

ENGROSSED HOUSE
BILL NO. 1403

By: Smith (Hopper) of the House
and
Pruitt of the Senate

(public health and safety - amending 63 O.S.,
Section 1-2503 - Emergency Response Systems
Development Act -
effective date)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2001, Section 1-2503, is amended to read as follows:

Section 1-2503. As used in the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development Act:

1. "Aircraft" means any rotorcraft ambulance or fixed-wing ambulance;

2. "Ambulance" means any ground, ~~air or~~ water or aircraft vehicle which is or should be approved by the Commissioner of Health, designed and equipped to transport a patient or patients and to provide appropriate on-scene and en route patient stabilization and care as required. Vehicles used as ambulances shall meet such standards as may be required by the State Board of Health for approval, and shall display evidence of such approval at all times;

~~2.~~ 3. "Ambulance authority" means any public trust or nonprofit corporation established by the state or any unit of local government or combination of units of government for the express purpose of providing, directly or by contract, emergency medical services in a specified area of the state;

~~3.~~ 4. "Ambulance patient" or "patient" means any person who is or will be transported in a reclining position to or from a health care facility in an ambulance;

~~4.~~ 5. "Ambulance service" means any private firm or governmental agency which is or should be licensed by the State Department of Health to provide levels of medical care based on certification standards promulgated by the Board;

~~5.~~ 6. "Ambulance service district" means any county, group of counties or parts of counties formed together to provide, operate and finance emergency medical services as provided by Section 9C of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution or Sections 1201 through 1221 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

~~6.~~ 7. "Board" means the State Board of Health;

~~7.~~ 8. "Classification" means an inclusive standardized identification of stabilizing and definitive emergency services provided by each hospital that treats emergency patients;

~~8.~~ 9. "Commissioner" means the State Commissioner of Health;

~~9.~~ 10. "Council" means the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development Advisory Council;

~~10.~~ 11. "Department" means the State Department of Health;

~~11.~~ 12. "Emergency medical services system" means a system which provides for the organization and appropriate designation of personnel, facilities and equipment for the effective and coordinated local, regional and statewide delivery of health care services primarily under emergency conditions;

~~12.~~ 13. "Emergency Medical Technician/Basic, Emergency Medical Technician/Intermediate, Emergency Medical Technician/Advanced Cardiac, or Emergency Medical Technician/Paramedic" means an individual licensed by the Department to perform emergency medical services in accordance with the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development Act and in accordance with the rules and standards promulgated by the Board;

~~13.~~ 14. "First responder" means an individual certified by the Department to perform emergency medical services in accordance with the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development Act and in accordance with the rules and standards promulgated by the Board;

~~14.~~ 15. "First response agency" means an organization of any type certified by the Department to provide emergency medical care, but not transport. First response agencies may utilize certified first responders or licensed emergency medical technicians; provided, however, that all personnel so utilized shall function under the direction of and consistent with guidelines for medical control;

~~15.~~ 16. "Fixed wing ambulance" means a propeller-driven or jet airplane with appropriately licensed and/or certified medical personnel as determined by the Commissioner;

17. "Licensure" means the licensing of emergency medical care providers and ambulance services pursuant to rules and standards promulgated by the Board at one or more of the following levels:

- a. Basic life support,
- b. Intermediate life support,
- c. Paramedic life support,
- d. Stretcher aid van, and
- e. Specialized Mobile Intensive Care, which shall be used solely for inter-hospital transport of patients requiring specialized en route medical monitoring and advanced life support which exceed the capabilities of the equipment and personnel provided by paramedic life support.

Requirements for each level of care shall be established by the Board. Licensure at any level of care includes a license to operate at any lower level, with the exception of licensure for Specialized Mobile Intensive Care; provided, however, that the highest level of

care offered by an ambulance service shall be available twenty-four (24) hours each day, three hundred sixty-five (365) days per year.

Licensure shall be granted or renewed for such periods and under such terms and conditions as may be promulgated by the State Board;

~~16.~~ 18. "Medical control" means local, regional or statewide medical direction and quality assurance of health care delivery in an emergency medical service system. On-line medical control is the medical direction given to emergency medical personnel and stretcher aid van personnel by a physician via radio or telephone. Off-line medical control is the establishment and monitoring of all medical components of an emergency medical service system, which is to include stretcher aid van service including, but not limited to, protocols, standing orders, educational programs, and the quality and delivery of on-line control;

~~17.~~ 19. "Medical director" means a physician, fully licensed without restriction, who acts as a paid or volunteer medical advisor to a licensed ambulance service and who monitors and directs the care so provided. Such physicians shall meet such qualifications and requirements as may be promulgated by the Board;

~~18.~~ 20. "Region" or "emergency medical service region" means two or more municipalities, counties, ambulance districts or other political subdivisions exercising joint control over one or more providers of emergency medical services and stretcher aid van service through common ordinances, authorities, boards or other means;

~~19.~~ 21. "Regional emergency medical services system" means a network of organizations, individuals, facilities and equipment which serves a region, subject to a unified set of regional rules and standards which may exceed, but may not be in contravention of, those required by the state, which is under the medical direction of a single regional medical director, and which participates directly in the delivery of the following services:

- a. medical call-taking and emergency medical services dispatching, emergency and routine, including priority dispatching of first response agencies, stretcher aid van and ambulances,
- b. first response services provided by first response agencies,
- c. ambulance services, both emergency, routine and stretcher aid van including, but not limited to, the transport of patients in accordance with transport protocols approved by the regional medical director, and
- d. directions given by physicians directly via radio or telephone, or by written protocol, to first response agencies, stretcher aid van or ambulance personnel at the scene of an emergency or while en route to a hospital;

~~20.~~ 22. "Regional medical director" means a licensed physician, who meets or exceeds the qualifications of a medical director as defined by the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development Act, chosen by an emergency medical service region to provide external medical oversight, quality control and related services to that region;

~~21.~~ 23. "Registration" means the listing of an ambulance service in a registry maintained by the Department; provided, however, registration shall not be deemed to be a license;

~~22.~~ 24. "Rotorcraft ambulance" means a helicopter or other aircraft capable of vertical takeoffs and landings, with the capacity of hovering with appropriately licensed and/or certified medical personnel as determined by the Commissioner;

25. "Stretcher aid van" means any ground vehicle which is or should be approved by the State Commissioner of Health, which is designed and equipped to transport individuals on a stretcher or

gurney type apparatus. Vehicles used as stretcher aid vans shall meet such standards as may be required by the State Board of Health for approval and shall display evidence of such approval at all times. Stretcher aid van services shall only be permitted and approved by the Commissioner in emergency medical service regions, ambulance service districts, or municipalities with populations in excess of 300,000 people;

~~23.~~ 26. "Stretcher aid van patient" means any person who is or will be transported in a reclining position on a stretcher or gurney, who is medically stable, non-emergent and does not require any medical monitoring equipment or assistance during transport; and

~~24.~~ 27. "Transport protocol" means the written instructions governing decision-making at the scene of a medical emergency by ambulance personnel regarding the selection of the hospital to which the patient shall be transported. Transport protocols shall be developed by the regional medical director for a regional emergency medical services system or by the Department if no regional emergency medical services system has been established. Such transport protocols shall adhere to, at a minimum, the following guidelines:

- a. nonemergency, routine transport shall be to the facility of the patient's choice,
- b. urgent or emergency transport not involving life-threatening medical illness or injury shall be to the nearest facility, or, subject to transport availability and system area coverage, to the facility of the patient's choice, and
- c. life-threatening medical illness or injury shall require transport to the nearest health care facility appropriate to the needs of the patient as established by regional or state guidelines.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2003.

Passed the House of Representatives the 5th day of March, 2003.

Presiding Officer of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 2003.

Presiding Officer of the Senate