

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 46th Legislature (1997)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 340

By: Stipe and Muegge

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

(Revenue and taxation - ad valorem taxes - facilities
used for poultry production -

effective date)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 1991, Section 2817, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 189, O.S.L. 1996 (68 O.S. Supp. 1996, Section 2817), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2817. A. All taxable personal property, except intangible personal property, personal property exempt from ad valorem taxation, or household personal property, shall be listed and assessed each year at its fair cash value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale, as of January 1.

The fair cash value of household personal property shall be valued at ten percent (10%) of the appraised value of the improvement to the residential real property within which such personal property is located as of January 1 each year. The assessment of household personal property as provided by this section may be altered by the taxpayer listing such property at its actual fair cash value. For purposes of establishing the value of household personal property, pursuant to the requirement of Section

8 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution, the percentage of value prescribed by this section for the household personal property shall be presumed to constitute the fair cash value of the personal property.

All unmanufactured farm products shall be assessed and valued as of the preceding May 31. Every person, firm, company, association, or corporation, in making the assessment, shall assess all unmanufactured farm products owned by the person, firm, company, association or corporation on the preceding May 31, at its fair cash value on that date instead of January 1.

Stocks of goods, wares and merchandise shall be assessed at the value of the average amount on hand during the preceding year, or the average amount on hand during the part of the preceding year the stock of goods, wares or merchandise was at its January 1 location.

B. All taxable real property shall be assessed annually as of January 1, at its fair cash value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale for:

1. The highest and best use for which the property was actually used during the preceding calendar year; or

2. The highest and best use for which the property was last classified for use if not actually used during the preceding calendar year.

The Ad Valorem Division of the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall be responsible for the promulgation of rules which shall be followed by each county assessor of the state, for the purposes of providing for the equitable use valuation of locally assessed real property in the State of Oklahoma. Agricultural land and nonresidential improvements necessary or convenient for agricultural purposes shall be assessed for ad valorem taxation based upon the highest and best use for which the property was actually used, or was previously classified for use, during the calendar year next preceding January 1 on which the assessment is made.

C. The use value of agricultural land shall be based on the income capitalization approach using cash rent. The rental income shall be calculated using the direct capitalization method based upon factors including, but not limited to:

1. Soil types, as depicted on soil maps published by the Soil Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture;

2. Soil productivity indices approved by the Ad Valorem Division of the Oklahoma Tax Commission;

3. The specific agricultural purpose of the soil based on use categories approved by the Ad Valorem Division of the Oklahoma Tax Commission; and

4. A capitalization rate to be determined annually by the Ad Valorem Division of the Oklahoma Tax Commission based on the sum of the average first mortgage interest rate charged by the Federal Land Bank for the immediately preceding five (5) years, weighted with the prevailing rate or rates for additional loans or equity, and the effective tax rate.

The final use value will be calculated using the soil productivity indices and the agricultural use classification as defined by rules promulgated by the State Board of Equalization. This subsection shall not be construed in a manner which is inconsistent with the State Board of Equalization's duties, powers and authority of the valuation of the counties as fixed and defined by Section 21 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution.

D. The use value of nonresidential improvements on agricultural land shall be based on the cost approach to value estimation using currently updated cost manuals published by the Marshall and Swift Company or similar cost manuals approved by the Ad Valorem Division of the Oklahoma Tax Commission. The use value estimates for the nonresidential improvements shall take obsolescence and depreciation into consideration in addition to necessary adjustments for local variations in the cost of labor and materials. This section shall

not be construed in a manner which is inconsistent with the State Board of Equalization's duties, powers and authority as to equalization of valuation of the counties as determined and defined by Section 21 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution.

The use value of facilities used for poultry production shall be determined according to the following procedures:

1. The Ad Valorem Division of the Tax Commission is hereby directed to develop a standard system of valuation of both real and personal property of such facilities, which shall be used by all county assessors in this state, under which valuation based on a ten-year depreciation schedule for real property and valuation based on a five-year depreciation schedule for personal property, at the end of which the residual value is ten percent (10%) of the value of the facility during its first year of operation, shall be presumed to be the fair cash value of the property;

2. Such facilities shall be valued only in comparison to other facilities used exclusively for poultry production. Such a facility which is no longer used for poultry production shall be deemed to have no productive use;

3. During the first year such a facility is placed on the tax rolls, its fair cash value shall be presumed to be the lesser of the actual purchase price or the actual documented cost of construction;
and

4. For the purpose of determining the valuation of nonresidential improvements used for poultry production, the provisions of this subsection shall be applicable and such improvements shall not be considered to be commercial property.

E. The transfer of real property without a change in its use classification shall not require a reassessment thereof based exclusively upon the sale value of the property. However, if the county assessor determines:

1. That by reason of the transfer of a property there is a change in the actual use or classification of the property; or

2. That by reason of the amount of the sales consideration it is obvious that the use classification prior to the transfer of the property is not commensurate with and would not justify the amount of the sales consideration of the property, then the assessor shall, in either event, reassess the property for the new use classification for which the property is being used, or, the highest and best use classification for which the property may, by reason of the transfer, be classified for use.

F. When the term "fair cash value" or the language "fair cash value, estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale" is used in the Ad Valorem Tax Code, in connection with and in relation to the assessment of real property, it is defined to mean and shall be given the meaning ascribed and assigned to it in this section; when the term or language is used in the Code in connection with the assessment of personal property it shall be given its ordinary or literal meaning.

G. Where any real property is zoned for a use by a proper zoning authority, and is not being used for any higher or better use classification, the purpose for which the property is zoned shall be considered the highest and best use classification of the property for determining its value for assessment purposes; however, the zoning classification for assessment purposes shall only apply in the event that the rezoning occurs by reason of the application of the landowner or the agent of the landowner. Any reassessment required shall be effective January 1 following the change in use or classification and upon a transfer of ownership of the rezoned property. Taxable real property need not be listed annually with the county assessor.

H. If any real property shall become taxable after January 1 of any year, the county assessor shall assess the same and place it

upon the tax rolls for the next ensuing year. When any improvements or buildings having value are placed upon real estate after January 1 of any year, the value of the improvements shall be added by the county assessor to the assessed valuation for the next ensuing year; however, in case the improvements or buildings are new construction for single family residential purposes only, the improvements or buildings shall be deemed completed and to have a value for assessment purposes when the improvements or buildings shall have been conveyed to a bona fide purchaser or when they have been occupied, whichever shall first occur before January 1 of the initial assessment year. In the event that the single family residential improvements were not conveyed to a bona fide purchaser, occupied or completed within the year prior to January 1 of the initial assessment year, the county assessor shall assess the improvements based on the fair market value of the materials used therein. The county assessor shall continue to assess the improvements or buildings based upon the fair market value of the materials used therein until the single family residential improvements are conveyed to a bona fide purchaser or occupied. In case the improvements, other than buildings, are made in anticipation of residential or commercial development and the property is not conveyed or leased within the year prior to January 1 of the year that the improvements would initially be assessed, fair cash value of the property shall be deemed to be the lesser of the fair cash value of the property with the improvements or the fair cash value of the property immediately prior to the improvements being made. The county assessor shall continue to assess the property based upon such fair cash value until the property is leased or conveyed.

I. In case improvements on land are destroyed by fire, lightning, storm, winds, floodwaters, overflow of streams or other cause, or the value of land is impaired, damaged or destroyed by

fire, lightning, storm, winds, floodwaters, overflow of streams or other cause, after January 1 and before the adjournment of the county board of equalization during any year, the county board of equalization, in cooperation with the county assessor, shall determine the amount of damage, and shall make an order directing the assessment of the property for that year at the fair cash value of the property, as defined herein, taking into account the damage occasioned by fire, lightning, storm, winds, floodwaters, overflow of streams or other causes.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 1991, Section 2902, as last amended by Section 10, Chapter 337, O.S.L. 1995 (68 O.S. Supp. 1996, Section 2902), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2902. A. A qualifying manufacturing concern, as defined by Section 6B of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution, and as further defined herein, shall be exempt from the levy of any ad valorem taxes upon new, expanded or acquired manufacturing facilities, including facilities engaged in research and development, for a period of five (5) years. Such facilities are hereby classified for the purposes of taxation as provided in Section 22 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution ~~of the State of Oklahoma~~.

B. For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

1. "Manufacturing facilities" shall mean facilities engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products and shall include:

- a. establishments as defined or classified under Division D of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, latest revision,
- b. facilities, including repair and replacement parts, primarily engaged in aircraft repair, building and rebuilding whether or not on a factory basis,

- c. establishments primarily engaged in computer services and data processing as defined under Industrial Group Numbers 7372 and 7373 of the SIC Manual, latest revision, and which derive at least fifty percent (50%) of their annual gross revenues from the sale of a product or service to an out-of-state buyer or consumer, and as defined under Industrial Group Number 7374 of the SIC Manual, latest revision, which derive at least eighty percent (80%) of their annual gross revenues from the sale of a product or service to an out-of-state buyer or consumer. Eligibility as a manufacturing facility pursuant to this subparagraph shall be established, subject to review by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, by annually filing an affidavit with the Oklahoma Tax Commission stating that the facility so qualifies and such other information as required by the Commission. For purposes of determining whether annual gross revenues are derived from sales to out-of-state buyers, all sales to the federal government shall be considered to be an out-of-state buyer,
- d. establishments primarily engaged in distribution as defined under Industrial Group Number 4221, 4222, 4225 or 4226 or Major Group Number 50 or 51 of the SIC Manual, latest revision, and which were constructed with an initial capital investment of at least Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) and which employ at least one hundred (100) full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Employment Security Commission. Eligibility as a manufacturing facility pursuant to this subparagraph shall be established, subject to review by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, by

annually filing an affidavit with the Oklahoma Tax Commission stating that the facility so qualifies and such other information as required by the Commission. The exemption provided for in this subparagraph shall apply only to an establishment for which construction of the facility has commenced prior to October 1, 1993, ~~or~~

e. establishments primarily engaged in distribution as defined under Industrial Group Number 4221, 4222, 4225 or 4226 or Major Group Number 50 or 51 of the SIC Manual, latest revision, and which were constructed with an initial capital investment of at least Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) and which employ at least three hundred (300) full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Employment Security Commission. Eligibility as a manufacturing facility pursuant to this subparagraph shall be established, subject to review by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, by annually filing an affidavit with the Oklahoma Tax Commission stating that the facility so qualifies and providing such other information as required by the Commission. The exemption provided for in this subparagraph shall apply only to an establishment for which construction of the facility has commenced after ~~the effective date of this act~~ June 9, 1995, but prior to December 1, 1997, or

f. establishments primarily engaged in the production of poultry for slaughter as defined under Industrial Group Number 0251 of the SIC Manual, latest revision, which meet the following requirements:

(1) an initial capital investment of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00), and

(2) the majority of the establishment's production is pursuant to contracts for the growing of poult with one or more establishments engaged in the slaughtering, dressing, packing, freezing or canning poultry or in manufacturing products from poultry.

Eligibility as a manufacturing facility pursuant to this subparagraph shall be established, subject to review by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, by annually filing an affidavit with the Oklahoma Tax Commission stating that the facility so qualifies and providing such other information as required by the Commission. The exemption provided for in this subparagraph shall apply only to an establishment for which construction commenced after November 1, 1997.

Provided, eating and drinking places, as well as other retail establishments, shall not qualify as manufacturing facilities for purposes of this section, nor shall centrally assessed properties.

2. For tax years beginning after December 31, 1992, "manufacturing facilities" shall mean those facilities as defined in paragraph 1 of this subsection for which the investment cost of the construction, acquisition or expansion of the manufacturing facility is Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) or more, except as otherwise provided in subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of this subsection;

3. "Facility" and "facilities" shall mean and include the land, buildings, structures, improvements, machinery, fixtures, equipment and other personal property used directly and exclusively in the manufacturing process; provided, for establishments specified in subparagraph e of paragraph 1 of this subsection, the terms "facility" and "facilities" shall mean and include the land, buildings, structures, improvements, machinery, fixtures, equipment

and other personal property used directly and exclusively in the manufacturing process, including but not limited to, fork lifts and fork lifts support equipment, conveyor systems and components, pallet jacks, storage or order filling racking, inventory control computers and other computer systems used in the distribution process, bar code readers, motorized vehicles for moving trailers and all other tangible personal property used in handling the items being distributed; and

4. "Research and development" shall mean activities directly related to and conducted for the purpose of discovering, enhancing, increasing or improving future or existing products or processes or productivity.

C. For applications for a five-year exemption submitted on or before December 31, 1993, the exemption herein provided for shall apply to new or acquired manufacturing facilities as defined by Section 6B of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution and to the expansion of existing facilities on the same site. Any exemption as to expansions of existing facilities shall be limited to the increase in ad valorem taxes directly attributable to the expansion. Provided further, any exemption as to equipment used in the manufacturing process for manufacturing facilities which qualify pursuant to subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section shall be granted only if such equipment results in a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees of the facility in the year for which the exemption is initially granted and in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if the level of new

employees is maintained in the subsequent year.

Calculation of the number of new employees shall be made in the same manner as required under Section 2357.4 of this title for an investment tax credit.

D. For applications for a five-year exemption submitted after December 31, 1993, the following provisions shall apply:

1. A manufacturing concern shall be entitled to the exemption herein provided for each new manufacturing facility constructed, each existing manufacturing facility acquired and the expansion of existing manufacturing facilities on the same site, as such terms are defined by Section 6B of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution and by this section;

2. No manufacturing concern shall receive more than one five-year exemption for any one manufacturing facility unless the expansion which qualifies the manufacturing facility for an additional five-year exemption meets the requirements of paragraph 4 of this subsection, provided the employment level established for any previous exemption is maintained;

3. Any exemption as to the expansion of an existing manufacturing facility shall be limited to the increase in ad valorem taxes directly attributable to the expansion;

4. Except as provided in paragraph 5 of this subsection, any exemption for a new, acquired or expanded manufacturing facility shall be granted only if:

a. the construction, acquisition or expansion results in a net increase of fifteen (15) or more full-time-equivalent employees of said manufacturing facility in the year for which the exemption is initially granted and in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year, and

- b. the facility offers, or will offer within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date of employment, a basic health benefits plan to the full-time-equivalent employees of the facility, which is determined by the Department of Commerce to consist of the elements specified in subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 3603 of this title or elements substantially equivalent thereto.

For purposes of this section, calculation of the number of new employees shall be measured from the start of initial construction or expansion to the completion of such construction or expansion or for three (3) years from the start of initial construction or expansion, whichever occurs first. The manufacturing concern shall submit an affidavit to the Oklahoma Tax Commission, signed by an officer, stating that the construction, acquisition or expansion of the facility will result in a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees as required by this paragraph and that such employees are or will be offered a basic health benefits plan as required by this paragraph. If, after the completion of such construction or expansion or after three (3) years from the start of initial construction or expansion, whichever occurs first, the construction, acquisition or expansion has not resulted in a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees or has not met any other qualification specified in this paragraph, the manufacturing concern shall pay an amount equal to the amount of any exemption granted, including penalties and interest thereon, to the county treasurer, who shall cause such amount to be remitted to the Oklahoma Tax Commission for deposit to the Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund. Provided, establishments included within the definition of "manufacturing facilities" pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section shall not be subject to the requirements of this paragraph; and

5. Any new, acquired or expanded automotive final assembly manufacturing facility which does not meet the requirements of paragraph 4 of this subsection shall be granted an exemption only if all other requirements of this section are met and only if the investment costs of the construction, acquisition or expansion of the manufacturing facility is Seventy-five Million Dollars (\$75,000,000.00) or more and the manufacturing facility retains employment of two thousand five hundred (2,500) or more full-time-equivalent employees in the year in which the exemption is initially granted and in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if employment of two thousand five hundred (2,500) or more full-time-equivalent employees is maintained in the subsequent year. Calculation of the number of employees shall be made in the same manner as required under Section 2357.4 of this title for an investment tax credit. As used in this paragraph, "expand" and "expansion" shall mean and include any increase to the size or scope of a facility as well as any renovation, restoration, replacement or remodeling of a facility which permits the manufacturing of a new or redesigned product.

E. Any person, firm or corporation claiming the exemption herein provided for shall file each year for which exemption is claimed, an application therefor with the county assessor of the county in which the new, expanded or acquired facility is located. Said application shall be on a form or forms prescribed by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, and shall be filed before March 15, except as provided in Section 2902.1 of this title, of each year in which the facility desires to take the exemption or within thirty (30) days from and after receipt by such person, firm or corporation of notice of valuation increase, whichever is later. In a case where completion of the facility or facilities will occur after January 1 of a given year, a facility may apply to claim the ad valorem tax exemption for said year. If such facility is found to be qualified

for exemption, the ad valorem tax exemption provided for herein shall be granted for that entire year and shall apply to the ad valorem valuation as of January 1st of that given year. For applicants which qualify under the provisions of subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section, the application shall include a copy of the affidavit and any other information required to be filed with the Oklahoma Tax Commission pursuant to said provisions.

F. Said application shall be examined by the county assessor and approved or rejected ~~by him~~ in the same manner as provided by law for approval or rejection of claims for homestead exemptions. The taxpayer shall have the same right of review by and appeal from the county board of equalization, in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as provided by law for review and appeals concerning homestead exemption claims. Approved applications shall be filed by the county assessor with the Oklahoma Tax Commission no later than June 15, except as provided in Section 2902.1 of this title, of the year in which the facility desires to take the exemption. Incomplete applications and applications filed after said date will be declared null and void by the Commission.

G. Nothing herein shall in any manner affect, alter or impair any law relating to the assessment of property, and all property, real or personal, which may be entitled to exemption hereunder shall be valued and assessed as is other like property and as provided by law. The valuation and assessment of property for which an exemption is granted hereunder shall be performed by the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

H. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall have the authority and duty to prescribe forms and to promulgate rules ~~and regulations~~ as may be necessary to carry out and administer the terms and provisions of this section.

SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 1997.

46-1-1156

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