

ENGROSSED HOUSE
JOINT
RESOLUTION NO. 1019

By: Staggs and Nance of the
House

and

Weedn of the Senate

(Joint Resolution - proposed amendment to Sections
9, 10 and 8C of Article X of the Constitution - ad
valorem taxes - emergency and local support levy -
providing ballot titles -

directing filing)

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE
2ND SESSION OF THE 47TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Secretary of State shall refer to the people for
their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law,
the following proposed amendment to Sections 9 and 10 of Article X
of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma to read as follows:

Section 9. (a) Except as herein otherwise provided, the total
taxes for all purposes on an ad valorem basis shall not exceed, in
any taxable year, fifteen (15) mills on the dollar, no less than
five (5) mills of which is hereby apportioned for school district
purposes, the remainder to be apportioned between county, city, town
and school district, by the County Excise Board, until such time as
a regular apportionment thereof is otherwise provided for by the
Legislature.

No ad valorem tax shall be levied for State purposes, nor shall
any part of the proceeds of any ad valorem tax levy upon any kind of
property in this State be used for State purposes.

(b) A tax of four (4) mills on the dollar valuation of all taxable property in the county shall be levied annually in each county of the State for school purposes and, until otherwise provided by law, the proceeds thereof shall be apportioned to the school districts of the county by the County Treasurer on the basis of the legal average daily attendance for the preceding school year as certified by the State Board of Education. Provided that in case a school district lies in more than one county, such district shall be deemed a school district of the county having the greater part of the area comprising such district, unless otherwise provided by law, and shall be entitled to participate in the proceeds of such tax on the same basis as districts lying wholly within such county but revenue from such tax on the assessed valuation of the district in other counties shall, when collected, be transmitted to the County Treasurer of such county having the greater part of the area comprising the district, unless otherwise provided by law, and be apportioned as hereinbefore provided for the proceeds of such tax on the assessed valuation of such county. Not to exceed seventy-five per centum (75%) of the amount received by a school district from the proceeds of such county levy in any year shall be required to finance the State guaranteed program of such district.

(c) Upon certification of a need therefor by the board of education of any school district an additional tax of not to exceed fifteen (15) mills on the dollar valuation of all taxable property in the district shall be levied for the benefit of the schools of such district.

(d) In addition to the levies hereinbefore authorized, any school district may make an emergency levy for the benefit of the schools of such district, in an amount not to exceed five (5) mills on the dollar valuation of the taxable property in such district when approved by a majority of the electors of the district voting on the question at an election called for such purpose. This

emergency levy shall provide only sufficient additional revenue to meet the needs of the district each fiscal year as determined by the board of such district and must be approved by a majority of the electors voting on said question at such an election for each fiscal year.

(d-1) In addition to the levies hereinbefore authorized, any school district may make a local support levy for the benefit of the schools of such district, in an amount not to exceed ten (10) mills on the dollar valuation of the taxable property in such district, when approved by a majority of the ad valorem taxpaying voters voting on said question at an election for each fiscal year called for such purposes. This local support levy shall provide only sufficient additional revenue to meet the needs of the district for each such fiscal year as determined by the board of such district; provided, an elector desiring to vote upon such local support levy must present an ad valorem tax receipt for the year immediately preceding before being issued a ballot, or sign a sworn affidavit certifying the fact of such payment.

(d-2) A school district may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the district voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy under (d) and (d-1) of this section permanent. If the question is approved, the levies, in the amount approved as required by this section, shall be made each fiscal year thereafter until such time as a petition is signed by ten percent (10%) of the school district electors or a recommendation by the board of education of the school district is made asking that the levies be made each fiscal year.

(e) The amount of revenue from school district ad valorem taxes levied under (a) and (c) of this Section which any school district may be required to use to finance its State guaranteed program shall not be in excess of its share, based upon its relative taxpaying ability as may be defined by law, of an amount equivalent to the net

proceeds from a fifteen (15) mill tax levy on the aggregate net assessed valuation of the State; but until such relative taxpaying ability is defined by the Legislature, the amount of revenue from such taxes which any school district may be required to use to finance its State guaranteed program shall not be in excess of the net proceeds from an ad valorem tax levy of fifteen (15) mills on the dollar net assessed valuation of the district. No part of the proceeds from any ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy under (d) and (d-1) of this Section shall be required to finance the State guaranteed program of such district.

Nothing in the amendments to the Constitution incorporated herein shall be construed to amend, alter or supersede the present application of Article XII-A, Sections 1 and 2 of the Oklahoma Constitution.

~~(f) Should the amendment contained in subsection (d-1) hereof be adopted on September 14, 1965, the school board of any school district in the State may within ten (10) days thereafter file with the Excise Board of the county a supplemental estimate of needs and call a special election within fifteen (15) days after such call upon the new local support levy or emergency levy if not previously submitted, or both. The school board shall advertise notice of such election by publication in at least one issue of a newspaper having general circulation in the school district, or by posting in five public places in the district at least five (5) days before such election. Should the electors of the school district vote such additional levy in such election, the County Excise Board shall forthwith compute the levy and certify appropriations for all affected school districts and refile the budgets with the County Clerk and with the State Auditor. Notice of the filing of said budget shall be given as required by law. The forty (40) day protest period shall begin immediately upon the filing of said budgets.~~

~~For the fiscal year 1965-66, the Excise Board of each county shall not finally compute the levy nor certify the appropriations for the school districts of the State until after the school district shall have had the opportunity to hold a special election as provided herein.~~

~~Temporary appropriations, up to forty per centum (40%) of the estimated funds needed by the school board of any district in the State for the fiscal year 1965-66, may be approved any time after the beginning of such fiscal year.~~

~~Upon the computation of the levy and certification of appropriations by the Excise Board, the County Assessor shall prepare or revise the tax rolls and deliver the same to the County Treasurer who shall proceed with the collection of the taxes as required by law.~~

~~Should it become necessary, because of the delay in computing levies and certifying appropriations as herein provided, the Governor may, by executive order, extend the time when taxes will be delinquent for the year of 1965, and that year only. Such extension of time shall be for the minimum time necessary to permit the County Assessor and County Treasurer to perform their duties as required by law.~~

Section 10. A. For the purpose of erecting public buildings in counties or cities, or for the purpose of raising money for a building fund for a school district which may be used for erecting, remodeling or repairing school buildings, and for purchasing furniture, the rates of taxation herein limited may be increased, when the rate of such increase and the purpose for which it is intended shall have been submitted to a vote of the people, and a majority of the qualified voters of such county, city, or school district, voting at such election, shall vote therefor: Provided, that such increase shall not exceed five (5) mills on the dollar of

the assessed value of the taxable property in such county, city, or school district.

B. A school district may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the district voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for a building fund under subsection A of this section permanent. If the question is approved, the levy in the amount approved as required by this section, shall be made each fiscal year thereafter until such time as a petition is signed by ten percent (10%) of the school district electors or a recommendation by the board of education of the school district is made asking that the levies be made each fiscal year.

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of this resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ State Question No. _____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends the Oklahoma Constitution. It amends Sections 9 and 10 of Article 10. It affects certain school millage levies. The change is to the emergency levy, local support levy, and the building fund levy for school districts. It would allow each school district to decide to eliminate the need for an annual election for those levies. Once the levies are approved, the voters of the school district would also decide whether to allow them to continue from year to year. The vote on the levies would change only if a petition is signed or the board of education recommends an annual vote be taken.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The Secretary of State shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law,

the following proposed amendment to Section 8C of Article X of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma to read as follows:

Section 8C. A. Despite any provision to the contrary, beginning January 1, 1997, the fair cash value, as determined by law, on each homestead of an individual head of household whose gross household income from all sources for the preceding calendar year did not exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00), and which individual head of household is sixty-five (65) years of age or older, shall not exceed the fair cash value placed upon the property during the first year in which the individual head of household was sixty-five (65) years of age or older and had gross household income from all sources of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less. Subject to the limitations of this section, the fair cash value shall not exceed such amount as long as the individual head of household who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older owns and occupies the property and as long as the gross household income from all sources does not exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in any calendar year. If any improvements are made to the property, the fair cash value of the improvements shall be assessed in accordance with law by the county assessor and added to the assessed value of the property. Once the fair cash value of the improvements has been added to the fair cash value of the property, the total fair cash value shall not exceed the revised valuation of the property so long as the individual head of household who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older owns and occupies the property and so long as the gross household income from all sources does not exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in a calendar year. For any individual head of household who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older prior to January 1, 1997, and has gross household income from all sources of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less in calendar year 1996, the fair cash value of the real property shall be the fair

cash value placed upon the property on January 1, 1997. If the individual head of household ceases to own and occupy the property or if the gross household income from all sources exceeds Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in a calendar year, the fair cash value of the property shall be determined as if the provisions of Section 8 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma or any other provisions relating to a limitation on the fair cash value of locally assessed real property had been in effect during the time the property was valued pursuant to the provisions of this section.

B. Beginning January 1, 2001, gross household income from all sources as set forth in subsection A of this section shall be annually adjusted to reflect inflationary changes pursuant to the Consumer Price Index as determined by the United States Department of Labor. The annual adjustment shall be confirmed by the State Board of Equalization in accordance with this subsection during the annual meeting of the State Board of Equalization as set forth in paragraph 1 of Section 23 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. The State Board of Equalization shall send written notice of the adjustment to each county assessor.

SECTION 4. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION ___ of this resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ State Question No. _____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends the Oklahoma Constitution. It amends Section 8C of Article 10. It would adjust the maximum income level for any individual head of household who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older in order to qualify for the limit on the fair cash value of the homestead. The amount would be adjusted each year. The adjustments would be based on economic

changes as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The annual adjustment would be confirmed by the State Board of Equalization. Each county assessor would be notified of the adjustment. This measure would take effect on January 1, 2001.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 5. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after the passage of this resolution, shall prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Titles set forth in SECTIONS 2 and 4 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Passed the House of Representatives the 15th day of March, 2000.

Speaker of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 2000.

President of the Senate