

ENGROSSED HOUSE
BILL NO. 2099

By: Boyd (Laura) of the
House

and

Henry of the Senate

An Act relating to crimes and punishments; amending
21 O.S. 1991, Section 852, as last amended by
Section 1, Chapter 132, O.S.L. 1994 (21 O.S. Supp.
1996, Section 852), which relates to omitting to
provide for a minor child; adding medical insurance
and day care costs to items required to be
provided; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 1991, Section 852, as last
amended by Section 1, Chapter 132, O.S.L. 1994 (21 O.S. Supp. 1996,
Section 852), is amended to read as follows:

Section 852. A. Unless otherwise provided for by law, any
parent, guardian, or person having custody or control of a child as
defined in Section 1101 of Title 10 of the Oklahoma Statutes who
willfully omits, without lawful excuse, to furnish necessary food,
clothing, shelter, monetary child support, ~~or~~ medical attendance,
payment of court-ordered day care or payment of court-ordered
medical insurance costs for such child which is imposed by law, upon
conviction, is guilty of a misdemeanor; provided, any person
obligated to make child support payments who willfully and without
lawful excuse becomes delinquent in said child support payments

after September 1, 1993, and such delinquent child support accrues without payment by the obligor for a period of one (1) year, or exceeds Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a felony which is punishable in the same manner as any subsequent conviction pursuant to the provisions of this section. Any subsequent conviction pursuant to this section shall be a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than four (4) years in the State Penitentiary or by the imposition of a fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment. As used in this section, the duty to furnish medical ~~attention~~ attendance shall mean that the parent or person having custody or control of a child must furnish medical treatment in such manner and on such occasions as an ordinarily prudent person, solicitous for the welfare of a child, would provide; such parent or person having custody or control of a child is not criminally liable for failure to furnish medical attendance for every minor or trivial complaint with which the child may be afflicted.

B. Any person who leaves the state to avoid providing necessary food, clothing, shelter, court-ordered monetary child support, or medical attendance for such child, upon conviction, is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than four (4) years in the State Penitentiary or by the imposition of a fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean a child is endangered for the sole reason the parent, guardian or person having custody or control of a child, in good faith, selects and depends upon spiritual means alone through prayer, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care of such child; provided, that medical care shall be provided where

permanent physical damage could result to such child; and that the laws, rules, and regulations relating to communicable diseases and sanitary matters are not violated.

D. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent a court from immediately assuming custody of a child and ordering whatever action may be necessary, including medical treatment, to protect the child's health or welfare.

E. Psychiatric and psychological testing and counseling are exempt from the provisions of this section.

F. Except for a third or subsequent conviction, all felony convictions herein shall be administered under the provisions of the Community Sentencing Act.

G. It is the duty of any parent having legal custody of a child who is an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent person, as such terms are defined by Section 3-403 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, to provide for the treatment, as such term is defined by Section 3-403 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, of such child. Any parent having legal custody of a child who is an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent person who without having made a reasonable effort fails or willfully omits to provide for the treatment of such child shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. For the purpose of this subsection, the duty to provide for such treatment shall mean that the parent having legal custody of a child must provide for the treatment in such manner and on such occasions as an ordinarily prudent person, solicitous for the welfare of a child, would provide.

SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 1997.

Passed the House of Representatives the 12th day of February, 1997.

Speaker

of the House of
Representatives

Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 1997.

President

of the Senate