

By: Helton of the Senate
and
Nance of the House

[retirement - Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
System - deleting permanent partial and permanent
total disability - providing permanent in-line
disability - providing exception - codification -
effective date -
emergency]

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 1991, Section 50-101, as
last amended by Section 1, Chapter 307, O.S.L. 2000 (11 O.S. Supp.
2000, Section 50-101), is amended to read as follows:

Section 50-101. As used in this article:

1. "System" means the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
System and all predecessor municipal Police Pension and Retirement
Systems;

2. "Article" means Article 50 of this title;

3. "State Board" means the Oklahoma Police Pension and
Retirement Board;

4. "Local board" means the local police pension and retirement
boards;

5. "Fund" means the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
Fund;

6. "Officer" means any duly appointed and sworn full-time
officer of the regular police department of a municipality whose
duties are to preserve the public peace, protect life and property,
prevent crime, serve warrants, enforce all laws and municipal

ordinances of this state, and any political subdivision thereof, and who is authorized to bear arms in the execution of such duties;

7. "Member" means all eligible officers of a participating municipality and any person hired by a participating municipality who is undergoing police training to become a permanent police officer of the municipality. A member does not include a "leased employee" as defined under Section 414(n)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Any individual who agrees with the State Board that the individual's services are to be performed as a leased employee or an independent contractor shall not be a member regardless of any classification as a common law employee by the Internal Revenue Service or any other governmental agency, or any court of competent jurisdiction. A member shall include members of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control who elect to participate in the System pursuant to Section 2 of this act;

8. "Normal retirement date" means the date at which the member is eligible to receive the unreduced payments of the member's accrued retirement benefit. Such date shall be the first day of the month coinciding with or following the date the member completes twenty (20) years of credited service. If the member's employment continues past the normal retirement date of the member, the actual retirement date of the member shall be the first day of the month after the member terminates employment with more than twenty (20) years of credited service;

9. "Credited service" means the period of service used to determine the eligibility for and the amount of benefits payable to a member. Credited service shall consist of the period during which the member participated in the System or the predecessor municipal systems as an active employee in an eligible membership classification, plus any service prior to the establishment of the predecessor municipal systems which was credited under the

predecessor municipal systems or credited service granted by the State Board;

10. "Participating municipality" means a municipality which is making contributions to the System on behalf of its officers. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control shall be treated as a participating municipality only regarding those members who elect to participate in the System pursuant to Section 2 of this act;

11. "Permanent total disability" means incapacity due to accidental injury or occupational disease, to earn any wages in the employment for which the member is physically suited and reasonably fitted through education, training or experience. Further, the member must be declared one hundred percent (100%) impaired as defined by the "American Medical Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" on the basis of a physical medical examination by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state, as selected by the State Board;

12. "Permanent partial disability" means permanent disability which is less than permanent total disability as defined in this section. The member must be declared no greater than ninety-nine percent (99%) impaired as defined by the "American Medical Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" on the basis of a physical medical examination by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state, as selected by the State Board;

13. "Permanent in-line disability" means incapacity to earn any wages as a certified, commissioned police officer due to accidental injury or occupational disease, incurred while in, and in consequence of, the performance of duty as an officer.

14. "Beneficiary" means a member's surviving spouse or any surviving children, including biological and adopted children, at the time of the member's death. The surviving spouse must have been married to the member for the thirty (30) continuous months

immediately preceding the member's death, provided a surviving spouse of a member who died while in, and as a consequence of, the performance of the member's duty for a participating municipality, shall not be subject to the thirty-month marriage requirement for survivor benefits. A surviving child of a member shall be a beneficiary until reaching eighteen (18) years of age or twenty-two (22) years of age if the child is enrolled full time and regularly attending a public or private school or any institution of higher education. Any child adopted by a member after the member's retirement shall be a beneficiary only if the child is adopted by the member for the thirty (30) continuous months preceding the member's death. Any child who is adopted by a member after the member's retirement and such member dies accidentally or as a consequence of the performance of the member's duty as a police officer shall not be subject to the thirty-month adoption requirement. This definition of beneficiary shall be in addition to any other requirement set forth in this article;

~~14.~~ 15. "Executive Director" means the managing officer of the System employed by the State Board;

~~15.~~ 16. "Eligible employer" means any municipality with a municipal police department;

~~16.~~ 17. "Entry date" means the date as of which an eligible employer joins the System. The first entry date pursuant to this article shall be January 1, 1981;

~~17.~~ 18. "Final average salary" means the average paid gross salary of the member for normally scheduled hours over the highest salaried thirty (30) consecutive months of the last sixty (60) months of credited service.

- a. Gross salary shall not include payment for accumulated sick and annual leave upon termination of employment or any uniform allowances. Provided, for purposes of determining the normal disability benefit, final

average salary shall be based on the member's total service if less than thirty (30) months. Gross salary shall include any amount of elective salary reduction under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any amount of nonelective salary reduction under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Only salary on which required contributions have been made may be used in computing the final average salary.

- b. In addition to other applicable limitations, and notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, for plan years beginning on or after July 1, 1996, the annual compensation of each "Noneligible Member" taken into account under the System shall not exceed the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (OBRA '93) annual compensation limit. The OBRA '93 annual compensation limit is One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00), as adjusted by the Commissioner for increases in the cost of living in accordance with Section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The annual compensation limit in effect for a calendar year applies to any period, not exceeding twelve (12) months, over which compensation is determined ("determination period") beginning in such calendar year. If a determination period consists of fewer than twelve (12) months, the OBRA '93 annual compensation limit will be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination period, and the denominator of which is twelve (12). For purposes of this section, a "Noneligible Member" is any member who

first became a member during a plan year commencing on or after July 1, 1996.

- c. For plan years beginning on or after July 1, 1996, any reference in the System to the annual compensation limit under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall mean the OBRA '93 annual compensation limit set forth in this provision.
- d. If compensation for any prior determination period is taken into account in determining a Noneligible Member's benefits accruing in the current plan year, the compensation for that prior determination period is subject to the OBRA '93 annual compensation limit in effect for that prior determination period. For this purpose, for determination periods beginning before the first day of the first plan year beginning on or after July 1, 1996, the OBRA '93 annual compensation limit is One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00).
- e. Effective July 1, 1989, through June 30, 1997, in determining the compensation of a member for purposes of this limitation, the rules of Section 414(q)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply, except in applying such rules, the term "family" shall include only the spouse of the member and any lineal descendants of the member who have not attained age nineteen (19) before the close of the year. If, as a result of the application of such rules, the adjusted annual compensation limitation is exceeded, then the limitation shall be prorated among the affected individuals in proportion to each such individual's compensation as determined under this section prior to the application of this limitation.

f. The family member aggregation rules set forth in the preceding paragraph shall apply only to plan years beginning prior to July 1, 1997;

~~18.~~ 19. "Accrued retirement benefit" means two and one-half percent (2 1/2%) of the member's final average salary multiplied by the member's years of credited service not to exceed thirty (30) years;

~~19.~~ 20. "Normal disability benefit" means two and one-half percent (2 1/2%) of the member's final average salary multiplied by twenty (20) years;

~~20.~~ 21. "Limitation year" means the year used in applying the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which year shall be the calendar year; and

~~21.~~ 22. "Paid base salary" means compensation that shall include longevity, educational allowances, and normal compensation paid on a regularly scheduled pay period of which said pay period shall include holidays, annual leave and sick leave. Paid base salary shall not include overtime. This shall exclude any incremental increases due to reimbursement or payment of benefits or other allowances including but not limited to insurance premium reimbursements.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 1991, Section 50-115, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 167, O.S.L. 1999 (11 O.S. Supp. 2000, Section 50-115), is amended to read as follows:

Section 50-115. A. The State Board is authorized to pay a disability benefit to a member of the System or a pension to the beneficiaries of such member eligible as hereinafter provided, not exceeding the accrued retirement benefit of the member, except as otherwise provided in this article. Such disability benefit shall be payable immediately upon determination of eligibility. Any preexisting condition identified at the time of any initial or subsequent membership shall be used to offset the percentage of

impairment to the whole person in determining any disability benefit. Once the initial disability benefit has been awarded by the Board on the basis of the percentage of impairment to the whole person, the member shall have no further recourse to increase the awarded percentage of impairment.

B. In order for any member to be eligible for any disability benefit, or the member's beneficiaries to be eligible for a pension, the member must have complied with any agreement as to contributions by the member and other members to any funds of the System where said agreement has been made as provided by this article; and the State Board must find:

1. That the member incurred a permanent total disability or a permanent partial disability or died while in, and in consequence of, the performance of duty as an officer; or

2. That such member has served ten (10) years and incurred a permanent total disability or a permanent partial disability or has died from any cause.

C. In the event of the death of any member who has been awarded a disability benefit or is eligible therefor as provided in this article, the member's beneficiary shall be paid the benefit.

~~1. Upon determination by the State Board that a member is physically or mentally disabled and that the disability is permanent and total and was incurred while in, and in consequence of, the performance of duty as an officer, the member shall be awarded the normal disability benefit.~~

~~2. Upon determination by the State Board that a member is physically or mentally disabled and that the disability is permanent and partial and was incurred while in, and in consequence of, the performance of duty as an officer, the member shall be awarded a disability benefit on the basis of the percentage of impairment to the whole person, as defined by the most current standards of the impairment as outlined in the "American Medical Association's Guides~~

~~to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment", as provided in the following table:~~

~~1% to 24% impairment to whole person = 25% of the normal disability benefit~~

~~25% to 49% impairment to whole person = 50% of the normal disability benefit~~

~~50% to 74% impairment to whole person = 75% of the normal disability benefit~~

~~75% to 99% impairment to whole person = 90% of the normal disability benefit.~~

D. Upon determination by the State Board that a member has incurred a permanent in-line disability as a result of physical or mental causes, the member shall be awarded the normal disability benefit.

~~E. Pursuant only to permanent partial disability incurred while in, and in consequence of, the performance of duty as an officer, if~~
If the participating municipality denies a disabled member the option of continuing employment instead of retiring ~~under the above provisions~~ on a disability pension, then the burden of proof rests with the participating municipality to show cause to the State Board that there is no position as a sworn officer within the police department of that municipality which the member can fill.

~~3.~~ F. Upon determination by the State Board that a member is physically or mentally disabled and that the disability is permanent and total and that the member has completed ten (10) years of credited service and is disabled by any cause, the member shall receive a disability benefit on the basis of the member's accrued retirement benefit.

~~4.~~ G. Upon determination by the State Board that a member is physically or mentally disabled and that the disability is permanent and partial and that the member has completed ten (10) years of credited service as a member and is disabled from any cause, the

member shall be awarded a disability benefit on the basis of the member's years of credited service as a member and the percentage of impairment to the whole person, as defined by the most current standards of the impairment as outlined in the "American Medical Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment", on the basis of the following table:

1% to 24% impaired = 25% of accrued retirement benefit

25% to 49% impaired = 50% of accrued retirement benefit

50% to 74% impaired = 75% of accrued retirement benefit

75% to 99% impaired = 90% of accrued retirement benefit.

~~5.~~ H. Upon determination by the State Board that a member has completed ten (10) years of credited service and dies from any cause, the member's beneficiary shall receive the member's accrued retirement benefit.

~~D.~~ I. Before making a finding as to the disability of a member, the State Board shall require that, if the member is able, the member shall make a certificate as to the disability which shall be subscribed and sworn to by the member. It shall also require a certificate as to such disability to be made by some physician licensed to practice in this state as selected by the State Board. The State Board may require other evidence of disability before making the disability benefit. The salary of any such member shall continue while the member is so necessarily confined to such hospital bed or home and necessarily requires medical care or professional nursing on account of such sickness or disability for a period of not more than six (6) months, after which said period the other provisions of this article may apply. The State Board, in making disability benefits, shall act upon the written request of the member or without such request, if it deem it for the good of the police department. Any disability benefits shall cease when the member receiving same shall be restored to active service at a

salary not less than three-fourths (3/4) of the member's average monthly salary.

J. Any member of a police department of any municipality who:

1. Has been exposed to hazardous substances in the performance of the officer's duties; and

2. Is later disabled from one or more of the following causes, that was not revealed by the physical examination passed by the member upon entry into the department:

a. disease to any organ,

b. injury to the respiratory system, or

c. the existence of any cancer,

shall be presumed to have incurred such disability while performing the officer's duties unless the contrary is shown by competent evidence.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 50-136.5 of Title 11, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Any person receiving benefits from the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System as of June 30, 2000, who continues to receive such benefits on or after July 1, 2001, shall receive a five percent (5.0%) increase in said benefits beginning July of 2001.

B. Any increase in benefits a person is eligible to receive pursuant to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, after June 30, 2000, shall be offset by the increase in benefits, if any, provided by this section.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective July 1, 2001.

SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Passed the Senate the 14th day of March, 2001.

Presiding Officer of the Senate

Passed the House of Representatives the ____ day of _____,
2001.

Presiding Officer of the House
of Representatives