

ENGROSSED HOUSE
BILL NO. 1508

By: Roan, Billy and Nance of
the House

and

Gumm of the Senate

(prisons and reformatories - amending 57 O.S,
Sections 37, 508.4, 563.2 and 563.3 - maximum
capacity - prison incidents -
effective date)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 57 O.S. 2001, Section 37, as amended by Section 3, Chapter 239, O.S.L. 2004 (57 O.S. Supp. 2004, Section 37), is amended to read as follows:

Section 37. A. If all correctional facilities reach maximum capacity and the Department of Corrections is required to contract for bed space to house state inmates, then the Pardon and Parole Board shall consider all nonviolent offenders for parole who are within six (6) months of their scheduled release from a penal facility.

B. No inmate may be received by a penal facility from a county jail without first scheduling a transfer with the Department. The sheriff ~~or~~, court clerk, or responsible authority of the county shall transmit by facsimile, electronic mail, or actual delivery a certified copy of the judgment and sentence certifying that the inmate is sentenced to the Department of Corrections. The receipt of the certified copy of the judgment and sentence shall be certification that the sentencing court has entered a judgment and sentence and all other necessary commitment documents. The

Department of Corrections is authorized to determine the appropriate method of delivery from each county based on electronic or other capabilities. Once the judgment and sentence is received by the Department of Corrections, the Department shall contact the sheriff when bed space is available to schedule the transfer and reception of the inmate into the Department.

C. When a county jail has reached its capacity of inmates as defined in Section 192 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, then the county sheriff or responsible authority of the county shall notify the Director of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections, or the Director's designated representative, by facsimile, electronic mail, or actual delivery, that the county jail has reached or exceeded its capacity to hold inmates. The notification shall include copies of any judgment and sentences not previously delivered as required by subsection B of this section. Then within seventy-two (72) hours following such notification, the county sheriff or responsible authority of the county shall transport the designated excess inmate or inmates to a penal facility designated by the Department. The sheriff or responsible authority of the county shall notify the Department of the transport of the inmate prior to the reception of the inmate. The Department shall schedule the reception date and receive the inmate within seventy-two (72) hours of notification that the county jail is at capacity, unless other arrangements can be made with the sheriff or responsible authority of the county.

D. Once the ~~judgment and sentence is transmitted~~ defendant has been sentenced to the Department of Corrections, the Department will be responsible for the cost of housing the inmate in the county jail ~~from the date the Department receives the transmittal~~ until the date of transfer of the inmate from the county jail to the reception center. The cost of housing shall be the per diem rate specified in Section 38 of this title. In the event the inmate has other

criminal charges pending in another Oklahoma jurisdiction the Department shall be responsible for the housing costs while the inmate remains in the county jail awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction. Once the inmate is transferred to another jurisdiction, the Department is not responsible for the housing cost of the inmate until such time that another judgment and sentence is received from another Oklahoma jurisdiction. The sheriff or responsible authority of the county shall be reimbursed by the Department for the cost of housing the inmate ~~in one of two ways:~~

~~1. The sheriff is authorized to submit invoices for the cost of housing the inmate on a monthly basis; or~~

~~2. The sheriff may submit by submitting one accurate invoice for the total amount due for the inmate after the Department has received the inmate.~~

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY Section 1, Chapter 88, O.S.L. 2002 (57 O.S. Supp. 2004, Section 508.4), is amended to read as follows:

Section 508.4 A. There is hereby created the Investigations Division within the Department of Corrections. The purpose of the Division shall be to investigate allegations of criminal acts by inmates, offenders or employees of the Department of Corrections, as well as to investigate allegations of constitutional or policy violations.

B. The Director of the Department of Corrections shall employ the proper personnel and adopt the necessary procedures to carry out the duties of the Investigations Division and shall appoint a Director of the Division who shall administer the activities of the Division.

C. The Investigations Division of the Department of Corrections shall have the jurisdiction and authority to investigate all allegations of criminal behavior at any facility owned or operated by the Department of Corrections, ~~or~~ any private prison facility, or

~~other~~ any facility with which the Department of Corrections contracts to house inmates from the State of Oklahoma.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 57 O.S. 2001, Section 563.2, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 552, O.S.L. 2004 (57 O.S. Supp. 2004, Section 563.2), is amended to read as follows:

Section 563.2 A. Except as provided for in subsection B of this section, a private prison contractor may contract with the federal government or another state to provide for housing, care and control of minimum or medium security level inmates, as provided in this section, who are in the custody of the United States or another state, who do not have histories of escape from medium or maximum security level correctional facilities for adults, who do not have histories of rioting, and who are sentenced to terms of incarceration for conviction of a felony, other than a felony that would be a capital offense if committed in this state or a sex-related offense, or who are sentenced to federal or state facilities for conviction of a misdemeanor, other than a sex-related offense, or who are under arrest or detained for federal felony or misdemeanor violations, or detained for a violation of immigration laws, within a facility owned or operated by the private prison contractor. Provided, incarceration for misdemeanors shall be allowed only pursuant to subsection E of this section. Such private prison contractor may perform other functions related to such responsibilities.

B. A private prison contractor operating a facility on January 1, 2004, at twenty-five percent (25%) or less capacity may contract with the federal government or another state to provide for housing, care and control of minimum or medium security level inmates provided the facility would be allowed to house the same type of inmates if contracting with this state.

C. Any offense which would be a crime if committed within a state correctional institution of this state shall be a crime if

committed in a facility owned or operated by a private prison contractor.

D. A private prison contractor shall not employ any personnel convicted of a felony if the person has been incarcerated in the private prison facility for which an application for employment is being considered; provided, a private prison contractor may employ personnel convicted of drug-related felonies who have been rehabilitated for programs for drug or other substance abuse rehabilitation for inmates of the facility.

Any personnel of a facility owned or operated by a private prison contractor, except any person convicted of a felony offense, shall be authorized to carry and use firearms while in the performance of their official duties only in the manner provided in this subsection and only after completing training approved by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training. The Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training may charge a reasonable fee for its cost of evaluating firearms training for private prison personnel. Private prison personnel shall only be authorized to use firearms for the following purposes:

1. To prevent escape from the facility or from custody while being transported to or from the facility. As used in this paragraph, "to prevent escape from the facility" shall mean to prevent an incarcerated individual from crossing the secure perimeter of the facility; or

2. To prevent an act which would cause death or serious bodily injury to any person.

The Department of Corrections is authorized to provide training to personnel of the private prison contractor, pursuant to contract. The Department of Corrections shall charge a reasonable fee for the training, not to exceed the cost of such training. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to confer peace officer status upon any employee of the private prison contractor or to

authorize the use of firearms, except as provided in this subsection. All private prisons in Oklahoma shall prepare a written emergency plan mutual aid agreement between the private prison facility and state and local entities, to include the Department of Corrections. Specific Department of Corrections facilities shall be designated to provide support in the event of a riot, escape, or other serious emergency. If an inmate escapes from the facility, or in the event of any riot or other serious disturbance, personnel from the facility immediately shall inform the Department of Corrections, Department of Public Safety, the county sheriff and, if the facility is located within the boundaries of a municipality, the police department of the municipality. ~~If fifty percent (50%) or more of the population of the facility are inmates from this state, the personnel~~ Personnel from the facility ~~immediately~~ shall inform the Department of Corrections, pursuant to Department policy, if there is any ~~riot or other~~ serious incident disturbance, ~~whether or not involving any inmates from this state, or if an inmate from this state escapes.~~ The Department of Corrections is directed to respond on behalf of ~~inmates~~ the public safety of this state. The private prison contractor shall provide the Department of Corrections access to the facility and secure facility space to establish a command post, including provisions for telephone and facsimile transmission access. Any emergency response provided by any state or local law enforcement agency shall be at the sole expense of the private prison contractor/operator. Each responding agency shall submit a written invoice detailing costs incurred which shall be paid within thirty (30) days of receipt by the private prison contractor/operator.

E. A private prison contractor housing federal inmates or inmates of another state shall not accept:

1. Any inmate who would be incarcerated in the facility for conviction of a misdemeanor, unless such incarceration in the

facility is consistent with American Correctional Association requirements relating to the incarceration of inmates convicted of more serious offenses; or

2. Any maximum security level inmate.

F. If an inmate is to be released or discharged from incarceration, is released or discharged by any court order, is to be placed on probation, is paroled, or if the federal government or sending state requests transfer or the return of the inmate, the private prison contractor immediately shall transfer or return the inmate to the sending state which has legal authority over the sentence or, in the case of federal inmates, to the closest federal prison or to the federal authority of the state in which federal custody over the inmate originated.

G. A private prison contractor housing federal inmates from jurisdictions other than Oklahoma, or inmates sentenced pursuant to the legal authority of another state, shall not allow any such inmate to leave the premises of the facility, except to comply with an order to appear in a court of competent jurisdiction, to receive medical care not available at the facility, to work as provided in subsection G H of this section, or to return or be transferred to another state as provided by the provisions of subsection F of this section.

H. A private prison contractor may allow minimum security inmate labor to be used in public works projects provided all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. The public works project must be in and for the county where the private prison is located or a county adjacent to the county where the private prison is located, or in and for a municipality in the county where the private prison is located or an adjacent county;

2. The private prison contractor has developed security procedures which will ensure the safety of the public and the Department of Corrections has approved such procedures;

3. The public works project has been authorized by the Department of Corrections and the county or municipal authorities where the public works project is located;

4. The private prison contractor has procured and has in force and effect a policy of liability insurance which will provide coverage in an amount determined by the Department of Corrections for any loss resulting from the acts or omissions of inmates participating in such project or employees of the private prison contractor and for any injuries occurring to the inmates or employees; and

5. The use of federal inmates for public works projects will be in strict compliance with the provisions of Section 4002 of Title 18 of the United States Code and any other applicable provisions of federal law.

I. A private prison contractor housing federal inmates or inmates of another state shall be responsible for the reimbursement of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by this state or a political subdivision of this state for legal actions brought in this state by or on behalf of any federal inmate or inmate of another state while incarcerated in the facility, including court costs, sheriff mileage fees, witness fees, district attorney expenses, expenses of the office of Attorney General, indigent or public defender fees and costs, judicial expenses, court reporter expenses and any other costs, fees, or expenses associated with the proceedings or actions.

J. As used in this section, unless federal custody status is specified, security level restrictions shall refer to the security levels applicable to inmates in institutions within the Department of Corrections, as determined by policy of the Department of

Corrections, unless the Department of Corrections approves more restrictive levels of security as prescribed by the private prison contractor. Private prison contractors housing federal inmates or inmates of another state shall be bound by such security level classifications.

K. A private prison contractor shall not house inmates from this state with federal inmates or inmates from another state, unless segregated or otherwise housed in such a manner as to satisfy the Director of the Department of Corrections.

L. The State of Oklahoma shall not assume jurisdiction or custody of any federal inmate or inmate from another state housed in a facility owned or operated by a private prison contractor. Such inmates from another state shall at all times be subject to the jurisdiction of that state and federal inmates shall at all times be subject to federal jurisdiction. This state shall not be liable for loss resulting from the acts of such inmates nor shall this state be liable for any injuries to the inmates.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 57 O.S. 2001, Section 563.3, is amended to read as follows:

Section 563.3 A. A private prison contractor which does not have a contract with the Department of Corrections, but which houses federal inmates or inmates of another state, within two (2) months of commencing operations and thereafter as required by the Department of Corrections, shall:

1. Obtain from the Department of Corrections approval of the internal and perimeter security of the facility of the private prison contractor. Such approval shall be given only if the Director of the Department of Corrections determines that the security is adequate to protect the public;

2. Show, to the satisfaction of the Department of Corrections, that adequate food, housing and medical care shall be available for inmates, that the facility will have the necessary qualified

personnel to operate the facility, that the financial condition of the private prison contractor is such that the facility can be operated adequately, and that the facility has the ability to comply with applicable court orders and American Correctional Association standards;

3. Furnish to the Department of Corrections satisfactory proof that the private prison contractor has obtained insurance or is self-insured, in such a manner and in such an amount as the Director of the Department of Corrections, after consulting with the Risk Management Administration, may deem necessary and adequate to reimburse this state or a political subdivision of this state, for expenses arising from any incident which occurs at said prison or which requires intervention by this state or a political subdivision of this state. Such insurance, in addition, shall be in an amount sufficient to indemnify this state and its officers and employees, for any liability or other loss, including property damage, judgments, costs, attorneys fees or other expenses arising from the operation of the facility, and such facility shall in any event and regardless of the amount of insurance available indemnify and hold harmless this state and its officers and employees, for any and all acts of prison inmates, and/or all officers, employees and stockholders of such private prison contractor for any liability arising out of acts of said inmates, officers, employees and stockholders of such private prison contractor in relation to the operation of the facility. The insurance required by this paragraph shall not provide coverage for more than one facility. If the private prison contractor owns or operates more than one facility, separate insurance coverage shall be obtained or provided for each facility;

4. Obtain written authorization from the governing board of any municipality in which the facility is to be located, or if the facility is not to be located within a municipality, written

authorization from the board of county commissioners of the county in which the facility is to be located; and

5. A felony record search of fingerprints of the employee or prospective employee of the private prison contractor shall be required. The search shall be based on fingerprints and shall be conducted either by the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. If the search is conducted by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Bureau shall require that said person pay a search fee not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) or the cost of the search, whichever is the lesser amount. The fees shall be deposited in the OSBI Revolving Fund. The private prison contractor is hereby authorized to reimburse employees for the cost of the search. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation may contact the Federal Bureau of Investigation as regards the information requested, to obtain any felony convictions of the person involved. The record required by this paragraph shall include the name of the person, whether or not said person has been convicted of any felony offense, a list of any felony convictions, and the dates of such convictions. The search records of each employee shall be maintained by the contractor for as long as the employee works for the contractor. The records shall be subject to inspection by the Department of Corrections.

B. A private prison contractor which does not have a contract with the Department of Corrections, but which houses federal inmates or inmates of another state shall attain accreditation by the American Correctional Association within three (3) years of commencing operation of the facility and thereafter shall maintain such accreditation.

C. The Department of Corrections shall monitor the performance of the private prison contractor and the continued compliance of the private prison contractor with the provisions of subsections A and B of this section. If at any time after commencing operations, a

private prison contractor, that is subject to the provisions of subsection A of this section, fails to comply with any of said provisions, the Director of the Department of Corrections may order the facility to cease operations. If a private prison contractor fails to attain or maintain the accreditation required by subsection B of this section, the Director of the Department of Corrections shall order the facility to cease operations. This order may be enforced by the Department of Corrections by seeking an injunction issued by a district court of this state. The order may be obtained by demonstrating to the court by a preponderance of the evidence that the private prison contractor has failed to comply with the provisions of subsection A of this section.

D. The Department of Corrections may charge the private prison contractor a reasonable fee for any services provided by the Department of Corrections staff to include, but not be limited to, the costs of monitoring compliance with the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection A of this section. The fee shall not exceed the cost ~~incurred in performing the monitoring~~ of services provided.

E. The Department of Corrections shall promulgate and adopt rules for the implementation of this section.

F. All fees collected by the Department of Corrections pursuant to this section shall be deposited with the State Treasurer to the credit of the Department of Corrections Revolving Fund.

SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2005.

Passed the House of Representatives the 9th day of March, 2005.

Presiding Officer of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 2005.

Presiding Officer of the Senate