By: Easley of the Senate and Glover of the House

[ electric utilities - Electric Restructuring Act of 1997 - Joint Electric Utility Task Force -Corporation Commission emergency ]

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 1991, Section 21-121, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 245, O.S.L. 1992 (11 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 21-121), is amended to read as follows:

Section 21-121. Except as provided in this section, or as provided in subsection (k) of Section 437.2 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, municipal corporations or public trusts thereof, or rural electric cooperatives <u>or investor-owned electric utilities</u> shall not furnish retail electric service to an electric consuming facility which is currently being served, or which was being served and the electric facilities are in place to render such a service, by a municipal corporation or public trust thereof  $\Theta _{F_{i}}$  a rural electric cooperative, <u>or an investor owned electric utility</u> unless the majority of the governing boards of the entities involved have agreed by mutual consent, in writing, to such transaction. For purposes of this section, the term "electric consuming facility" means everything that utilizes electric energy from a central station source. SECTION 2. AMENDATORY Section 3, Chapter 162, O.S.L. 1997 (17 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 190.3), is amended to read as follows:

Section 190.3 As used in the Electric Restructuring Act of 1997:

1. "Commission" means the Corporation Commission;

2. "Consumer" means a person or entity purchasing or seeking to purchase electric energy for other than resale;

3. "Direct access consumer" means a consumer who chooses to procure retail electric energy supply and related services directly from the competitive market rather than through a retail electric service <u>provider distributor</u>;

4. <u>"Electric consuming facility" means everything that utilizes</u> electric energy from a central station source;

5. "Electric distribution system" means the physical system of wires, poles, and other equipment designed to deliver electricity to the ultimate consumer for consumption, excluding generation and transmission facilities;

5. <u>6.</u> "Independent system operator" means an independent entity, not owned or controlled <u>in any manner</u> by an entity which owns generation, transmission, or distribution facilities. The purpose of which is to coordinate the physical security and stability of the Oklahoma bulk power system;

6. 7. "Permanent electric facility" means those electric facilities constructed or contracted for, to provide permanent and continuous retail electric distribution service to an electric consuming facility, as defined by this section, and typically includes transformation from primary to secondary voltage, service drop, meter base and meter. Permanent electric facilities do not include construction power made available through temporary facilities during construction of an electric consuming facility unless a contract for permanent electric service has been executed; <u>8.</u> "Public benefit programs" means all social, economic and environmental programs currently funded through rates charged to consumers receiving electric service in the State of Oklahoma;

7. 9. "Retail electric energy supplier" means any entity which sells retail electric energy to consumers;

8. 10. "Retail electric service distributor" means any firm, corporation, company, individual or their trustees, lessees or receivers, or cooperative corporation or agency, engaged in the furnishing of retail electric services in this state, exclusive of municipal corporations, or beneficial trusts thereof and the Grand River Dam Authority. Any municipal corporation or beneficial trust thereof or the Grand River Dam Authority may, through its own nonrevocable election, voluntarily become subject to the provisions of this act and thus come within the definition of a "retail electric service <u>provider</u> <u>distributor</u>" by submitting to the Commission a certificate from its governing board stating the utility has elected voluntarily to become subject to the provisions of this act; and

9. <u>11.</u> "Transmission line" means the physical system designed to transport bulk electricity between generators and electric distribution systems.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY Section 4, Chapter 162, O.S.L. 1997 (17 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 190.4), is amended to read as follows:

Section 190.4 <u>A.</u> To ensure an orderly and equitable restructuring of the electric utility industry in this state and achieve the goals outlined in Section 2 <u>190.2</u> of this <del>act</del> <u>title</u>, the Legislature hereby directs the <u>Corporation Commission</u> <u>Joint Electric</u> <u>Utility Task Force</u> to undertake a study of all relevant issues relating to restructuring the electric utility industry in this state including, but not limited to, those issues set forth in this section, and develop a proposed electric utility industry

restructuring framework for the State of Oklahoma under the direction of the Joint Electric Utility Task Force herein created. The Commission Joint Electric Utility Task Force shall address appropriate steps to achieve an orderly transition to a competitive market and may include in addition to the directives in this act other provisions as the Commission task force shall deem necessary and appropriate to expedite the transition to full consumer choice. Provided The Corporation Commission shall assist the task force in achieving the goals outlined in the Electric Restructuring Act of 1997; provided, however, during the transition period to full consumer choice, the Corporation Commission is expressly prohibited from promulgating any rules or issuing any orders relating to the restructuring of Oklahoma's electric utility industry without prior express authorization by the Oklahoma State Legislature.

<u>B.</u> It is the intent of the Legislature that the following principles and directives be adhered to  $\frac{by}{by}$  the Commission in developing a framework for a restructured industry:

1. Reliability and safety. Appropriate rules shall be promulgated, in accordance with the provisions of this act, ensuring that reliable and safe electric service is maintained.

2. Competition. Competitive markets are to be encouraged to the greatest extent possible. Regulation should serve as a substitute only in those circumstances where competition cannot provide results that serve the best interests of all consumers. $\cdot$ 

3. Consumer choice. Consumers shall be allowed to choose among retail electric energy suppliers to help ensure fully competitive and innovative markets. A process should be established whereby all retail consumers are permitted to choose their retail electric energy suppliers by July 1, 2002. Consumer choice means that retail electric consumers shall be allowed to purchase different levels and quality of electric supply from a variety of retail electric energy suppliers and that every seller of electric generation in the retail market shall have nondiscriminatory open access to the electric distribution system of every retail electric service distributor, subject to this act. The Commission should ensure that consumer confusion will be minimized and consumers will be well informed about changes resulting from restructuring and increased choice  $-\frac{i}{2}$ 

4. Regulation and unbundling of services. Entities which own both transmission and distribution, as well as generation facilities, shall not be allowed to use any monopoly position in these services as a barrier to competition. Generation services may be subject to minimal regulation and shall be functionally separated from transmission and distribution services, which services shall remain regulated. All retail electric energy suppliers shall be required to meet certain minimum standards designed to ensure reliability and financial integrity, and be registered with the Commission-;

5. Unbundling of rates. When consumer choice is introduced, rates shall be unbundled to provide clear price information on the components of generation, transmission and distribution and any other ancillary charges. Electric bills for all classes shall be unbundled, utilizing line itemization to reveal the various component cost of providing electrical services. Charges for public benefit programs currently authorized by statute or the Commission, or both, shall be unbundled and appear in line item format on electric bills for all classes of consumers-<u>;</u>

6. Open access to transmission and distribution facilities. Consumer access to alternative suppliers of electricity requires open access to the transmission grid and the distribution system. Comparability shall be assured for retail electric energy suppliers competing with affiliates of entities supplying transmission and distribution services. The Commission shall monitor companies providing transmission and distribution services and take necessary

measures to ensure that no supplier of such services has an unfair advantage in offering and pricing such services $\pm$ ;

7. Obligation to connect and establishment of firm service territories. An entity providing distribution services shall be relieved of its traditional obligation to provide electric supply but shall have a continuing obligation to provide distribution service for all consumers in its service territory. As part of the restructuring process firm service territories shall be fixed by a date certain, if not currently established by law in order to avoid wasteful duplication of distribution facilities-*;* 

8. Independent system planning committee. The benefits associated with implementing an independent system planning committee composed of owners of electric distribution systems to develop and maintain planning and reliability criteria for distribution facilities shall be evaluated.;

9. Consumer safeguards. Minimum residential consumer service safeguards and protections shall be ensured including programs and mechanisms that enable residential consumers with limited incomes to obtain affordable essential electric service, and the establishment of a default provider or providers for any distribution customer who has not chosen an alternative retail electric energy supplier.

10. Establishment of a transition period. A defined period for the transition to a restructured electric utility industry shall be established. The transition period shall reflect a suitable time frame for full compliance with the requirements of a restructured utility industry-;

11. Rates for service. Electric rates for all consumer classes shall not rise above current levels throughout the transition period. If possible, electric rates for all consumers shall be lowered when feasible as markets become more efficient in a restructured industry-;

12. Establishment of a distribution access fee. The Commission task force shall consider the establishment of a distribution access fee to be assessed to all consumers in the State of Oklahoma connected to electric distribution systems regulated by the Corporation Commission. This fee shall be charged to cover social costs, capital costs, operating costs, and other appropriate costs associated with the operation of electric distribution systems and the provision of electric service to the retail consumer-i

13. Recovery of stranded costs. Electric utilities have traditionally had an obligation to provide service to consumers within their established service territories and have entered into contracts, long-term investments and federally mandated cogeneration contracts to meet the needs of consumers. These investments and contracts have resulted in costs which may not be recoverable in a competitive restructured market and thus may be "stranded". Procedures shall be established for identifying and quantifying stranded investments and for allocating costs and mechanisms shall be proposed for recovery of an appropriate amount of prudently incurred, unmitigable and verifiable stranded costs and investments. As part of this process, each entity shall be required to propose a recovery plan which establishes its unmitigable and verifiable stranded costs and investments and a limited recovery period designed to recover such costs expeditiously, provided that the recovery period and the amount of qualified transition costs shall yield a transition charge which shall not cause the total price for electric power, including transmission and distribution services, for any consumer to exceed the cost per kilowatt-hour paid on the effective date of this act April 25, 1997 during the transition period. The transition charge shall be applied to all consumers including direct access consumers, and shall not disadvantage one class of consumer or supplier over another, nor

impede competition and shall be allocated over a period of not less than three (3) years nor more than seven (7) years  $\pm$ ; and

14. Transition costs. It is the intent that all <u>All</u> transition costs shall be recovered by virtue of the savings generated by the increased efficiency in markets brought about by restructuring of the electric utility industry. All classes of consumers shall share in the transition costs.

<u>C.</u> The study of all relevant issues related to electric industry restructuring shall be divided into four parts, as follows: independent system operator issues, technical issues, financial issues and consumer issues. <u>All studies created pursuant to this</u> <u>section shall be conducted under the direction of the Joint Electric</u> <u>Utility Task Force. The task force shall direct the Corporation</u> <u>Commission, the Oklahoma Tax Commission, any other state agency or</u> <u>consultant as necessary to assist the task force in the completion</u> <u>of such studies.</u>

a. <u>1.</u> The Commission shall commence the study of independent system operator issues no later than July 1, 1997, and provide a final report to the Joint Electric Utility Task Force no later than February 1, 1998. Such report shall be in writing and shall make recommendations as the Commission deems necessary and appropriate regarding the establishment of an independent system operator in the State of Oklahoma or the appropriate region.

b. 2. No later than January 1, 1998, the Commission Joint Electric Utility Task Force shall commence the study of technical issues related to the restructuring of the electric utility industry. Such study shall include, but is not limited to, the examination of:

1. a. reliability and safety+,

2. <u>b.</u> unbundling of generation, transmission and distribution services;

3. <u>c.</u> market power;

- 4. d. open access to transmission and distribution+,
- 5. <u>e.</u> transition issues+<u>,</u> and
- 6. <u>f.</u> any other technical issues the Commission <u>task force</u> deems appropriate.

A final report shall be provided to <u>completed by</u> the Joint Electric Utility Task Force no later than <u>December 31, 1998</u> <u>October</u> <u>1, 1999</u>. Such report shall be in writing and shall include such recommendations as the Commission deems necessary and appropriate.

c. <u>3.</u> No later than January 1, 1999 July 1, 1998, the Commission <u>task force</u> shall commence the study of financial issues related to restructuring of the electric utility industry. Such study shall include, but is not limited to, the examination of:

- 1. <u>a.</u> rates and charges;
- 2. b. access and transition costs and fees+.
- 3. <u>c.</u> stranded costs and their recovery+<u>,</u>

4. d. stranded benefits and their funding;

- 5. e. municipal financing+,
- 6. <u>f.</u> cooperative financing+,
- 7. g. investor-owned utility financing; and

8. <u>h.</u> any other financial issues the <del>Commission</del> <u>task force</u> deems appropriate.

A final report shall be <del>provided to</del> <u>completed by</u> the Joint Electric Utility Task Force no later than <del>December 31, 1999</del> <u>October</u> <u>1, 1999</u>. Such report shall be in writing and shall make recommendations as the Commission deems necessary and appropriate.

d. <u>4.</u> No later than July 1,1999 <u>September 1, 1998</u>, the <u>Commission</u> Joint Electric Utility Task Force shall commence the study of consumer issues related to restructuring of the electric utility industry. Such study shall include, but is not limited to, the examination of:

1. a. service territories;,

2. b. the obligation to serve + .

- 3. <u>c.</u> the obligation to connect;
- 4. <u>d.</u> consumer safeguards+,
- 5. <u>e.</u> rates for regulated services
- 6. <u>f.</u> consumer choices+,
- 7. g. competition+,
- 8. <u>h.</u> licensing of retail electric energy suppliers; and 9. <u>i.</u> any other consumer issues the Commission task force

finds appropriate.

A final report shall be <del>provided to</del> <u>completed by</u> the Joint Electric Utility Task Force no later than <del>August 31, 2000</del> <u>October 1,</u> <u>1999</u>. Such report shall be in writing and shall make

## recommendations as necessary and appropriate.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY Section 5, Chapter 162, O.S.L. 1997 (17 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 190.5), is amended to read as follows:

Section 190.5 A. To ensure full evaluation and consideration of the impact of restructuring of the electric utility industry on state tax revenues the Legislature hereby directs the Oklahoma Tax Commission Joint Electric Utility Task Force to study and fully assess the impact of restructuring on state tax revenues and all other facets of the current utility tax structure both on the state and all other political subdivisions of the state. The task force shall direct the Oklahoma Tax Commission to assist the task force in completion of this study. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is hereby authorized to retain such consultants and experts as may be necessary to complete this study. The study shall include the feasibility of establishing a uniform consumption tax or other method of taxation which may be applied in a restructured industry. Provided, however, A final report shall be completed by the task force no later than October 1, 1999. During the transition period prior to full consumer choice, the Oklahoma Tax Commission is expressly prohibited from promulgating any rule or issuing any order

relating to methods of taxation to be applied to a restructured electric industry without prior express authorization by the Oklahoma State Legislature or the Joint Electric Utility Task Force. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall report all findings and submit all proposals to the Joint Electric Utility Task Force no later than December 31, 1998.

<u>B.</u> Notwithstanding any other provisions contained in this act, in the event a uniform tax policy which allows all competitors to be taxed on a fair and equal basis has not been established on or before July 1, 2002, the effective date for implementing customer choice shall be extended until such time as a uniform tax policy has been established.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY Section 6, Chapter 162, O.S.L. 1997, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 398, O.S.L. 1997 (17 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 190.6), is amended to read as follows:

Section 190.6 A. There is hereby created a <u>the</u> Joint Electric Utility Task Force which shall be composed of fourteen (14) members of the Oklahoma Legislature, seven each to be selected by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The chair of the task force shall be the chair of the Senate Energy, Environmental Resources and Regulatory Affairs Committee and the vice-chair of the task force shall be the chair of the House Energy, Environment and Natural Resources Committee.

B. The chair or vice-chair shall record the members present at each meeting of the task force. If any member is absent from two consecutive meetings, the position of such member may be declared vacant and the position reappointed by the original appointing authority.

C. A majority of the members serving on the task force shall constitute a quorum. The task force shall meet at such times and places as it deems necessary to perform its duties as specified herein. Meetings shall be at the call of the chair. D. The task force may appoint advisory councils made up of representatives of various utility companies, regulatory agencies, industrial and residential consumers or any other persons as needed to advise the task force in any matter they deem to be appropriate and necessary.

E. Members of the task force shall be reimbursed by their appointing authorities for necessary travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties in accordance with Section 456 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Advisory council members appointed pursuant to this section shall not be authorized to claim travel expenses.

F. The Senate and the House of Representatives shall provide such staff support as is required by the task force and shall be authorized to employ any legal counsel, independent consultants, or other persons as necessary and approved by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

G. The duties of the task force shall be to direct and oversee the studies by the Corporation Commission and the Oklahoma Tax Commission as provided for in Sections 4 190.4 and 5 190.5 of this act title and may include, but shall not be limited to, any duties previously authorized by Enrolled Senate Joint Resolution No. 29 of the 1st Session of the 45th Oklahoma Legislature and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 37 of the 2nd Session of the 45th Oklahoma Legislature and any other duties required to carry out the provisions and directives of this act. The task force may make final recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature. The Legislature shall review any reports developed by the Corporation Commission or the Oklahoma Tax Commission, in conjunction with the Joint Electric Utility Task Force, during the 2nd Session of the 46th Oklahoma Legislature. Final authority relating to the implementation of any recommended statutory revisions shall reside with the Legislature.

The Joint Electric Utility Task Force is hereby authorized Η. to retain such consultants and experts as may be necessary to study the creation of an Independent System Operator (ISO) which would coordinate the physical supply of electricity throughout the state and maintain reliability security and stability of the bulk power -In addition, such study shall assess the benefits of system. establishing a Power Exchange which would operate as a power pool allowing power producers to compete on common ground in the State of Oklahoma. All studies and recommendations relating to the creation of an independent system operator shall be submitted to the Joint Electric Utility Task Force on or before February 1, 1998, and shall conform to the principles set forth in Order No. 888 of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission direct and coordinate the studies identified in Sections 190.4 and 190.5 of this title.

I. The task force shall remain in effect and operate as herein directed until its termination which shall be no later than January 1, 2003. The task force may elect, by majority vote, to terminate its operations at an earlier date if it deems such action appropriate.

SECTION 6. AMENDATORY Section 7, Chapter 162, O.S.L. 1997 (17 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 190.7), is amended to read as follows:

Section 190.7 As between electric <u>A. Electric</u> distribution providers governed by the Retail Electric Supplier Certified Territory Act, Section 158.21 et seq. of Title 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes, there or municipal corporations or beneficial trusts thereof owning or operating a retail electric distribution system shall not be customer switching furnish retail electric service to an electric consuming facility which is currently being served; or which was being served and the permanent electric facilities are in place to render such service, by a municipal corporation or beneficial trust thereof, a rural electric cooperative or an <u>investor owned electric utility</u> from the date of the enactment of this act April 25, 1997 until full implementation of retail choice, July 1, 2002, except by mutual consent of all affected parties unless the entities involved have agreed by mutual consent, in writing, to such transaction. For the purpose of this section, "electric distribution providers" shall mean the same as "electric service distributors" as defined by Section 190.3 of this title.

<u>B.</u> Any municipal corporation or beneficial trust thereof offering retail electric distribution service from a municipally <u>or</u> <u>trust</u> owned electric distribution system that decides not to participate in the provisions of this act as outlined in Section <del>3</del> <u>190.3</u> of this <del>act</del> <u>title</u> shall be prohibited from extending retail electric distribution service beyond its corporate limits with the exception that it may continue to offer retail electric distribution service from lines it owned on the effective date of this act <u>April</u> <u>25, 1997.</u>

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 190.8 of Title 17, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Any person, firm, association, government agency, authority, cooperative, corporation or any affiliate thereof seeking to use electric transmission and distribution facilities of any retail electric service provider for the purpose of supplying retail electric power shall be required to provide equivalent access to its own electric transmission and distribution facilities on a nondiscriminatory basis as a condition to the continuing use of the electric transmission and distribution facilities of any other retail electric service provider.

SECTION 8. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval. Passed the Senate the 10th day of March, 1998.

President of the Senate

Passed the House of Representatives the \_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_, 1998.

Speaker of the House of Representatives