diazepam;

14. Oxazepam;
15. Clorazepate;
16. Flurazepam and its salts;
17. Clonazepam;
18. Barbital;
19. Mebutamate;
20. Methohexital;
21. Methylphenobarbital;
22. Phenobarbital;
23. Fenfluramine;
24. Pentazocine;
25. ~~Dextropropoxyphene~~ Propoxyphene;
26. Butorphanol;
27. Alprazolam;
28. Halazepam;
29. Lorazepam;
30. Prazepam;
31. Temazepam;
32. Triazolam;
33. Carisoprodol;

34. Ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers as the only active ingredient, or in combination with other active ingredients; or

35. Dichloralphenazone.

B. 1. The following nonnarcotic substances, which may, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C., Section 301), be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription, are excluded from all schedules of controlled substances under this title:

- a. Breathe-Aid,
- b. BronCare,
- c. Bronchial Congestion,
- d. Bronkaid Tablets,
- e. Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets,
- f. Bronkotabs,
- g. Bronkolixir,
- h. NeoRespin,
- i. Pazo Hemorrhoid Ointment and Suppositories,
- j. Primatene Tablets,
- k. Primatene "Dual Action" Formula,
- l. Quelidrine,
- m. Resp, and
- n. Vatronal Nose Drops.

2. At the request of any person, the Director may exempt any other drug product containing ephedrine from being included as a Schedule IV controlled substance if such product:

- a. is labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent ~~pertinent~~ OTC tentative final or final monograph issued by the FDA, and

- b. is manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal use and in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse.

3. In making a determination regarding a drug product, the Director, after notice and hearing, shall consider the following:

- a. the history and current pattern of abuse,
- b. the name and labeling of the product,
- c. the intended manner of distribution, advertising and promotion of the product, and
- d. other factors as may be relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

4. The hearing shall be held in accordance with the ~~Oklahoma~~ Administrative Procedures Act.

5. A list of current drug products meeting exemption requirements under this subsection may be obtained from the Bureau upon written request.

C. The Board of Pharmacy may except by rule any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any depressant substance listed in subsection A of this section from the application of all or any part of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, Section 2-101 et seq. of this title, if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains one or more active medicinal ingredients not having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the admixtures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which have a depressant effect on the central nervous system.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2001, Section 2-506, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 537, O.S.L. 2004 (63 O.S. Supp. 2006, Section 2-506), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-506. A. Any peace officer of this state shall seize the following property:

1. Any property described in subsection A of Section 2-503 of this title. Such property shall be held as evidence until a

forfeiture has been declared or release ordered, except for property described in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of subsection A of Section 2-503 of this title, or in the case of money, coins, and currency, deposited as provided in subsection E of Section 2-503 of this title; provided, any money, coins and currency taken or detained pursuant to this section may be deposited in an interest-bearing account by or at the direction of the district attorney in the office of the county treasurer if the district attorney determines the currency is not to be held as evidence. All interest earned on such monies shall be returned to the claimant or forfeited with the money, coins and currency which was taken or detained as provided by law;

2. Any property described in subsection B of Section 2-503 of this title; or

3. Any property described in subsection C of Section 2-503 of this title.

B. Notice of seizure and intended forfeiture proceeding shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court for the county wherein such property is seized and shall be given all owners and parties in interest. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no filing fees shall be assessed by the court clerk for the filing of any forfeiture action.

C. Notice shall be given by the agency seeking forfeiture according to one of the following methods:

1. Upon each owner or party in interest whose right, title or interest is of record in the Tax Commission, by mailing a copy of the notice by certified mail to the address as given upon the records of the Tax Commission;

2. Upon each owner or party in interest whose name and address is known to the attorney in the office of the agency prosecuting the action to recover unpaid fines, by mailing a copy of the notice by registered mail to the last-known address; or

3. Upon all other owners or interested parties, whose addresses are unknown, but who are believed to have an interest in the property, by one publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the seizure was made.

D. Within forty-five (45) days after the mailing or publication of the notice, the owner of the property and any other party in interest or claimant may file a verified answer and claim to the property described in the notice of seizure and of the intended forfeiture proceeding.

E. If at the end of forty-five (45) days after the notice has been mailed or published there is no verified answer on file, the court shall hear evidence upon the fact of the unlawful use and shall order the property forfeited to the state, if such fact is proved.

F. If a verified answer is filed, the forfeiture proceeding shall be set for hearing.

G. At a hearing in a proceeding against property described in paragraphs 3 through 9 of subsection A or subsections B and C of Section 2-503 of this title, the requirements set forth in said paragraph or subsection, respectively, shall be satisfied by the state by a preponderance of the evidence.

H. The claimant of any right, title, or interest in the property may prove a lien, mortgage, or conditional sales contract to be a bona fide or innocent ownership interest and that such right, title, or interest was created without any knowledge or reason to believe that the property was being, or was to be, used for the purpose charged.

I. In the event of such proof, the court shall order the property released to the bona fide or innocent owner, lien holder, mortgagee or vendor if the amount due him is equal to, or in excess of, the value of the property as of the date of the seizure, it being the intention of this section to forfeit only the right, title or interest of the purchaser.

J. If the amount due to such person is less than the value of the property, or if no bona fide claim is established, the property shall be forfeited to the state and sold under judgment of the court, as on sale upon execution, and as provided for in Section 2-508 of this title, except as otherwise provided for in Section 2-503 of this title.

K. Property taken or detained under this section shall not be repleviable, but shall be deemed to be in the custody of the office of the district attorney of the county wherein the property was

seized, subject only to the orders and decrees of the court or the official having jurisdiction thereof; said official shall maintain a true and accurate inventory and record of all such property seized under the provisions of this section. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to property taken or detained by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, the Department of Corrections or the Office of the Attorney General. Property taken or detained by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, the Department of Corrections or the Office of the Attorney General shall be subject to the provisions of subsections E and F of Section 2-503 of this title.

L. The proceeds of the sale of any property not taken or detained by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, the Department of Corrections or the Office of the Attorney General shall be distributed as follows, in the order indicated:

1. To the bona fide or innocent purchaser, conditional sales vendor or mortgagee of the property, if any, up to the amount of his interest in the property, when the court declaring the forfeiture orders a distribution to such person;

2. To the payment of the actual expenses of preserving the property and legitimate costs related to the civil forfeiture proceedings. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "legitimate costs" shall not include court costs associated with any civil forfeiture proceeding; and

3. The balance to a revolving fund in the office of the county treasurer of the county wherein the property was seized, said fund to be used as a revolving fund solely for enforcement of controlled dangerous substances laws, drug abuse prevention and drug abuse education, and maintained by the district attorney in his or her discretion for those purposes with a yearly accounting to the board of county commissioners in whose county the fund is established and to the District Attorneys Council; provided, one hundred percent (100%) of the balance of the proceeds of such sale of property forfeited due to nonpayment of a fine imposed pursuant to the

provisions of Section 2-415 of this title shall be apportioned as provided in Section 2-416 of this title. The revolving fund shall be audited by the State Auditor and Inspector at least every two (2) years in the manner provided in Section 171 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Said audit shall include, but not be limited to, a compliance audit. A district attorney may enter into agreements with municipal, county or state agencies to return to such an agency a percentage of proceeds of the sale of any property seized by the agency and forfeited under the provisions of this section. The District Attorneys Council shall adopt guidelines which ensure that such agencies receive a reasonable percentage of such proceeds, considering the relative contribution of each agency to the drug enforcement and prosecution operations relating to the seizure. In formulating said guidelines, the District Attorneys Council shall examine federal guidelines on asset distribution and use said guidelines as a basis for establishing guidelines for this state. The Attorney General is hereby authorized to mediate disputes between district attorneys and such agencies concerning the application of said guidelines in particular instances. Any agency that receives proceeds from an asset distribution shall maintain a true and accurate record of all such assets.

M. Whenever any vehicle, airplane or vessel is forfeited under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, the district court of jurisdiction may order that the vehicle, airplane or vessel seized may be retained by the state, county or city law enforcement agency which seized the vehicle, airplane or vessel for its official use.

N. If the court finds that the state failed to satisfy the required showing provided for in subsection G of this section, the court shall order the property released to the owner or owners.

O. Except as provided for in subsection Q of this section, a bona fide or innocent owner, lien holder, mortgagee or vendor that recovers property pursuant to this section shall not be liable for storage fees.

P. Except as provided for in subsection Q of this section, storage fees shall be paid by the agency which is processing the seizure and forfeiture from funds generated by seizure and forfeiture actions.

Q. The bona fide or innocent owner, lien holder, mortgagee or vendor shall reclaim subject seized property within thirty (30) days

of written notice from the seizing agency. If such person fails to reclaim the property within the thirty-day time period, then storage fees may be assessed against their secured interest.

R. 1. At any hearing held relevant to this section, a report of the findings of the laboratory of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the medical examiner's report of investigation or autopsy report, or a laboratory report from a forensic laboratory operated by the State of Oklahoma or any political subdivision thereof, which has been made available to the accused by the office of the district attorney or other party to the forfeiture at least five (5) days prior to the hearing, with reference to all or part of the evidence submitted, when certified as correct by the persons making the report shall be received as evidence of the facts and findings stated, if relevant and otherwise admissible in evidence. If such report is deemed relevant by the forfeiture applicant or the respondent, the court shall admit such report without the testimony of the person making the report, unless the court, pursuant to this subsection, orders such person to appear.

2. When any alleged controlled dangerous substance has been submitted to the laboratory of the OSBI for analysis, and such analysis shows that the submitted material is a controlled dangerous substance, the distribution of which constitutes a felony under the laws of this state, no portion of such substance shall be released to any other person or laboratory except to the criminal justice agency originally submitting the substance to the OSBI for analysis, absent an order of a district court. The defendant shall additionally be required to submit to the court a procedure for transfer and analysis of the subject material to ensure the integrity of the sample and to prevent the material from being used in any illegal manner.

3. The court, upon motion of either party, shall order the attendance of any person preparing a report submitted as evidence in the hearing when it appears there is a substantial likelihood that material evidence not contained in said report may be produced by the testimony of any person having prepared a report. The hearing shall be held and, if sustained, an order issued not less than five (5) days prior to the time when the testimony shall be required.

4. If within five (5) days prior to the hearing or during a hearing, a motion is made pursuant to this section requiring a person having prepared a report to testify, the court may hear a report or other evidence but shall continue the hearing until such

time notice of the motion and hearing is given to the person making the report, the motion is heard, and, if sustained, the testimony ordered can be given.

SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Passed the House of Representatives the 23rd day of May, 2007.

Presiding Officer of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the 24th day of May, 2007.

Presiding Officer of the Senate