STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 47th Legislature (1999)

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED

4 HOUSE BILL NO. 1289

By: Smith (Dale) and Reese of the House

and

Henry and Muegge of the

Senate

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CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to schools; amending 70 O.S. 1991, Section 24-102, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 350, O.S.L. 1997 (70 O.S. Supp. 1998, Section 24-102), which relates to pupil searches; providing immunity for certain school personnel for certain actions; providing construction of certain language; clarifying authority of school districts to adopt and enforce alcohol and drug testing policies; requiring alcohol and drug testing policies to conform to certain Act at certain time; authorizing Office of Juvenile Affairs to administer and award certain grants; requiring competitive process; requiring promulgation of certain rules; stating certain contingency for implementation of certain grant programs; enacting Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act; providing short title; providing definitions; providing construction of certain act; providing governance of certain student testing after certain date; exempting certain testing from certain act; authorizing and limiting drug and alcohol testing of public school students; authorizing random testing of certain students; authorizing scheduled, period testing of certain students participating in certain activities; authorizing reasonable suspicion testing of certain students under certain circumstances; stating requirements for certain testing after certain date; stating components of certain policy; requiring certain notice for certain policy change; requiring policy to have provision for certain confirming test; requiring certain notice for implementation of certain policy changes; requiring posting of certain policies; requiring distribution of certain policy to certain persons; stating times when certain testing can occur; requiring district to pay certain costs; requiring certain approval of certain testing products; stating qualifications of certain test administrators; requiring filing of certain statement; authorizing State Board of Health to promulgate certain rules; requiring certain laboratory facilities to meet certain qualifications after certain date; setting certain licensing fee;

Req. No. 7295

Page 1

authorizing administrative fine for certain offense; stating requirements for certain sample collection and handling; requiring certain chain of custody records; requiring district to maintain certain reports; making certain information confidential; authorizing certain disciplinary action on basis of certain tests and on basis of refusal to submit to certain tests; providing immunity for districts and employees under certain conditions; creating certain presumption; authorizing certain civil action; providing for injunctive relief; stating limitation; stating venue for certain actions; prohibiting certain testing program after certain date under certain conditions; authorizing continuation of certain testing programs until certain date; creating certain misdemeanor; providing punishment; providing for codification; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 1991, Section 24-102, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 350, O.S.L. 1997 (70 O.S. Supp. 1998, Section 24-102), is amended to read as follows:

Section 24-102. The superintendent, principal, teacher, or security personnel of any public school in the State of Oklahoma, upon reasonable suspicion, shall have the authority to detain and search or authorize the search, of any pupil or property in the possession of the pupil when said pupil is on any school premises, or while in transit under the authority of the school, or while attending any function sponsored or authorized by the school, for dangerous weapons, controlled dangerous substances, as defined in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, intoxicating beverages, low-point beer, as defined by Section 163.2 of Title 37 of the Oklahoma Statutes, wireless telecommunication devices or for missing or stolen property if said property be reasonably suspected to have been taken from a pupil, a school employee or the school during school activities. The search shall be conducted by a person of the same sex as the person being searched and shall be witnessed

by at least one other authorized person, said person to be of the same sex if practicable.

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The extent of any search conducted pursuant to this section shall be reasonably related to the objective of the search and not excessively intrusive in light of the age and sex of the student and the nature of the infraction. In no event shall a strip search of a student be allowed. No student's clothing, except cold weather outerwear, shall be removed prior to or during the conduct of any warrantless search.

The superintendent, principal, teacher, or security personnel searching or authorizing the search shall have authority to detain the pupil to be searched and to preserve any dangerous weapons, controlled dangerous substances, intoxicating beverages, low-point beer, wireless telecommunication devices or missing or stolen property that might be in the pupil's possession including the authority to authorize any other persons they deem necessary to restrain such pupil or to preserve any dangerous weapons, controlled dangerous substances, intoxicating beverages, low-point beer, wireless telecommunication devices or missing or stolen property. Students found to be in possession of such an item shall be subject to the provisions of Section $\frac{1}{2}$ 24-101.3 of this act title.

Pupils shall not have any reasonable expectation of privacy towards school administrators or teachers in the contents of a school locker, desk, or other school property. School personnel shall have access to school lockers, desks, and other school property in order to properly supervise the welfare of pupils. School lockers, desks, and other areas of school facilities may be opened and examined by school officials at any time and no reason shall be necessary for such search. Schools shall inform pupils in the student discipline code that they have no reasonable expectation of privacy rights towards school officials in school lockers, desks, or other school property. Any superintendent, principal, teacher or

security personnel detaining, searching or authorizing such

detention or search for drugs or alcohol shall have immunity from

civil liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a

result of such action.

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Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a school district from adopting and enforcing an alcohol- and/or drug-testing policy for all pupils or for pupils participating in extracurricular and cocurricular activities or programs provided but not required by the schools. Beginning September 1, 2000, all school alcohol- and drug-testing policies and programs must conform to the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act.

- SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The Office of Juvenile Affairs in consultation with the State Department of Education and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall be authorized to administer and award grants through a competitive process to any public school district that voluntarily submits a request and provides matching fund for drug testing/treatment of students. The grant requests and drug-testing policies that will be a part of any grant-funded programs shall be developed by the school district and evaluated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs in consultation with the State Department of Education and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.
- B. The Office of Juvenile Affairs in consultation with the State Department of Education and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services will promulgate rules to implement this program.
- C. The implementation of subsections A and B of this section is contingent upon the provision of redirected state funds made

available through the appropriations process or from the federal drug-free schools program or other sources.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.1 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Sections 3 through 19 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act".

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.2 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in this act:

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- "Administrator" means an administrator as defined in Section
 6-101.3 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 - 2. "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol or ethanol;
 - 3. "Board" means the State Board of Health;
- 4. "Confirmation test" means a drug or alcohol test on a sample to substantiate the results of a prior drug or alcohol test on the same sample and which uses different chemical principles and is of equal or greater accuracy than the prior drug or alcohol test;
 - 5. "Department" means the State Department of Health;
- 6. "Drug" means amphetamines, cannabinoids, cocaine, phencyclidine (PCP), hallucinogens, methaqualone, opiates, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, synthetic narcotics, designer drugs, or a metabolite of any of the substances listed herein;
- 7. "Drug or alcohol test" means a chemical test administered for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or its metabolites or alcohol in a person's bodily tissue, fluids or products;
- 8. "Good faith" means reasonable reliance on fact, or that which is held out to be factual, without the intent to deceive or be deceived and without reckless or malicious disregard for the truth;

9. "On-site alcohol test" means a test that is easily portable and that can meet the federal Department of Transportation quidelines for an initial alcohol test;

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- 10. "On-site drug test" means a drug test that is easily portable and can be administered in a location outside a laboratory such as a school site and that meets the requirements of the federal Food and Drug Administration for commercial distribution and can meet generally accepted cutoff levels such as those in the Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Program;
- 11. "Random selection basis" means a mechanism for selecting students for drug or alcohol testing that:
 - a. results in an equal probability that any student from among the students subject to the selection mechanism will be selected, and
 - b. does not give a school employee discretion to waive the selection of any student selected under the mechanism;
- 12. "Reasonable suspicion" means a belief that a student is using or has used drugs or alcohol in violation of the district's written policy drawn from specific objective and articulable facts and reasonable inferences drawn from those facts in light of experience, and may be based upon, among other things:
 - a. observable phenomena, such as:
 - (1) the physical symptoms or manifestations of being under the influence of a drug or alcohol while at school or participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular activity, or
 - (2) the direct observation of drug or alcohol use while at school or participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular activity,
 - b. a report of drug or alcohol use while at school or participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular

activity, provided by reliable and credible sources and which has been independently corroborated,

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- c. evidence that a student has tampered with, or caused another person to tamper with, a drug or alcohol test administered pursuant to this act, or
- d. evidence that a student is involved in the use, possession, sale, solicitation or transfer of drugs while on school premises, while in transit under the authority of the school, or while attending any function sponsored or authorized by the school;
- 13. "Review officer" means a person, qualified by the State
 Board of Health, who is responsible for receiving results from a
 testing facility which have been generated by a school district's
 drug- or alcohol-testing program, and who has knowledge and training
 to interpret and evaluate a student's test results together with the
 student's medical history and any other relevant information;
- 14. "Sample" means tissue, fluid or product of the human body chemically capable of revealing the presence of drugs or alcohol in the human body;
- 15. "Student" means a person who is enrolled in a public school in this state; and
- 16. "Testing facility" means any person, including any laboratory, hospital, clinic or facility, either off or on school premises, which provides laboratory services to test for the presence of drugs or alcohol in the human body, and excluding a person whose training and certification are limited to on-site testing for purposes of this act.
- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.3 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Req. No. 7295

A. The Standards for the School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act shall not be construed as requiring or encouraging schools to conduct drug or alcohol testing.

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- B. Except as provided in subsection C of this section, school districts that choose to conduct drug or alcohol testing of students after September 1, 2000, shall be governed by the provisions of this act and the rules promulgated for its implementation.
- C. Drug or alcohol testing required by and conducted pursuant to federal law or regulation shall be exempt from the provisions of the Standards for the School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act and the rules promulgated for its implementation.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.4 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

School districts that choose to conduct drug or alcohol testing may request or require student to undergo testing under only the following circumstances:

- 1. Applicant or participant testing: A school administrator may request or require a student who applies to participate in any extracurricular or cocurricular activity or any student who is participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular activity to undergo drug or alcohol testing on a random or scheduled, periodic basis as defined and authorized in this act, provided that such testing does not violate the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C., Section 12101 et seq., and provided that such testing is required for all students who apply to participate or who are participating in such activity;
- 2. Random testing: Any student may be requested by an administrator to undergo drug or alcohol testing on a random selection basis if the testing is part of the district's written policy and meets the requirements for random selection set forth in this act. Random testing may be on a district-wide or school site-

wide basis or may be applied only to students who have applied to participate or who are participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular activity;

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- 3. Scheduled, periodic testing: A student who is participating in an extracurricular or cocurricular activity may be requested by an administrator to undergo drug or alcohol testing if the test is scheduled routinely for all students who are participating in such activity and the district's written policy includes a requirement for such testing;
- 4. Reasonable suspicion testing: An administrator may request or require a student to undergo drug or alcohol testing if the administrator has a reasonable suspicion that the student has violated the district's written policy on drug and alcohol use.
- SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.5 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. On or after September 1, 2000, no school district may request or require a student to undergo drug or alcohol testing unless the school district has first adopted a written, detailed policy setting forth the specifics of its drug- or alcohol-testing program. The written policy shall be uniformly applied to those covered by the policy and shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
- A statement of the district's policy respecting drug or alcohol use by students;
 - 2. Students or student groups that are subject to testing;
- 3. Circumstances under which testing may be requested or required;
- 4. Substances which may be tested, including the brand or common name, if any, and the chemical name of any drug or its metabolite to be tested;

- 5. Testing methods and collection procedures to be used, including whether on-site tests will be administered;
 - 6. Consequences of refusing to undergo testing;

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- 7. Potential adverse action which may be taken or sanctions which may be imposed as a result of a positive test result;
- 8. The rights of a student to explain, in confidence, the test results;
- 9. Requirement for referral to a substance abuse counseling, treatment or rehabilitation program as required in this act and procedures for such referral;
- 10. The rights of a student to obtain all information and records related to the student's testing;
 - 11. Confidentiality requirements; and
 - 12. The available appeal procedures, remedies and sanctions.
- B. A district may require either on-site testing or testing at a facility licensed pursuant to this act for an initial drug or alcohol test. The district policy shall clearly state which of the two methods shall be used. A district may alternate between on-site testing and testing at a facility only upon a change in policy and after notification of the policy change as required in subsections D and E of this section.
- C. Drug or alcohol testing governed by the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act shall not be requested or required of a student by a school district unless the district's policy includes a requirement that a student who tests positive, or whose test result is confirmed by a second test if a second test is requested by the student or parent or guardian, shall be referred to an in-school or other program for substance abuse counseling, treatment or rehabilitation.
- D. A district that is implementing a drug- or alcohol-testing policy for the first time, or is implementing changes to its policy, shall provide at least thirty (30) days' notice to students and

parents or guardians prior to implementation of the policy or changes to the policy.

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- E. The district shall post a copy of the drug or alcohol testing policy, and any changes to the policy, in a prominent student access area at the school site and shall give a copy of the policy, and any changes to the policy, to each student.
- SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.6 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Any drug or alcohol testing by a school district shall occur during or immediately after the regular school day or during or immediately before or after an extracurricular or cocurricular activity.
- B. The school district shall pay all costs of testing for drugs or alcohol required by the district, including confirmation tests required by this act and the cost of transportation if the testing of a student is conducted at a place other than the school site where the student regularly attends. It is permissible for school districts to fund these costs out of existing federal drug-free school funds as available. Provided, however, a student or parent or guardian who requests a retest of a sample in order to challenge the results of a positive test shall pay all costs of the retest, unless the retest reverses the findings of the challenged positive test. In such case, the district shall reimburse the student or parent or guardian for the costs of the retest.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.7 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A school district that includes on-site drug and alcohol tests of students as part of the district's drug- and alcohol-testing policy shall use only products approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for commercial distribution and alcohol

tests approved under the federal Department of Transportation guidelines for an initial alcohol test and shall use the products in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. On-site testing under this act shall be conducted only by a test administrator who is certified or trained as provided in this act. A district may designate employees for training and certification, may authorize trained and certified employees to collect samples and conduct onsite drug and alcohol tests, or may contract for the services of a trained and certified on-site test administrator.

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- B. If a district administers on-site drug or alcohol tests, the district shall ensure that each person administering on-site tests had received training and meets the qualifications of this act. An on-site test administrator shall:
- 1. Be trained on the proper procedure for administering the test and accurate evaluation of on-site test results;
- 2. Be certified in writing by the State Board of Health as competent to administer and evaluate the on-site test;
- 3. Be trained to recognize adulteration of a sample to be used in on-site testing; and
- 4. Sign a statement that clearly states that the on-site test administrator shall hold confidential all information related to any phase of a test in accordance with this act.
- C. The Board shall have the power and the duty to promulgate, prescribe, amend and repeal rules governing the training of district employees or other persons who are responsible for collecting and testing samples. The training shall include preparation of the collection site, the collection of samples, the examination of samples to detect any tampering or adulteration, test administration, proper labeling of samples, and preservation of the chain of custody of samples.
- D. No later than October 1 of each year, a district using onsite tests shall file with the State Department of Health a

statement signed by the superintendent certifying that to the best of the superintendent's knowledge:

- 1. The tests are being administered according to the federal Food and Drug Administration package insert that accompanies the test; or
- 2. The tests are being administered according to the instructions of the manufacturers;

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- 3. The district has adopted a policy in accordance with the Board's rules:
 - 4. Chain of custody procedures are being followed; and
 - 5. Persons administering on-site tests are trained and certified in the use of the tests according to the Board's rules.
 - SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.8 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The State Board of Health shall have the power and duty to promulgate, prescribe, amend and repeal rules for the licensure and regulation of testing facilities to be used for purposes of the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act and for the establishment and regulation of minimum testing standards and procedures to be applied for purposes of the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Qualifications of testing facilities which shall include the requirement that facilities doing urine analysis for initial or confirmation tests either be certified for forensic urine drug testing pursuant to guidelines or regulations of the federal Department of Health and Human Services or be accredited for forensic urine drug testing by the College of American Pathologists or other organizations recognized by the State Board of Health;
 - 2. Qualifications of testing facility personnel;

- 3. Body component samples that are appropriate for drug and alcohol testing;
- 4. The drugs in addition to marihuana, cocaine, opiates, amphetamines and phencyclidine, and their metabolites, for which testing may be conducted;
- 5. Methods of analysis and internal quality control procedures to ensure reliable test results;
 - 6. Internal review and certification process for test results;
 - 7. Security measures to preclude adulteration;
 - 8. Chain-of-custody procedures;
- 9. Retention and storage procedures and durations to ensure availability of samples for retesting;
 - 10. Procedures for ensuring confidentiality of test results;
 - 11. Proficiency testing;
- 12. Training and qualifications of review officers which shall include, but not be limited to, licensure to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine or holding a doctorate in clinical chemistry, forensic toxicology, or a similar biomedical science;
 - 13. Training and qualifications of collection site personnel;
- 14. Sample collection procedures that ensure the privacy of the individual and prevent and detect tampering with the sample; and
- 15. Sample documentation, storage and transportation to the testing facility.
- B. The rules promulgated by the State Board of Health pursuant to the provisions of this act shall in all applicable respects be consistent with any federal laws and regulations for drug and alcohol testing in schools and shall include safeguards, standards and procedures not less stringent than those applicable to the Standards for Workplace Drug and Alcohol Testing Act, Sections 551, et seq. of Title 40 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

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SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.9 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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- A. On and after September 1, 2000, no testing facility shall provide laboratory services to a school district to test for the presence or absence of drugs or alcohol unless it meets the qualifications established for testing facilities pursuant to this act and is licensed by the State Department of Health to perform such tests. The State Board of Health shall promulgate rules relating to the issuance of such license, including rules governing license revocation, suspension and nonrenewal.
- B. The fees for licensure of testing facilities by the State Department of Health shall be set by the State Board of Health and shall not be more than One Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$150.00) annually.
- C. Any testing facility providing laboratory services to a school district to test for the evidence of drugs or alcohol which is not licensed by the State Department of Health pursuant to this section shall be subject to an administrative fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each offense. Each test performed by the unlicensed testing facility in violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.
- SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.10 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- All sample collection and testing for drugs and alcohol pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be conducted in accordance with the following conditions:
- 1. Samples shall be collected and tested only by individuals deemed qualified by the State Board of Health and may be collected on the premises of the school site;
- 2. Only samples deemed appropriate by the State Board of Health for drug and alcohol testing shall be collected;

3. The collection of samples shall be performed under reasonable and sanitary conditions;

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- 4. A sample shall be collected in sufficient quantity for splitting into two separate specimens, pursuant to rules of the State Board of Health, to provide for any subsequent independent analysis in the event of challenge of the test results of the main specimen;
- 5. Samples shall be collected and tested with due regard to the privacy of the individual being tested. In the instances of urinalysis, no school district employee shall directly observe an student in the process of producing a urine sample; provided, however, collection shall be in a manner reasonably calculated to prevent substitutions or interference with the collection or testing of reliable samples;
- 6. Sample collection shall be documented, and the documentation procedures shall include:
 - a. labeling of samples so as reasonably to preclude the probability of erroneous identification of test results, and
 - b. an opportunity for the student or parent or guardian to provide notification of any information which the student or parent or guardian considers relevant to the test, including identification of currently or recently used prescription or nonprescription drugs, or other relevant information;
- 7. Sample collection and storage, on-site tests, and transportation to the testing facility shall be performed so as reasonably to preclude the probability of sample contamination or adulteration;
- 8. Sample testing shall conform to scientifically accepted analytical methods and procedures. If confirmation is requested, testing shall include gas chromatography, gas chromatography-mass

spectroscopy, or an equivalent scientifically accepted method of equal or greater accuracy as approved by Board rule, at the cutoff levels as determined by Board rule; and

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- 9. A written record of the chain of custody of the sample shall be maintained from the time of the collection of the sample until the sample is no longer required.
- SECTION 13. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.11 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. School districts shall maintain all drug- and alcohol-test results and related information, including, but not limited to, interviews, reports, statements and memoranda, as confidential records, separate from other student records. Unless such records are ordered released pursuant to a valid court order, such records, including the records of the testing facility, shall not be used in any criminal proceeding, or any civil or administrative proceeding, except in those actions taken by the district or in any action involving the student and the district. The records may be released to a program to which a student is referred by the district for substance abuse counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation.
- B. The records described in subsection A of this section and maintained by the district shall be the property of the district and, upon the request of the tested student or parent or guardian, shall be made available for inspection and copying to the student or parent or guardian. Unless acting pursuant to a valid court order or pursuant to authorization on this act, a district shall not release such records to any person other than the student or parent or guardian, unless the student or parent or guardian, in writing following receipt of the test results, has expressly granted permission for the district to release such records.
- C. A person performing on-site tests, a testing facility, or any agent, representative or designee of the facility, or any review

officer, shall not disclose to any person or entity, based on the analysis of a sample collected from a student for the purpose of testing for the presence of drugs or alcohol, any information relating to:

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- 1. The general health, pregnancy or other physical or mental condition of the student; or
- 2. The presence of any drug other than the drug or its metabolites that the district requested be identified and for which a medically acceptable explanation of the positive result, other than the use of drugs, has not been forthcoming from the student or parent or guardian.

Provided, however, a district using on-site tests or a testing facility shall release the results of the drug or alcohol test, and any analysis and information related thereto, to the student or parent or guardian of the student who was tested upon request of the student or parent or guardian.

- SECTION 14. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.12 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. If a student tests positive on an initial test, an administrator may prevent the student from participating in extracurricular or cocurricular activities until the results of a confirmation test, if requested, are obtained.
- B. If the student refuses to undergo testing, if no confirmation is requested following an initial positive test result, or if a confirmation test shows the initial positive result was accurate, an administrator may take disciplinary action in accordance with the district's disciplinary policy. Except for denial of participation in an extracurricular activity or cocurricular activity, a district may take no action against a student based on an initial positive test result if a confirmation test has been requested by the student or a parent or guardian

unless the test result has been confirmed by a second test using gas
chromatography, gas chromatography-mass spectroscopy, or an
equivalent scientifically accepted method of equal or greater
accuracy as approved by rule of the State Board of Health, at the
cutoff levels determined by Board rule.

SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.13 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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- A. If a school district has established a drug- or alcoholtesting program pursuant to this act, a person may not bring an action for damages against the district or a district employee or agent for:
- 1. Actions in good faith based on the results of a positive onsite drug or alcohol test;
- 2. Failure to test for drugs or alcohol or failure to test for a specific drug or another controlled substance;
- 3. Failure to test for, or if tested failure to detect, a specific medical condition or a mental, emotional, or psychological disorder or condition.
- B. A person may not bring an action for damages based on test results against a district or a district employee or agent of a district that has established and implemented a drug- or alcoholtesting program pursuant to this act unless the action was based on a false positive test result and the district employee or agent knew or clearly should have known that the result was in error and ignored the true test result because of reckless or malicious disregard for the truth or the willful intent to deceive or be deceived.
- C. There is a rebuttable presumption that the test result was valid if the district and its employees or agents complied with the provisions of this act.

D. The district and its agents and employees will not be liable for monetary damages if the reliance on a false positive test result was reasonable and in good faith.

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- E. A person may not bring an action for damages against a district or a district employee or agent for an action taken related to a false negative on-site drug or alcohol test if the test is conducted in accordance with this act.
- SECTION 16. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.14 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Any student or parent or guardian aggrieved by a willful violation of the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction within two (2) years of the person's discovery of the alleged willful violation or of the exhaustion of any internal administrative remedies available to the person. Failure to institute action within two (2) years shall bar the person from obtaining the relief provided for in subsection B of this section.
- B. Any action for damages brought pursuant to this act against a school district or school employee or agent must be brought pursuant to the Governmental Tort Claims Act in the county where the district board of education office is located.
- C. A student, parent, or guardian may seek injunctive or declaratory relief in the district court in the county where the district board of education is located.
- SECTION 17. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.15 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- On and after September 1, 2000, no school district shall implement a drug- or alcohol-testing program unless the program is in compliance with the provisions of this act and the rules promulgated for its implementation. A school district drug- or

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2000, shall be in compliance with the provisions of this act and the
 2
    rules promulgated for its implementation no later than September 1,
 3
    2000.
 4
        SECTION 18.
                        NEW LAW
                                     A new section of law to be codified
    in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.16 of Title 70, unless
 6
    there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 7
        Any person who willfully and knowingly violates the provisions
 8
 9
    of the Standards for School Drug and Alcohol Testing Act shall be
    guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, punishable by a fine
1 0
    of not less than One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) nor more than Five
1 1
12
    Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00) or imprisonment in the county jail for
    not more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
13
        SECTION 19.
                        NEW LAW
                                    A new section of law to be codified
14
15
    in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 24-160.17 of Title 70, unless
    there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
16
17
        The State Board of Health shall adopt rules necessary to
    implement this act no later than March 1, 2000. The Board of Health
18
19
    shall provide the rules and necessary interpretive policy statements
20
    to the State Department of Education no later than March 15, 2000,
21
    for distribution to the school districts. Amendments to the rules
2.2
    and interpretive statements shall be provided to the State
23
    Department of Education in a timely manner for distribution to the
    school districts.
24
25
        SECTION 20. Sections 3 through 18 of this act shall become
26
    effective September 1, 2000.
27
        SECTION 21. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
28
    of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby
29
    declared to exist, by reason whereof this resolution shall take
30
    effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
31
32
        47-1-7295
                       MCD
                               6/11/15
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alcohol-testing program which is in effect prior to September 1,

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