

ENROLLED HOUSE
BILL NO. 2353

By: Corn of the House

and

Muegge of the Senate

An Act relating to animals; amending 4 O.S. 1991, Sections 501, 502, 503 and 504, which relate to the disposal of animals held in shelter; updating and clarifying language; modifying authorized methods of euthanasia for certain animals; specifying method to confirm death; limiting procedures for administering certain drug; allowing certified animal euthanasia technician to administer denatured sodium pentobarbital; allowing certain animal shelters to purchase and possess certain drugs for euthanasia of animals; clarifying method of administering carbon monoxide; modifying requirements for carbon monoxide chambers used in the euthanasia of animals; amending 59 O.S. 1991, Section 698.7, as last amended by Section 8, Chapter 94, O.S.L. 1999 (59 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 698.7), which relates to powers and duties of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners; requiring the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners to promulgate certain rules; amending 63 O.S. 1991, Section 2-101, as last amended by Section 5, Chapter 128, O.S.L. 1998 (63 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 2-101), which relates to Controlled Dangerous Substances; modifying definition; amending 59 O.S. 1991, Section 698.2 as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 94, O.S.L. 1999 (59 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 698.2), which relates to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act; defining term; repealing 4 O.S. 1991, Section 505, which relates to use of chloroform as a form of euthanasia for puppies and kittens; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 4 O.S. 1991, Section 501, is amended to read as follows:

Section 501. A. Any dog, cat or any other animal which is kept for pleasure rather than utility in or about a household, held by or in the custody of a private or public animal shelter or agency and not reclaimed by the owner, may be disposed of only by ~~adoption~~:

1. Adoption as a pet in a suitable home, ~~by delivery~~;

2. Delivery to a licensed educational or research institution in accordance with the provisions of Sections 391 through 402 of ~~Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes~~ this title, ~~or euthanized; or~~

3. Euthanasia by only one of the following methods:

~~1. By~~

a. administration of denatured sodium pentobarbital ~~;~~

~~2. By~~

b. the use of a carbon monoxide chamber, using ~~either~~ commercially compressed cylinder gas ~~or exhaust gas from a permanently installed gasoline engine;~~ provided that kittens and puppies under ~~six (6)~~ sixteen (16) weeks of age ~~whose eyes are not opened~~ shall not be euthanized with carbon monoxide but with injections of denatured sodium pentobarbital ~~or with chloroform by a means approved in writing by a licensed veterinarian after inspecting the equipment and method;~~ or

~~3. By~~

c. any other method approved by the Veterinary Animal Industries Services Division of the State Department of Agriculture which shall include current acceptable euthanasia recommendations from the American Veterinary Medical Association, with the exception of curariform derivative drugs ~~and provided that the~~. The following requirements are must be met to insure ensure the euthanasia agent is humane:

~~a. The~~

(1) the method should be as painless as possible to the animal as determined by the best available medical and scientific knowledge and technology ~~;~~

~~b. The~~

(2) the animal should be kept as free from anxiety and fear as possible ~~;~~

~~c. The~~

(3) the technique should be:

(a) simple enough to be used by relatively unskilled personnel ~~and be~~

(b) legally available to all animal shelters and humane societies. ~~It should be~~

(c) as mechanically simple and maintenance free as possible within reasonable cost ~~;~~ and

~~d. It should be~~

(d) physically safe for personnel using it.

B. Death should be confirmed by cessation of vital signs. Professional judgment should be used in consideration of the animal species and method of euthanasia to determine the means of confirming death.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 4 O.S. 1991, Section 502, is amended to read as follows:

Section 502. A. Denatured sodium pentobarbital shall be administered by any one of the following methods:

1. Intravenous or intracardial injection of a lethal dose in dogs and cats. Intracardiac injection is acceptable only when performed on heavily sedated, anesthetized, or comatose animals;

2. Oral ingestion by wild or intractable dogs of powdered denatured sodium pentobarbital in capsules mixed with food, with the dog remaining in its individual cage until dead; or

3. Intraperitoneal or intracardial injection in cats, kittens and puppies when location of and injection into the vein is difficult or impossible. Intracardiac injection is acceptable only when performed on heavily sedated, anesthetized, or comatose animals.

B. Denatured sodium pentobarbital shall be administered under the following conditions:

1. A sharp and undamaged hypodermic needle shall be used for each animal and be of a size suitable for the size and species of animal, and method of injection; and

2. Administration shall be by a licensed veterinarian or by a person trained for this purpose and approved and supervised by a licensed veterinarian, or a person certified as an animal euthanasia technician by the Oklahoma State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners.

C. A licensed veterinarian may certify the purchase of denatured sodium pentobarbital for any bona fide animal shelter.

D. 1. A certified animal euthanasia technician that is registered by the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, Drug Enforcement Agency, and who holds a valid certificate issued by the Oklahoma Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners is authorized to purchase and possess denatured sodium pentobarbital or other drugs approved by the Oklahoma Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners for euthanasia of animals provided they are working in conjunction with a law enforcement agency, animal control agency, or animal shelter that is recognized and approved by the Board; and

2. Denatured sodium pentobarbital and other drugs approved by the Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners shall be the only drugs used for the euthanasia of animals in an animal shelter.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 4 O.S. 1991, Section 503, is amended to read as follows:

Section 503. Personnel shall be thoroughly instructed and be adequately trained in the operation and use of the carbon monoxide chamber. Carbon monoxide shall be administered in the following manner:

~~1. Adult animals, over sixteen (16) weeks of age, to be euthanized, shall be left in the chamber for a minimum of twenty (20) minutes after the carbon monoxide is administered, and no. No animal so euthanized shall be removed until five (5) minutes after cessation of respiratory movements. After the animal is removed, it shall be checked for heartbeat. The animal's body shall not be disposed of until the onset of rigor mortis death has been confirmed; and~~

~~2. Puppies and kittens six (6) weeks to ten (10) weeks of age shall be left in the chamber thirty (30) minutes or more after the carbon monoxide is administered and retained in the gas for at least five (5) minutes following cessation of respiratory movements. After the animal is removed, it shall be checked for heartbeat. The animal's body shall not be disposed of until the onset of rigor mortis.~~

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 4 O.S. 1991, Section 504, is amended to read as follows:

Section 504. Carbon monoxide chambers shall be equipped with:

1. Internal lighting and a viewport providing direct visual observation of any animal within the chamber;

2. ~~Cylinder~~ Compressed cylinder gas of commercial grade adequate to achieve a uniform carbon monoxide gas concentration throughout the chamber ~~of at least five percent (5%) that induces unconsciousness within five (5) three (3) minutes after any animal is placed in the chamber;~~

3. A suitable gauge or gas concentration indicator or recording device making possible easy and instantaneous visual determination of the carbon monoxide concentration in the chamber;

4. A means of keeping the animals in the chamber in separate compartments, ~~except that puppies or kittens between six (6) and twelve (12) weeks of age, from the same litter, may be placed in a single compartment;~~

5. An exhaust fan connected by a gas-tight duct to the outdoors, capable of completely evacuating the gas from the chamber before it is opened after each use, for protection of personnel. There shall also be a gas analyzer located in the room ~~with a warning bell in the room and front office. Such bell shall ring in the event of a gas leak into the room that is capable of warning personnel of hazardous concentrations while the chamber is being used.~~ Small carbon monoxide chambers without exhaust fan or warning bell may be placed outdoors, provided they are placed under a shelter with a roof for protection of equipment and personnel, but open at the sides for ventilation;

~~6. If the method of carbon monoxide generation is by combustion of gasoline from a permanently installed engine, the following shall be additional requirements:~~

- ~~a. The engine shall be carefully tuned and maintained in good operating condition. The engine must be operated only at idling speed with the richest fuel-air mixture the carburetor will permit.~~
- ~~b. The chamber shall be equipped with accurate temperature gauges monitored by attendants to assure that the temperature does not exceed one hundred fifteen degrees (115°) Fahrenheit at point of entry into the chamber and ninety degrees (90°) at any point within the chamber.~~
- ~~c. Prior to its entry into the lethal chamber the exhaust gas shall first be bubbled through a minimum forty (40) gallon vertical water tank of cool, clean water to cool the gas. Gas shall enter tank through a center interior pipe containing small holes. The tank is to contain washed gravel. When in use, cool water shall enter the tank at the top and flow continually through the tank and gravel and drain at the bottom. The tank shall be three-fourths (3/4) full with gravel and water. The gas pipe to the chamber shall be from the top of the tank. Carbon monoxide gas shall not be introduced into the euthanasia chamber until the engine choke is fully off.~~
- ~~d. The equipment shall include a means of substantially deadening the sound and vibration transmission from the engine to the chamber, by placing them in separate rooms or soundproof compartments and connecting them with a flexible tubing or pipe at least twenty-four (24) inches in length, so that the noise level within the chamber shall not exceed seventy (70) decibels.~~

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 1991, Section 698.7, as last amended by Section 8, Chapter 94, O.S.L. 1999 (59 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 698.7), is amended to read as follows:

Section 698.7 The State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners shall have the powers and it shall also be its duty to regulate the practice of veterinary medicine. In addition to any other powers placed on it by the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act or as otherwise provided by law, the Board shall have the power and duty to:

- 1. a. set standards for licensure or certification by examination and develop such examinations as will provide assurance of competency to practice, and
- b. employ or enter into agreements with organizations or agencies to provide examinations acceptable to the Board or employ or enter into agreements with organizations or agencies to provide administration, preparation or scoring of examinations;
- 2. Set fees;
- 3. Prescribe the time, place, method, manner, scope and subjects of examination for licensure;

4. Prepare or select, conduct or direct the conduct of, set minimum requirements for, and assure security of licensing and other required examinations;

5. a. issue or deny licenses and certificates and renewals thereof,
- b. acquire information about and evaluate the professional education and training of applicants for licensure or certification; and accept or deny applications for licensure, certification or renewal of either licensure or certification based on the evaluation of information relating to applicant fitness, performance or competency to practice,
- c. determine which professional schools, colleges, universities, training institutions and educational programs are acceptable in connection with licensure pursuant to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act, and accept the approval of such facilities and programs by American-Veterinary-Medical-Association-accredited institutions in the United States and Canada,
- d. require supporting documentation or other acceptable verifying evidence for any information provided the Board by an applicant for licensure or certification, and
- e. require information on an applicant's fitness, qualification and previous professional record and performance from recognized data sources including, but not limited to, other licensing and disciplinary authorities of other jurisdictions, professional education and training institutions, liability insurers, animal health care institutions and law enforcement agencies;

6. Develop and use applications and other necessary forms and related procedures for purposes of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act;

7. a. review and investigate complaints and adverse information about licensees and certificate holders,
 - b. conduct hearings in accordance with the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act and the Administrative Procedures Act, and
 - c. adjudicate matters that come before the Board for judgment pursuant to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act upon clear and convincing evidence and issue final decisions on such matters to discipline licensees and certificate holders;
8. a. impose sanctions, deny licenses and certificates and renewals thereof, levy reimbursement costs, seek appropriate administrative, civil or criminal penalties or any combination of these against those who violate examination security, who attempt to or who do obtain licensure or certification by fraud, who

knowingly assist in illegal activities, or who aid and abet the illegal practice of veterinary medicine,

- b. review and investigate complaints and adverse information about licensees and certificate holders,
- c. discipline licensees and certificate holders,
- d. institute proceedings in courts of competent jurisdiction to enforce Board orders and provisions of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act,
- e. (1) establish mechanisms for dealing with licensees and certificate holders who abuse or are dependent on or addicted to alcohol or other chemical substances, and enter into agreements, at its discretion, with professional organizations whose relevant procedures and techniques it has evaluated and approved for their cooperation or participation in the rehabilitation of the licensee or certificate holder,

(2) establish by rules cooperation with other professional organizations for the identification and monitoring of licensees and certificate holders in treatment who are chemically dependent or addicted, and
- f. issue conditional, restricted or otherwise circumscribed modifications to licensure or certification as determined to be appropriate by due process procedures and summarily suspend a license if the Board has cause to believe by clear and convincing evidence such action is required to protect public or animal health and safety or to prevent continuation of incompetent practices;

9. Promulgate rules of professional conduct and require all licensees and certificate holders to practice in accordance therewith;

10. Act to halt the unlicensed or illegal practice of veterinary medicine and seek administrative, criminal and civil penalties against those engaged in such practice;

11. Establish appropriate fees and charges to ensure active and effective pursuit of Board responsibilities;

12. Employ, direct, reimburse, evaluate and dismiss staff in accordance with state procedures;

13. Establish policies for Board operations;

14. Respond to legislative inquiry regarding those changes in, or amendments to, the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act;

15. Act on its own motion in disciplinary matters, administer oaths, issue notices, issue subpoenas in the name of the State of Oklahoma, including subpoenas for client and animal records, hold

hearings, institute court proceedings for contempt or to compel testimony or obedience to its orders and subpoenas, take evidentiary depositions and perform such other acts as are reasonable and necessary under law to carry out its duties;

16. Use clear and convincing evidence as the standard of proof and issue final decisions when acting as trier of fact in the performance of its adjudicatory duties;

17. Determine and direct Board operating, administrative, personnel and budget policies and procedures in accordance with applicable statutes;

18. Promulgate uniform rules such as may be necessary for carrying out and enforcing the provisions of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act and such as in its discretion may be necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public;

19. Determine continuing education requirements;

20. Establish minimum standards for veterinary premises;

21. Establish standards for veterinary labeling and dispensing of veterinary prescription drugs and federal Food and Drug Administration-approved human drugs for animals which would conform to current applicable state and federal law and regulations; ~~and~~

22. Promulgate rules such as may be necessary for carrying out and enforcing provisions relating to certification of animal euthanasia technicians and approval of drugs to be used for euthanasia of animals in an animal shelter pursuant to the requirements of Section 502 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and

23. Perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as the provisions and enforcement of the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act may require.

SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 1991, Section 2-101, as last amended by Section 5, Chapter 128, O.S.L. 1998 (63 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, Section 2-101 et seq. of this title:

1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research subject by:

- a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the practitioner, by the authorized agent of the practitioner), or
- b. the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner;

2. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts in behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes,

dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouse or employee thereof, or a person required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, Section 2-101 et seq. of this title;

9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled dangerous substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship;

11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution. "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

14. "Drug" means articles:

- a. recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals,
- c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals, and
- d. intended for use as a component of any article specified in this paragraph;

provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories;

15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the discomfort of its absence;

16. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship, partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place of residence;

17. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee;

18. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act. A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice refers to Medicare certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all other providers of hospice services;

19. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other factors, the following factors as related to "representations made"

in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled substance":

- a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, or its use or effect,
- b. statements made to the recipient that the substance may be resold for inordinate profit,
- c. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally used for illicit controlled substances,
- d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or person in control of the substance to avoid detection by law enforcement authorities,
- e. prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other person in control of the object, under state or federal law related to controlled substances or fraud, and
- f. the proximity of the substances to controlled dangerous substances;

20. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture;

21. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction;

22. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

23. "Marihuana" means all parts of the plant *Cannabis sativa* L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or resin, but shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination;

24. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for

diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

25. "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced practice nurse as defined and within parameters specified in Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

26. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

- a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,
- b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,
- c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers,
- d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, and
- e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically identical with any of the substances referred to in subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-101 et seq. of this title shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

27. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;

28. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum* L., except the seeds thereof;

29. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state or of the United States;

30. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

31. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing;

32. "Practitioner" means:

- a. (1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
- (2) a dentist,
- (3) a podiatrist,
- (4) an optometrist,
- (5) a veterinarian,
- (6) a physician assistant under the supervision of a licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
- (7) a scientific investigator, or
- (8) any other person,

licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state, or

- b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;

33. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous substance;

34. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of the United States;

35. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the use of a member of the person's household or for administration to an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's household;

36. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used or intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act including, but not limited to:

- a. kits used or intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance or from which a controlled dangerous substance can be derived,

- b. kits used or intended for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled dangerous substances,
- c. isomerization devices used or intended for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance,
- d. testing equipment used or intended for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled dangerous substances,
- e. scales and balances used or intended for use in weighing or measuring controlled dangerous substances,
- f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used or intended for use in cutting controlled dangerous substances,
- g. separation gins and sifters used or intended for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marihuana,
- h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used or intended for use in compounding controlled dangerous substances,
- i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used or intended for use in packaging small quantities of controlled dangerous substances,
- j. containers and other objects used or intended for use in parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances into the human body,
- k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used or intended for use in parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances into the human body, and
- l. objects used or intended for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing marihuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the human body, such as:
 - (1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
 - (2) water pipes,
 - (3) carburetion tubes and devices,
 - (4) smoking and carburetion masks,
 - (5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marihuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand,

- (6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
- (7) chamber pipes,
- (8) carburetor pipes,
- (9) electric pipes,
- (10) air-driven pipes,
- (11) chillums,
- (12) bonges, or
- (13) ice pipes or chillers;

provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for ornamentation or pipes designed for smoking tobacco;

37. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled dangerous substance, but is a substance that produces a like or similar physiological or psychological effect on the human central nervous system that currently has no accepted medical use in treatment in the United States and has a potential for abuse. The court or authority concerned with establishing that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance should consider, in addition to all other factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" in determining whether the substance is a synthetic controlled substance:

- a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, its use or effect,
- b. statements made to the recipient that the substance may be resold for an inordinate profit,
- c. prior convictions, if any, of an owner or any person in control of the substance, under state or federal law related to controlled dangerous substances, and
- d. the proximity of the substance to any controlled dangerous substance;

38. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have been chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of marihuana;

39. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in subsection C of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in subsection C of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer" means the optical or geometric isomer; and

40. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or federal guidelines.

SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 1991, Section 698.2, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 94, O.S.L. 1999 (59 O.S. Supp. 1999, Section 698.2), is amended to read as follows:

Section 698.2 As used in the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act:

1. "Board" means the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners;

2. "Animal" means any animal other than humans and includes, but is not limited to, fowl, fish, birds and reptiles, wild or domestic, living or dead;

3. "Veterinarian" means a person who has received a degree in veterinary medicine or its equivalent from a school of veterinary medicine;

4. "Licensed veterinarian" means any veterinarian who holds an active license to practice veterinary medicine in this state;

5. "School of veterinary medicine" means any veterinary college or division of a university or college that offers the degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or its equivalent, which conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the American Veterinary Medical Association and which is recognized and approved by the Board;

6. "Veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from a school of animal technology, or its equivalent, which conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the American Veterinary Medical Association and which is recognized and approved by the Board, and who has been certified by the Board as qualified to practice under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian;

7. "Direct supervision" means:

- a. directions have been given to a veterinary technician, nurse, laboratory technician, intern, veterinary assistant or other employee for medical care following the examination of an animal by the licensed veterinarian responsible for the professional care of the animal, or
- b. that, under certain circumstances following the examination of an animal by a licensed veterinarian responsible for the professional care of the animal, the presence of the licensed veterinarian on the premises in an animal hospital setting or in the same general area in a range setting is required after directions have been given to a veterinarian who has a certificate issued pursuant to Section 698.8 of this title;

8. "License" means authorization to practice veterinary medicine granted by the Board to an individual found by the Board to

meet certain requirements pursuant to the Oklahoma Veterinary Practice Act or any other applicable statutes;

9. "Certificate" means authorization to practice veterinary medicine with certain limitations or restrictions on that practice, set by the Board or authorization to perform certain enumerated functions peripheral to the practice of veterinary medicine as set by the Board;

10. "Veterinarian-client-patient relationship" means when:

- a. the licensed veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for making medical judgments regarding the health of an animal or animals and the need for medical treatment, and the client, owner or other caretaker has agreed to follow the instructions of the licensed veterinarian; and
- b. there is sufficient knowledge of the animal or animals by the licensed veterinarian to initiate at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal or animals in that:
 - (1) the licensed veterinarian has recently seen or is personally acquainted with the keeping and care of the animal or animals, or
 - (2) by medically necessary and timely visits to the premises where the animal or animals are kept or both, and
- c. the licensed veterinarian is readily available for follow-up in case of adverse reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy, or has arranged for emergency medical coverage, and
- d. would conform to applicable federal law and regulations;

11. "Veterinary premises" means any facility where the practice of veterinary medicine occurs, including, but not limited to, a mobile unit, mobile clinic, outpatient clinic, satellite clinic, public service outreach of a veterinary facility, or veterinary hospital or clinic. The term "veterinary premises" shall not include the premises of a client of a licensed veterinarian or research facility;

12. "Veterinary prescription drugs" means such prescription items as are in the possession of a person regularly and lawfully engaged in the manufacture, transportation, storage, or wholesale or retail distribution of veterinary drugs and the federal Food and Drug Administration-approved human drugs for animals which because of their toxicity or other potential for harmful effects, or method of use, or the collateral measures necessary for use, are labeled by the manufacturer or distributor in compliance with federal law and regulations to be sold only to or on the prescription order or under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian for use in the course of professional practice. Veterinary prescription drugs shall not include over-the-counter products for which adequate directions for lay use can be written.

13. "ECFVG certificate" means a certificate issued by the American Veterinary Medical Association Education Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates, indicating that the holder has demonstrated knowledge and skill equivalent to that possessed by a graduate of an accredited or approved college of veterinary medicine;

14. "Executive Director" means the Executive Director of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners or the authorized representative of such official;

15. "Telemedicine" shall mean the transmission of diagnostic images such as, but not limited to, radiographs, ultrasound, cytology, endoscopy, photographs and case information over ordinary or cellular phone lines to a licensed veterinarian or board-certified medical specialist for the purpose of consulting regarding case management with the primary care licensed veterinarian who transmits the cases;

16. "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, association, joint venture, cooperative, corporation, or any other group or combination acting in concert, and whether or not acting as a principal, trustee, fiduciary, receiver, or as any other kind of legal or personal representative, or as the successor in interest, assignee, agent, factor, servant, employee, director, officer, fictitious name certificate, or any other representative of such person;

17. "Food animal" means any mammalian, poultry, fowl, fish, or other animal that is raised primarily for human food consumption;

18. "Surgery" means the branch of veterinary science conducted under elective or emergency circumstances, which treats diseases, injuries and deformities by manual or operative methods including, but not limited to, cosmetic, reconstructive, ophthalmic, orthopedic, vascular, thoracic, and obstetric procedures. The provisions in Section 698.12 of this title shall not be construed as surgery; ~~and~~

19. "Abandonment" means to forsake entirely or to neglect or refuse to provide or perform the legal obligations for care and support of an animal by its owner, or the owner's agent. Abandonment shall constitute the relinquishment of all rights and claims by the owner to an animal; and

20. "Animal euthanasia technician" means an employee of a law enforcement agency, an animal control agency, or animal shelter that is recognized and approved by the Board, who is certified by the Board and trained to administer sodium pentobarbital to euthanize injured, sick, homeless or unwanted domestic pets and other animals.

SECTION 8. REPEALER 4 O.S. 1991, Section 505, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 9. This act shall become effective November 1, 2000.

Passed the House of Representatives the 2nd day of May, 2000.

Speaker of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the 12th day of April, 2000.

President of the Senate