

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 47th Legislature (2000)

HOUSE BILL HB1980

By: Pettigrew

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to tort reform; amending Section 1, Chapter 287, O.S.L. 1995, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 293, O.S.L. 1999 (12 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 1101.1), which relates to procedure for offers of judgment and counteroffers for personal injury and certain other actions; modifying the scope of application by decreasing monetary requirement; repealing 47 O.S. 1991, Section 12-420, which prohibits submitting into evidence or using in any civil proceeding the use or nonuse of seat belts; providing that repeal applies to actions accruing on or after certain date; providing for noncodification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY Section 1, Chapter 287, O.S.L. 1995, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 293, O.S.L. 1999 (12 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 1101.1), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1101.1 A. Actions for personal injury, wrongful death, and certain specified actions.

1. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this subsection, after a civil action is brought for the recovery of money as the result of a claim for personal injury, wrongful death, or pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 25 or Section 5 of Title 85 of the Oklahoma Statutes, any defendant may file with the court, at any time more than ten (10) days prior to trial, an offer of judgment for a sum certain to any plaintiff with respect to the action or any claim or claims asserted in the action. An offer of judgment shall be deemed to include any costs or attorneys fees otherwise recoverable. If an offer of judgment is filed, each plaintiff to whom an offer of judgment is made shall, within ten (10) days, file:

- a. a written acceptance or rejection of such offer, or
- b. a counteroffer of judgment, as described in paragraph 2 of this subsection.

If the plaintiff fails to file a timely response, the offer of judgment shall be deemed rejected. The fact an offer of judgment is made but not accepted or is deemed rejected does not preclude subsequent timely offers of judgment.

2. In the event a defendant files an offer of judgment, the plaintiff may, within ten (10) days, file with the court a counteroffer of judgment directed to each defendant who has filed an offer of judgment. If a counteroffer of judgment is filed, each defendant to whom the counteroffer of judgment is made shall, within ten (10) days, file a written acceptance or rejection of the counteroffer of judgment. If a defendant fails to file a timely response, the counteroffer of judgment shall be deemed rejected. The fact a counteroffer of judgment is made but not accepted or deemed rejected does not preclude subsequent counteroffers of judgment if subsequent offers of judgment are made.

3. In the event the plaintiff rejects the offer(s) of judgment and the judgment awarded the plaintiff, exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees otherwise recoverable, is less than the final offer of judgment, then the defendant filing the offer of judgment shall be entitled to recover reasonable litigation costs and reasonable attorneys fees incurred by that defendant from the date of filing of the final offer of judgment until the date of the verdict. Such costs and fees may be offset from the judgment entered against the offering defendant; provided, however, that prior to any such offset, the plaintiff's attorney may:

- a. exercise any attorneys lien claimed in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the judgment, and

- b. recover the plaintiff's reasonable litigation costs, not to exceed an additional fifteen percent (15%) of the judgment or Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), whichever is greater.

4. In the event a defendant rejects the counteroffer(s) of judgment and the judgment awarded to the plaintiff is greater than the final counteroffer of judgment, the plaintiff shall be entitled to recover reasonable litigation costs and reasonable attorneys fees incurred by the plaintiff from the date of filing of the final counteroffer of judgment until the date of the verdict. Such costs and fees may be added to the judgment entered in favor of the plaintiff.

5. The provisions of this subsection shall apply only where the plaintiff demands in a pleading or in trial proceedings more than ~~One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00)~~ Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or where the defendant makes an offer of judgment more than ~~One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00)~~ Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00). Any offer of judgment may precede the demand.

B. Other actions.

1. After a civil action is brought for the recovery of money or property in an action other than for personal injury, wrongful death or pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 25 or Section 5 of Title 85 of the Oklahoma Statutes, any defendant may file with the court, at any time more than ten (10) days prior to trial, an offer of judgment for a sum certain to any plaintiff with respect to the action or any claim or claims asserted in the action. An offer of judgment shall not be deemed to include any costs and attorneys fees otherwise recoverable. If an offer of judgment is filed, the plaintiff or plaintiffs to whom the offer of judgment is made shall, within ten (10) days, file:

- a. a written acceptance or rejection of the offer, or

- b. a counteroffer of judgment, as described in paragraph 2 of this subsection.

If a plaintiff fails to file a timely response, the offer of judgment shall be deemed rejected. The fact an offer of judgment is made but not accepted or is deemed rejected does not preclude subsequent timely offers of judgment.

2. In the event a defendant files an offer of judgment, the plaintiff may, within ten (10) days, file with the court a counteroffer of judgment to each defendant who has filed an offer of judgment and the claim or claims which are the subject thereof. If a counteroffer of judgment is filed, each defendant to whom a counteroffer of judgment is made shall, within ten (10) days, file a written acceptance or rejection of the counteroffer of judgment. If a defendant fails to file a timely response, the counteroffer of judgment shall be deemed rejected. The fact a counteroffer of judgment is made but not accepted or is deemed rejected does not preclude subsequent counteroffers of judgment if subsequent offers of judgment are made.

3. If no offer of judgment or counteroffer of judgment is accepted and the judgment awarded the plaintiff, exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees otherwise recoverable, is less than one or more offers of judgment, the defendant shall be entitled to reasonable litigation costs and reasonable attorneys fees incurred by the defendant with respect to the action or the claim or claims included in the offer of judgment from and after the date of the first offer of judgment which is greater than the judgment until the date of the judgment. Such costs and fees may be offset from the judgment entered against the offering defendant.

4. If no offer of judgment or counteroffer of judgment is accepted and the judgment awarded the plaintiff, exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees otherwise recoverable, is greater than one or more counteroffers of judgment, the plaintiff shall be entitled

to recover the reasonable litigation costs and reasonable attorneys fees incurred by the plaintiff with respect to the action or the claim or claims included in the counteroffer of judgment from and after the date of the first counteroffer of judgment which is less than the judgment until the date of the judgment. Such costs and fees may be added to the judgment entered in favor of the plaintiff.

5. An award of reasonable litigation costs and reasonable attorneys fees under paragraph 3 of this subsection shall not preclude an award under paragraph 4 of this subsection, and an award under paragraph 4 of this subsection shall not preclude an award under paragraph 3 of this subsection.

6. This subsection shall not apply to actions brought pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 25 or Section 5 of Title 85 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

C. Evidence of an offer of judgment or a counteroffer of judgment shall not be admissible in any action or proceeding for any purpose except in proceedings to enforce a settlement arising out of an offer of judgment or counteroffer of judgment or to determine reasonable attorneys fees and reasonable litigation costs under this section.

D. This section shall apply whether or not litigation costs or attorneys fees are otherwise recoverable.

E. The provisions of this section are severable, and if any part or provision thereof shall be held void, the decision of the court shall not affect or impair any of the remaining parts or provisions thereof.

F. This section shall apply to all civil actions filed after the effective date of this act.

SECTION 2. REPEALER 47 O.S. 1991, Section 12-420, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

The provisions of Section 2 of this act shall apply to all actions which accrue on or after November 1, 2000.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2000.

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