

3 Senate Bill No. 927
4 As Amended

5 SENATE BILL NO. 927 - By: WILCOXSON of the Senate and PETERSON (Pam)
6 of the House.

7 [revenue and taxation - modifying Oklahoma College Savings
8 Plan Act - income tax exemptions - effective date]

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

10 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be
11 codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

12 The Oklahoma Legislature finds that adults who pursue lifelong
13 learning can upgrade their skills to meet the needs of business and
14 industry while helping to advance their own careers and earning
15 potential. It is the intent of the Oklahoma Legislature to provide
16 tax incentives for businesses which promote lifelong learning
17 opportunities for their employees through the Oklahoma College
18 Savings Plan Act.

19 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2357.68 of Title 68, unless
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 A. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall
23 be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title
24 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes on any corporation for contributions

1 made by a corporation to accounts for which the employee of the
2 corporation is the named beneficiary, pursuant to the Oklahoma
3 College Savings Plan Act.

4 B. As used in this section, "employee" means an individual who
5 is an employee as defined by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26
6 U.S.C., Section 3401 et seq.

7 C. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section
8 shall be ten percent (10%) of the amount of any contribution made
9 during the taxable year by a corporation to an account of an
10 employee under the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act, but in no
11 event shall the credit exceed a total of:

12 1. Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for contributions to any
13 single account during the tax year; or

14 2. Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) for a single contributor
15 to all accounts during the tax year.

16 D. As a condition of receiving the tax credit provided for in
17 this section, an officer of a corporation making a contribution to
18 an account pursuant to this section shall sign an affidavit that the
19 corporation is not being reimbursed for the contribution from any
20 source. Such affidavit shall be attached to the claim for the tax
21 credit submitted to the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

22 E. If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this
23 section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no

1 state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of
2 the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a
3 taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent
4 income tax liability for a period not to exceed three (3) years.

5 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2001, Section 2358, as
6 last amended by Section 14, Chapter 322, O.S.L. 2004 (68 O.S. Supp.
7 2004, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

8 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
9 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
10 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
11 as required by this section.

12 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
13 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
14 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

15 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
16 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
17 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
18 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
19 income.

20 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
21 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
22 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
23 of Oklahoma.

1 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
2 be adjusted as follows:

3 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
4 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
5 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
6 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an
7 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
8 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant
9 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
10 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
11 the total loss for such year;

12 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
13 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
14 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
15 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
16 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
17 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be
18 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as
20 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, ~~Section 2351~~
21 ~~et seq. of this title~~, and shall be allowed without
22 regard to the existence of a federal net operating
23 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,

1 2000, the years to which such losses may be carried
2 shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172
3 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172,
4 with the exception that the terms "net operating loss"
5 and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma
6 net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

7 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
8 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
9 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
10 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
11 on the same basis as those items:

12 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
13 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
14 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
15 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
16 property;

17 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
18 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
19 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
20 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
21 of the taxpayer, except that:

22 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
23 business or commercial situs apart from the

1 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
2 allocated in accordance with such business or
3 commercial situs; interest income from
4 investments held to generate working capital for
5 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
6 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
7 resident estate shall be treated as having a
8 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
9 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
10 be treated as having a separate commercial or
11 business situs insofar as distributed income is
12 concerned,

13 (2) income from such property which is required to be
14 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
15 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
16 provided;

17 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
18 not a part of business carried on within or without
19 the state of a unitary character shall be separately
20 allocated to the state in which such activity is
21 conducted;

1 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
2 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
3 solely of marketing its products by:
4 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
5 directly to a point from without the state to a
6 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
7 interstate sales,
8 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
9 within the state pursuant to "in transit"
10 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
11 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
12 within the state,
13 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
14 within the state where the shipment to such
15 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
16 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
17 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
18 within or without the state,
19 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
20 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
21 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
22 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales
23 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales

1 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
2 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
3 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
4 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
5 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

6 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
7 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
8 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
9 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
10 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

11 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
12 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
13 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
14 to this state by multiplying such income by a
15 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
16 premiums written for insurance on property or
17 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
18 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
19 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
20 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
21 written" means the total amount of direct
22 premiums written, assessments and annuity
23 considerations as reported for the taxable year

1 on the annual statement filed by the company with
2 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
3 by the National Association of Insurance
4 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
5 prescribed in lieu thereof,

6 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
7 insurance company consists of premiums for
8 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
9 such company shall be apportioned to this state
10 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
11 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct
12 premiums written for insurance on property or
13 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
14 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
15 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
16 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
17 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
18 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
19 accepted in respect of property or risks
20 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
21 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
22 respect of property or risks in this state,
23 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the

1 election of the company be determined on the
2 basis of the proportion which premiums written
3 for insurance accepted from companies
4 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to
5 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from
6 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion
7 which the sum of the direct premiums written for
8 insurance on property or risks in this state by
9 each ceding company from which reinsurance is
10 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct
11 premiums written by each such ceding company for
12 the taxable year.

13 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
14 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
15 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
16 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
17 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue
18 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net
19 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
20 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
21 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
22 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
23 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any

1 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
2 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on
3 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
4 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
5 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
6 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
7 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
8 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
9 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
10 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
11 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
12 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
13 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
14 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
15 factors shall be computed as follows:

16 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
17 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
18 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
19 this state during the tax period and the denominator
20 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
21 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
22 or rented and used during the tax period.

- 1 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
2 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
3 shall not be included in determining this
4 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
5 include a portion of the investment in
6 transportation and other equipment having no
7 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks
8 and trailers, including machinery and equipment
9 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons'
10 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the
11 proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by
12 such equipment bears to total miles traveled,
- 13 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
14 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
15 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
16 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
17 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
18 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
19 subrentals,
- 20 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
21 by averaging the values at the beginning and
22 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax
23 Commission may require the averaging of monthly

1 values during the tax period if reasonably
2 required to reflect properly the average value of
3 the taxpayer's property;

4 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
5 which is the total compensation for services rendered
6 in the state during the tax period, and the
7 denominator of which is the total compensation for
8 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
9 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those
10 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary
11 business but does not include officers' salaries,
12 wages and other compensation.

13 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
14 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
15 of such expenditure in connection with employees
16 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
17 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
18 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
19 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
20 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such
21 employees,

22 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
23 include a portion of such expenditures in

1 connection with itinerant employees, such as
2 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
3 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
4 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
5 of the enterprise by such employees;

6 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
7 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
8 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
9 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
10 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
11 as used in this subsection does not include sales or
12 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
13 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

14 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
15 in this state if the property is delivered or
16 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
17 States government, within this state regardless
18 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;
19 or the property is shipped from an office, store,
20 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in
21 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United
22 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not

1 doing business in the state of the destination of
2 the shipment.

3 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
4 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
5 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
6 this state as shown in its annual report to the
7 Corporation Commission.

8 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
9 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
10 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
11 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
12 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
13 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
14 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage
15 traveled.

16 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
17 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
18 be either the total of traffic units of the
19 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue
20 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at
21 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
22 of which shall be the total of traffic units of
23 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise

1 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A
2 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the
3 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of
4 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline
5 or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or
6 casinghead gas, as the case may be.

7 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
8 communication enterprise, the numerator of the
9 fraction shall include that portion of the
10 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
11 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
12 Federal Communications Commission; provided that
13 in respect to each corporation or business entity
14 required by the Federal Communications Commission
15 to keep its books and records in accordance with
16 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
17 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
18 determined separately in the manner provided by
19 such uniform system of accounts and only the
20 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
21 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
22 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors
23 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the

1 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
2 Communications Commission.

3 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors prescribed
4 in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of
5 the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the property
6 owned and/or business transacted within this state, because of the
7 fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed
8 to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or
9 because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a
10 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of
11 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a
12 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been
13 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an
14 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,
15 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or
16 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.
17 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed
18 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income
19 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and
20 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income
21 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable
22 portion thereof.

1 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
2 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
3 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
4 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
5 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
6 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
7 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
8 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
9 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
10 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
11 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars
12 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
13 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
14 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
15 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
16 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
17 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
18 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
19 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
20 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
21 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
22 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
23 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph

1 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
2 the investment was originally made.

3 For purposes of this paragraph:

4 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
5 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used
6 or operated primarily for the processing or production
7 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.
8 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that
9 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two
10 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which
11 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not
12 include a facility that provides only, and nothing
13 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation
14 of agricultural commodities, and

15 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
16 used in a process primarily for:

17 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
18 including receiving or storing agricultural
19 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
20 operation,

21 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
22 product before, during or after the processing,
23 or

1 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
2 sale or shipment.

3 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
4 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
5 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
6 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
7 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
8 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
9 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

- 10 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
11 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
12 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
13 the income from all other sources other than reflected
14 on Schedule F.

15 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
16 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
17 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
18 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
19 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
20 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
21 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
22 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

1 B. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
2 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
3 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section
5 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the
6 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the
7 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,
8 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after
9 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma
10 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for
11 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
12 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
13 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the
14 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax
15 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,
16 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for
17 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of
18 such assets.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
20 Act, ~~Section 2351 et seq. of this title,~~ or of the Internal Revenue
21 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
22 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
23 and before January 1, 1983.

1 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
2 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an
3 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year
4 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such
5 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The
6 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance
7 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal
8 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

9 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
10 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
11 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
12 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor
13 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an
14 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result
15 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed
16 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such
17 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such
18 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years
19 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from
20 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of
21 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
22 1988.

23 2. For purposes of this subsection:

1 D. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
2 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
3 taxable income:

4 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
5 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
6 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars
7 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
8 by the Internal Revenue Code.

9 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
10 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
11 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
12 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind
13 only if the central visual acuity of the individual
14 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with
15 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
16 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
17 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
18 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
19 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

20 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
21 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
22 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
23 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status

1 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
2 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
3 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
4 does not exceed:

- 5 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
6 married and filing jointly;
7 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
8 if married and filing separately;
9 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
10 and
11 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
12 qualifying head of household.

13 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
14 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
15 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
16 conversion of a traditional individual retirement
17 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
18 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
19 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
20 subparagraph.

- 21 d. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990,
22 and beginning before January 1, 1992, there shall be
23 allowed a one-time additional exemption of Four

1 Hundred Dollars (\$400.00) for each taxpayer or spouse
2 who is a member of the National Guard or any reserve
3 unit of the Armed Forces of the United States and who
4 was at any time during such taxable year deployed in
5 active service during a time of war or conflict with
6 an enemy of the United States.

7 2. In the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in
8 determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the
9 case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction
10 in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue
11 Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of
12 the Oklahoma adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars
13 (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00),
14 except that in the case of a married individual filing a separate
15 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%)
16 of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars
17 (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand
18 Dollars (\$1,000.00).

19 3. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals
20 having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without
21 the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal
22 exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion
23 of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of

1 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include
2 allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be
3 required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully
4 deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no
5 part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers
6 moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard
7 deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as
8 provided by law.

9 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
10 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
11 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
12 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or
13 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Veterans Administration of
14 the federal government as having a service-connected disability
15 shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a physical
16 disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment. The
17 Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a list of
18 combinations of common disabilities and modifications which may be
19 presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission shall
20 prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

21 5. In any taxable year the first One Thousand Five Hundred
22 Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person from the United States as
23 salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits,

1 as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
2 States shall be deducted from taxable income. Whenever the filing
3 of a timely income tax return by a member of the Armed Forces of the
4 United States is made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment
5 by reason of:

6 a. absence from the United States, which term includes
7 only the states and the District of Columbia;

8 b. absence from the State of Oklahoma while on active
9 duty; or

10 c. confinement in a hospital within the United States for
11 treatment of wounds, injuries or disease,
12 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall
13 be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for
14 interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third
15 month following the month in which:

16 (1) Such individual shall return to the United States
17 if the extension is granted pursuant to
18 subparagraph a of this paragraph, return to the
19 State of Oklahoma if the extension is granted
20 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph or
21 be discharged from such hospital if the extension
22 is granted pursuant to subparagraph c of this
23 paragraph; or

1 (2) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the
2 estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever
3 event occurs the earliest.

4 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant any
5 member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time
6 for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax without
7 incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such extension may
8 be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax Commission a good
9 cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6)
10 months. A record of every such extension granted, and the reason
11 therefor, shall be kept.

12 6. The salary or any other form of compensation, received from
13 the United States by a member of any component of the Armed Forces
14 of the United States, shall be deducted from taxable income during
15 the time in which the person is detained by the enemy in a conflict,
16 is a prisoner of war or is missing in action and not deceased.

17 7. Notwithstanding anything in the Internal Revenue Code or in
18 the Oklahoma Income Tax Act to the contrary, it is expressly
19 provided that, in the case of resident individuals, amounts received
20 as dividends or distributions of earnings from savings and loan
21 associations or credit unions located in Oklahoma, and interest
22 received on savings accounts and time deposits from such sources or
23 from state and national banks or trust companies located in

1 Oklahoma, shall qualify as dividends for the purpose of the dividend
2 exclusion, and taxable income shall be adjusted accordingly to
3 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income; provided, however, that the
4 dividend, distribution of earnings and/or interest exclusion
5 provided for hereinabove shall not be cumulative to the maximum
6 dividend exclusion allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. Any
7 dividend exclusion already allowed by the Internal Revenue Code and
8 reflected in the taxpayer's Oklahoma taxable income together with
9 exclusion allowed herein shall not exceed the total of One Hundred
10 Dollars (\$100.00) per individual or Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)
11 per couple filing a joint return.

12 8. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
13 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
14 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
15 year.

16 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
17 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
18 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
19 extent they relate to income subject to taxation
20 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
21 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding
22 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the

1 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted
2 gross income.

3 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
4 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
5 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though
6 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
7 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
8 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
9 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
10 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
11 refund of the credit received during the tax year
12 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
13 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 170-
14 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
15 be subject to taxation.

16 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
17 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978.

18 9. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
19 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year and Seven Thousand Five
20 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and all subsequent
21 tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil
22 service of the United States, any component of the Armed Forces of
23 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,

1 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
2 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
3 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
4 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
5 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the
6 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
7 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
8 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
9 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
10 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
11 from taxable income.

12 10. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
13 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
14 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
15 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
16 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

17 11. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
18 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
19 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
21 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
22 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
23 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a

1 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account
2 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
3 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
4 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
5 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
6 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code.

8 12. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
9 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
10 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
11 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

12 13. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
13 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
14 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
15 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
16 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
17 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
18 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
19 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
20 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
21 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation
22 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
23 individual.

- 1 14. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
2 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
3 individual taxpayer in connection with:
4 (1) the adoption of a minor, or
5 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
6 result in a decreed adoption,
7 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
8 income.
- 9 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
10 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
11 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
- 12 c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
13 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
14 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
15 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
16 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
17 verification.
- 18 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
19 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and
20 expenses which are directly related to the legal
21 process of adoption of a child including, but not
22 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,
23 health and psychological examinations, transportation

1 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child
2 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the
3 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other
4 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses"
5 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the
6 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and
7 after the point of the initiation of the contest,
8 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation
9 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or
10 property, except for a special needs child as
11 authorized by the court.

12 15. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
13 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this
14 paragraph, which are received by an individual sixty-five (65) years
15 of age or older and whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-
16 five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing status is
17 single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Fifty
18 Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is
19 married filing joint or qualifying widow, shall be exempt from
20 taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
21 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this
22 paragraph, which are received by an individual whose Oklahoma
23 adjusted gross income is Thirty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars

1 (\$37,500.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of
2 household, or married filing separate, or Seventy-Five Thousand
3 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing
4 jointly or qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
5 For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits" means the
6 total distributions or withdrawals from the following:

- 7 a. an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the
8 requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue
9 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
- 10 b. an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies
11 the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 13 c. an individual retirement account, annuity or trust or
14 simplified employee pension that satisfies the
15 requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue
16 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 17 d. an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
18 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
19 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- 20 e. United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
21 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue
22 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or

1 f. lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which
2 satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).
4 The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be
5 limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the
6 2004 tax year and Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00)
7 for the 2005 tax year and for all subsequent tax years. Any
8 individual who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 9 of
9 this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a combined total
10 exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 9 of this
11 subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
12 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year and Seven Thousand Five Hundred
13 Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and subsequent tax years.

14 16. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
15 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a
16 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
17 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
18 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
19 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
20 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
21 production of agricultural products.

22 17. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
23 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship

1 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
2 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
3 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

4 18. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
5 there shall be allowed a deduction in the amount of
6 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
7 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The deduction
8 shall equal the amount of contributions to accounts,
9 but in no event shall the deduction for each
10 contributor exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
11 (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for each account.

12 b. Contributions by a corporation to an account
13 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
14 Plan Act and Section 2 of this act shall not be
15 considered as taxable income to the beneficiary of the
16 account.

17 E. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
18 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
19 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
20 treatment earned by the individual taxpayer during the taxable year
21 and included in the federal taxable income of such individual
22 taxpayer.

23 2. As used in this subsection:

- 1 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
2 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
3 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
4 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
5 was:
6 (1) earned by the individual taxpayer on real or
7 tangible personal property located within
8 Oklahoma that has been owned by the individual
9 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
10 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction
11 from which such net capital gains arise, or
12 (2) earned on the sale of stock or on the sale of an
13 ownership interest in an Oklahoma company,
14 limited liability company, or partnership where
15 such stock or ownership interest has been owned
16 by the individual taxpayer for a holding period
17 of at least three (3) years prior to the date of
18 the transaction from which the net capital gains
19 arise,
20 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
21 time, and
22 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
23 "partnership" means an entity whose primary

1 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
2 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
3 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
4 arise.

5 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2001, Section 3970.5, is
6 amended to read as follows:

7 Section 3970.5 The Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma College
8 Savings Plan shall:

9 1. Develop and implement the program in a manner consistent
10 with this act through the adoption of guidelines and procedures;

11 2. Implement and market the program in a manner consistent with
12 Section 3970.2 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, including, but
13 not limited to, addressing the needs of adults who pursue lifelong
14 learning and who can benefit from financing lifelong learning
15 through the Plan;

16 ~~2.~~ 3. Retain professional services, if necessary, including
17 accountants, auditors, consultants and other experts;

18 ~~3.~~ 4. Seek rulings and other guidance, if necessary, from the
19 United States Department of the Treasury, the Internal Revenue
20 Service, and the Oklahoma Attorney General relating to the program;

21 ~~4.~~ 5. Make changes to the program required for the participants
22 in the program to obtain the federal income tax benefits or
23 treatment provided by Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 ~~5.~~ 6. Interpret, in policies, guidelines and procedures, the
2 provisions of the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act broadly in light
3 of its purpose and objectives;

4 ~~6.~~ 7. Develop a schedule of application fees and other
5 necessary fees and charges in connection with any agreement,
6 contract or transaction relating to the program that are sufficient
7 to offset the administrative and staffing costs associated with the
8 implementation and administration of this program;

9 ~~7.~~ 8. Select the financial institution or institutions to act
10 as the depositories and managers of the program accounts in
11 accordance with this act. For purposes of selecting such
12 institutions and managers, the Board shall be exempt from the
13 Oklahoma Central Purchasing Act. The Board shall develop a
14 competitive process by which the institutions and managers will be
15 selected; and

16 ~~8.~~ 9. Develop procedures to assist in the administration and
17 implementation of this act. Any guidelines or procedures affecting
18 existing or potential participants in the Oklahoma College Savings
19 Plan may only be implemented after reasonable notice to the public
20 and a public hearing in a manner similar to requirements of the
21 Administrative Procedures Act.

22 SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2005.

23 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, dated 2-22-05 - DO PASS,
24 As Amended and Coauthored.