STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 50th Legislature (2006)

SENATE BILL 1323 By: Lawler

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to torts; creating the Common Sense Consumption Act; providing short title; stating legislative intent; defining terms; providing immunity from civil liability for certain claims; providing exception; providing pleading requirements; providing for stay of discovery and other proceedings in certain circumstances; providing scope of claims covered; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 33 of Title 76, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Common Sense Consumption Act".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 34 of Title 76, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The intent of the Common Sense Consumption Act is to prevent frivolous lawsuits against manufacturers, packers, distributors, carriers, holders, sellers, marketers or advertisers of food products that comply with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 35 of Title 76, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in the Common Sense Consumption Act:

1. “Claim” means any claim by or on behalf of a natural person, as well as any derivative or other claim arising therefrom asserted by or on behalf of any other individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership, society, joint-stock company, or any other entity, including any governmental entity or governmental officer, or private attorney;

2. “Generally known condition allegedly caused by or allegedly likely to result from long-term consumption” means a condition generally known to result or to likely result from the cumulative effect of consumption, and not from a single instance of consumption; and

3. “Knowing and willful” violation means that:

a. the conduct constituting the violation was committed with the intent to deceive or injure consumers or with actual knowledge that such conduct was injurious to consumers, and

b. the conduct constituting the violation was not required by regulations, orders, rules or other pronouncement of, or any statute administered by, a federal, state, or local government agency.

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 36 of Title 76, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, a manufacturer, packer, distributor, carrier, holder, seller, marketer or advertiser of a food, as defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 United States Code, Section 201(f), or an association of one or more such entities, shall not be subject to civil liability arising under any law of this state, including all statutes, regulations, rules, common law, public policies, court or administrative decisions or decrees, or other state action having the effect of law, for any claim arising out of weight gain,

obesity, a health condition associated with weight gain or obesity, or other generally known condition allegedly caused by or allegedly likely to result from long-term consumption of food.

B. Subsection A of this section shall not preclude civil liability if the claim of weight gain, obesity, health condition associated with weight gain or obesity, or other generally known condition allegedly caused by or allegedly likely to result from long-term consumption of food is based on:

1. A material violation of an adulteration or misbranding requirement prescribed by statute or regulation of this state or the United States of America, and the claimed injury was proximately caused by such violation; or

2. Any other material violation of federal or state law applicable to the manufacturing, marketing, distribution, advertising, labeling, or sale of food, provided that such violation is knowing and willful, and the claimed injury was proximately caused by such violation.

C. In any action exempted under paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section, the complaint initiating such action shall state with particularity the following: the statute, regulation or other law of this state or of the United States that was allegedly violated; the facts that are alleged to constitute a material violation of such statute or regulation; and the facts alleged to demonstrate that such violation proximately caused actual injury to the plaintiff. In any action exempted under paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section, in addition to the foregoing pleading requirements, the complaint initiating such action shall state with particularity facts sufficient to support a reasonable inference that the violation was with intent to deceive or injure consumers or with the actual knowledge that such violation was injurious to consumers. For the purposes of applying the Common Sense Consumption Act, the foregoing pleading requirements are hereby deemed part of the

substantive law of this state and not merely in the nature of procedural provisions.

D. In any action exempted under subsection B of this section, all discovery and other proceedings shall be stayed during the pendency of any motion to dismiss, unless the court finds upon the motion of any party that particularized discovery is necessary to preserve evidence or to prevent undue prejudice to that party. During the pendency of any stay of discovery pursuant to this subsection, unless otherwise ordered by the court, any party to the action with actual notice of the allegations contained in the complaint shall treat all documents, data compilations, including electronically recorded or stored data, and tangible objects that are in the custody or control of such party and that are relevant to the allegations, as if they were the subject of a continuing request for production of documents from an opposing party under Section 3234 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

E. The provisions of the Common Sense Consumption Act shall apply to all covered claims pending on November 1, 2006, and all claims filed thereafter, regardless of when the claim arose.

SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2006.

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